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# A Basic Inventory of Archeological Sites in South Carolina July 1, 1971 Revised Edition, July 1, 1972

Robert L. Stephenson

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# A Basic Inventory of Archeological Sites in South Carolina July 1, 1971 Revised Edition, July 1, 1972

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A BASIC INVENTORY  
OF ARCHEOLOGICAL SITES IN SOUTH CAROLINA  
JULY 1, 1971  
REVISED EDITION, JULY 1, 1972

29

Prepared by the  
Institute of Archeology and Anthropology  
University of South Carolina  
Robert L. Stephenson, Director

INTRODUCTION  
TO THE JULY 1, 1972 EDITION

This is the first revision of the Basic Inventory of Archeological Sites of South Carolina. It contains all of the material of the 1971 Edition, including the Introduction, plus a listing of the new material that has been added to the Institute files in the past twelve months. New information has been added to some of the old site listings and new site listings have been inserted in their proper sequence within the Inventory.

The 1971 Inventory listed 762 archeological sites. This 1972 Inventory lists 1,103 archeological sites. The goals, procedures, and philosophy of this Inventory as expressed in the Introduction to the 1971 Inventory remain the same. As before, the individual site list is followed by a bibliography of references mentioned in the listings and this is followed by a list of sites that have been included on the National Register of Historic Places. In addition, a summary is added this year noting the total numbers of sites by county and by categories of sites within each county together with a map indicating these numbers of sites. This summary was prepared for the U.S. Corps of Engineers as a reference for that agency to use in preparation of Environmental Impact Statements. It seemed useful to include here also as a summation of the inventory.

As has been true from the beginning of the work of the Institute, the cooperation of federal, state, local, and private agencies and people have been tremendously rewarding to those of us on the staff of the Institute. The specific funding for this Inventory has been from regular funds of the Institute and from grants through the South Carolina Department of Archives and History from the United States Department of the Interior under the National Historic Preservation Act.

Through the close liaison that has developed and the coordinated efforts of the individuals involved, duplication of effort has been largely eliminated and efficient production of research effort has resulted. The University of South Carolina has provided most generously for the work of the Institute in basic funding, facilities, services, and pleasant working conditions. The South Carolina Department of Archives and History and the South Carolina Department of Parks, Recreation, and Tourism have been the principal state agencies outside the University with which we have worked most closely and their support and cooperation have been most gratifying. No less than two dozen other agencies, organizations, and individuals on the federal, state, local, and private levels have cooperated wholeheartedly with the staff of the Institute. This kind of concerted effort has resulted in this Inventory of Sites, and all of these agencies and people have had a part in its preparation.

Dr. Robert L. Stephenson, Director  
Institute of Archeology and Anthropology  
University of South Carolina  
Columbia, South Carolina



INTRODUCTION  
TO THE JULY 1, 1971 EDITION

This inventory has been compiled by the staff of the Institute of Archeology and Anthropology as a part of the Statewide Survey of Historic Places in South Carolina. The work has been supported, in part, by grants through the South Carolina Department of Archives and History from the United States Department of the Interior, under the National Historic Preservation Act and, in part by regular funds of the Institute. This inventory is submitted as a part of the Institute's contribution toward a South Carolina Statewide Historic Preservation Plan. It includes only sites of archeological interest but on both the historic and prehistoric level. It does not include sites of purely historic, architectural, or other interest unless those sites have had, or potentially should have some archeological effort directed toward them.

In September 1968, when the Institute was reorganized, there were numerous archeological sites known within South Carolina but the Institute had not one of these on official record, even though Institute effort had been expended in partial excavation of several of them. Some site records were on file at the Charleston Museum and some were on record in the files of institutions in Georgia, and North Carolina. By July 1, 1969 the Institute site file system had been established and a statewide survey of archeological sites was in progress. This included on-the-ground inspections of archeological sites as well as efforts to consolidate the records of sites available from the Charleston Museum and other in-state and out-of-state agencies to develop a consistently organized inventory of all known archeological sites in South Carolina.

During the past two years, from this meagre beginning, the Institute has devoted a major portion of its effort toward this inventory. Specific areas have been systematically searched for sites, random reports of sites have been investigated either on the ground or from records or both, and systematic records and reports of sites have been examined and incorporated into the inventory.

The sites on record in the Institute files are organized by county within the state. The standard site numbering system, developed by the Smithsonian Institution River Basin Surveys and, now in use by most archeological agencies in the United States, has been used to identify sites. In this system the number 38 refers to South Carolina, the two capital letters refer to the county, and the terminal number indicates the site in that county. In the Institute Inventory files each of these sites is represented by one or more manila folders containing all known information about the site with the exception of the actual artifacts, the maps that are too large for the files, and the photographs. The artifacts are filed separately but within the same system, as also are the maps and photographs.

The following pages briefly list the sites on record in the Institute files as of June 30, 1971. Each listing gives the site number, the site name if one has been assigned, and a brief summary of information available about the site. The latter includes a generalized location, cultural content,

significance, source of the information with dates, published references to the site, work done at the site, and recommendation for future work needed, insofar as these items are known or can be projected. Specific, pinpointed locations have been avoided in order to reduce the risk of well-meaning but destructive collectors using this list as a guide to unauthorized collecting or excavation of sites. Concern is felt on this point, even with the generalized locations given and it is requested that this listing, therefore, be kept on a restricted basis in order to avoid destruction of sites. The site listing is followed by a Bibliography of references mentioned in the listing and this is followed by a list of sites that have been included on the National Register of Historic Places.

This inventory is not complete nor will it ever be. It would be unrealistic to assume that all archeological sites within the state could ever be located. The goal of this inventory is to record as many of the sites within the state as it is physically possible to locate, either on the ground or from any source of information, written or verbal. This will take a number of years to accomplish. The present listing reflects simply what has been done in the past two years toward the attainment of this goal. There are 762 sites listed. Of these, many are insignificant historically, archeologically, or from any other point of view. There is a respectable number, though, that are especially significant from one point of view or another. It may be taken as a valid assumption that the sites listed here do not include more than 10% of the total number of sites to be recorded within South Carolina. It is also a valid assumption that no more than half of the outstandingly significant sites are recorded here. Thus it is obvious that this Inventory is a continuing document that will be supplemented from time to time by additional site records as time, personnel, funds, and facilities are available to proceed with it and that many of the presently unrecorded sites that will be added will be equally as important as those that have been recorded. For example, between June 30 and the date of this writing several dozen sites have been added to the Inventory files in the Institute and at least four of these are of outstanding significance.

A second goal of this Inventory is the evaluation of these recorded sites and an assessment of the potential contribution to knowledge and understanding of the past that each can make. This potential contribution may be in the form of simply recording the site, of test excavating it, of fully excavating it, or even of excavation and restoration of some outstanding sites. These evaluations and assessments are constantly being made by the Institute as this Inventory develops. Some of the more significant of these sites have been included on the National Register of Historic Places, others have been nominated for the Register and still others are being prepared for nomination. Many more archeological sites will be nominated in future months and years but this has not been rushed for obvious reasons. Unlike above-ground, visible, historic structures, the long-buried, historic and prehistoric sites with little or no written documentation require more time and in-the-ground testing to determine their real worth as historic places. Starting from a base of no recorded sites, these sites first must be found and then evaluated in perspective with other sites so as to provide a meaningful overview of the total time span and cultural complexes represented within the state. This is being done

and will accelerate in the future as the basic Inventory develops more fully. It will be noted, for example, that Barnwell County has only one site listed. It is presently known that there is evidence of at least 50 sites in this county; several of which will probably be of sufficient significance to be nominated for the Register. A plan is already underway for recording these and for nominations from that area.

Meanwhile as archeological sites are found, and evaluated it becomes apparent, in many instances, that immediate excavation or even restoration is imperative to save this or that site from destruction. The mere finding and recording of a site sometimes is a threat to its future existence. Consequently it is sometimes imperative that a site be fully excavated or even restored while the search for sites goes on. This has been done in the past two years in a few instances and it will become more imperative in the future.

The cooperative effort of the South Carolina Department of Archives and History working closely with the Institute throughout the past two years of development of this Inventory is gratefully acknowledged and deeply appreciated. The cooperation of the South Carolina Department of Parks, Recreation, and Tourism has also been most helpful. Many other state and local agencies, and even out-of-state institutions have assisted in providing information as have numerous individual citizens of the state. To all of these people and agencies grateful thanks is expressed. With this kind of fine cooperation this small Inventory of sites will develop into a fully statewide inventory of significant information in future years.

Robert L. Stephenson

## ARCHEOLOGICAL SITES

### ABBEVILLE COUNTY SITES

#### 38AB2

Mound eight miles from Dorn's gold mine in a valley of the Long Cave on the land of Benjamin McKittrick. Both Dr. Joseph R. Caldwell and the Charleston Museum took this information from Thomas who follows Logan, p. 212. The Charleston Museum's number for this site is SC:AB:3. 38AB2 has not been investigated by the Institute and the exact location is uncertain.

#### 38AB3

Located on the west side of the Little River immediately north of S. C. Highway 72 on the summit and slopes of a ridge. This is Dr. Joseph R. Caldwell's site number AB-1. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Abbeville County Highway Map by Dr. Caldwell.

#### 38AB4

Located on the west side of the Little River immediately north of S. C. Highway 72, and immediately north-northeast of 38AB3 on a hillock near the creek. Surface material was abundant. This is Dr. Joseph R. Caldwell's site number 38AB2. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Abbeville County Highway Map by Dr. Caldwell.

#### 38AB5

Located on the west side of the Little River immediately north of S.C. Highway 72 on a knoll north of 38AB4. This is Dr. Joseph R. Caldwell's site number 38AB3. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Abbeville County Highway Map by Dr. Caldwell.

#### 38AB6

Near Abbeville on the land of Mr. Langdon Cheves. Stone axes, celts, and projectile points found. Material in Charleston Museum 2/20/1940. This is the Charleston Museum's site number SC:AB:1. It has not been investigated by the Institute and the exact location is uncertain.

#### 38AB7

Indian town on the west bank of the Saluda, about one half mile below Sroaney's Ferry. Charleston Museum site number SC:AB:4. The Charleston Museum's information is from Logan, pp. 212-213. 38AB7 has not been investigated by the Institute and the exact location is uncertain.

#### 38AB8

Fish weir on rock alignment on the South Carolina side of the Savannah River at Calhoun Creek. There are two segments or straight alignments of rock, one 200 feet long at an angle to one 400 feet long, in shoal water. Seems well-preserved. May be prehistoric, may represent construction during use of Calhoun's nineteenth century mill a short distance upstream. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals Sites, surveyed 1/20/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB9

Millwood. Home of James Edward Calhoun (1796-1889), one half mile southeast of South Carolina end of Route 72 bridge across the Savannah River, ca. 200 feet north of river and ca. 150 feet west of a small creek on a densely forested flat-topped ridge overlooking river. Dry-laid untrimmed masonry remains of house and remains of millworks. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals Sites, surveyed 1/20/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB10

Archaic and Woodland fishing camp one mile southeast of South Carolina Route 72 bridge over Savannah River, on a pine-forested, flat-topped ridge 45 feet above a shoal area. Site in a dirt road leading to a fishing shack. Net-sinkers, sherds, flakes and a projectile point were found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals Sites, surveyed 1/20/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB11

Prehistoric fishing camp .4 miles southeast of South Carolina end of Route 72 bridge across Savannah River on a densely vegetated ridge 20 feet above shoal area. Quartz flakes were found on the surface. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 1/21/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB12

Woodland site at the South Carolina end of the railroad trestle across the Savannah River at Paris Island on a flat-topped ridge 35 feet above the river. Pendant, point, sherd, and flakes were found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 1/20/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB13

Woodland site on Rocky River 2.3 miles northeast of confluence with Savannah River in an old cultivated field southeast of bridge across Rocky River. Sherds, points, and flakes were found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals Sites, surveyed 1/22/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB14

Woodland fishing camp at the end of a dirt road on a ridge overlooking the Savannah River .3 mile north of the north end of Carter Island. Sherds, flakes and a point were found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals Sites, surveyed 1/22/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB15

Fish weir from South Carolina bank of Savannah River to middle of Elongate Island just north of Carter Island. 200 feet of well-preserved arcing segments (rock). One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals Sites, surveyed 1/22/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB16

Fish weir from the north end of the north part of Carter Island to the South Carolina bank of the Savannah River. 100 feet rock dam, well-preserved. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals Sites, surveyed 1/22/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB17

Archaic campsite .3 mile north of confluence of Rocky River and Savannah River on a 520 foot flat-topped ridge in a hickory and oak grove. Flakes, scraper and point were found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals Sites, surveyed 1/22/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB18

Archaic campsite six miles south of Lowndesville .4 mile east of McCalla Island on a hilltop above the river and bottomland. Quartz flakes and bifaces were found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals Sites, surveyed 1/27/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB19

Archaic campsite 5.5 miles south of Lowndesville, .4 mile east of McCalla Island in the road and adjacent pasture on a broad ridge. Axe, points, bifaces and flakes were found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals Sites, surveyed 1/27/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB20

Archaic campsite five miles south of Lowndesville, and .7 mile north-east of McCalla Island on a 510 foot hilltop. Point, knife, scraper, and flakes were found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals Sites, surveyed 1/27/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB21

Harper's Ferry. Nineteenth century home site on the Savannah River 5.5 miles southwest of Lowndesville on low hills overlooking bottomland. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals Sites, surveyed 1/28/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB22

Woodland village on campsite 5.5 miles southwest of Lowndesville at Harper's Ferry on high ground along river. Sherds, fire-cracked rocks were found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 1/28/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB23

Archaic and Woodland site 3.5 miles southwest of Lowndesville where Deal Creek and Bowman Creek join on a sloping hillside overlooking creek bottom to southwest. Points, cobble tools, sherds, and flakes were found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 1/28/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB24

Archaic and Woodland campsite 3.5 miles southwest of Lowndesville where Deal and Bowman Creek come together .1 mile northwest of 38AB23, perhaps continuous. Site on a sloping hillside overlooking creek bottom. Points, sherds, hammerstone, bifaces found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 1/28/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB25

Archaic campsite at the confluence of Bond Creek and the Savannah River on a flat ridge north of Bond Creek 460 feet above Savannah River bottom-land. Flakes found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 2/11/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB26

Woodland campsite 1.2 miles east of Lowndesville, just north and south of Route 81 and west of Rocky River on a sloping hillside east and south-east of Rocky River 20 feet above the river in a cultivated field. Biface, worked soapstone, sherds and flakes found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 2/13/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB27

Archaic campsite one mile east of Lowndesville 600 feet south of Route 81, 400 feet west of the river on a ridge top 40 feet above the river. Scrapers, points, and flakes found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 2/13/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB28

Archaic campsite four miles south-southeast of Lowndesville, 400 feet west of Rocky River on a flat-topped ridge 65 feet above the river. Points and flakes found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 2/13/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB29

Abbeville Water Works. Archaic campsite 1.3 miles west-northwest of Lowndesville at Abbeville water works on Rocky River on the end of a ridge 30 feet to 40 feet above the river. Point, scraper, flakes found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 2/13/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB30

Archaic campsite .3 mile south of intersection of Route 81 and 71, .1 mile east of Rocky River on the end of a ridge 70 feet above the river. Grinding stone, points, and flakes found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 2/13/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB31

Archaic campsite two miles northwest of Latimer, South Carolina, .3 mile east of Rocky River near level hilltop. Hammerstone, point, flakes found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 2/17/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB32

Archaic campsite 5.75 miles south of Lowndesville on east bank of Rocky River, .2 mile east of gauging station on west bank on a hilltop and slope. Hammerstones, grinding stones, points, flakes found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 2/17/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB33

Archaic campsite .8 mile northwest of Calhoun Falls .75 mile north of Seaboard Railroad track on a hillslope. Hammerstones, bifaces, points, flakes found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 2/17/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB34

Mississippian (?) Village Site. .9 mile northwest of Calhoun Falls, .7 mile north of Seaboard Railroad track on hilltop and slope. Sherds found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 2/17/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB35

Archaic campsite one mile northwest of Calhoun Falls, .9 mile north of Seaboard Railroad track on a hilltop. Hammerstone, points, bifaces, flakes found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 2/18/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.



38AB36

Archaic and Woodland campsite .8 mile west-southwest of power plant and dam at south end of Secession Lake, on west bank of Wilson Creek on small hill crest 15 feet above the creek. Points, sherds, flakes found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 2/19/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB37

Archaic campsite .5 mile south of junction of Wilson Creek and Rocky River, .3 mile east of Rocky River on a hilltop. Scrapers, points, bifaces, and flakes found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 2/19/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB38

Historic farmsite .5 mile south of Wilson Creek and Rocky River on a ridge overlooking Rocky River. Stone, brick, castiron, earthenware, glass, china found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 2/19/1970. Site will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AB39

Site on a river ridge of the west side of the Little River, four miles east of Abbeville, south of the highway on the land of J. W. Gilliam. This is Dr. Robert Wauchopes site number 1-AB, surveyed in 1939. 38AB39 has not been investigated by the Institute and its exact location is uncertain.

38AB40

Two concentric stone circles surrounding a stone outcrop nose located about ½ mile north of county road 19 near a small branch of Goose Creek. Site was examined by Dr. Robert L. Stephenson, Director, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, March 14, 1972.

38AB41

An open field camp site located along Long Cane Creek near its crossing with county road 231. Points were found. Site was examined by Dr. Robert L. Stephenson, Director, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, March 14, 1972.

38AB42

Stone cairns of questionable nature were located along the right bank of Grays Creek below its crossing of county road 184. No material found except rock piles. Site examined by Dr. Robert L. Stephenson, Director, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, March 14, 1972.

38AB48

Burt (Stark) House. Located at 306 north Main and Greenville Streets, Abbeville, S. C. Two story frame house built c. 1830 was the setting of Jefferson Davis' last Council of War on May 2, 1865. National Register for Historic Places.

38AB49

Abbeville Opera House. Three story brick building on Court House Square was built c. 1904. Restoration in progress by city of Abbeville. National Register for Historic Places.

38AB50

Trinity Episcopal Church. Gothic Revival architecture structure on Church Street, Abbeville. In fair condition. National Register for Historic Places.

## AIKEN COUNTY SITES

### 38AK1

Dean Creek. Near Salley, Charleston Museum site number AI3. Stone artifacts and a gorget were donated to the Museum by Mr. Henry Clarence Davis Lalley in 1937. Site also surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards in the 1960's and numbered AI1 by him. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

### 38AK3

Hollow Creek. Just northeast of Route 28 and south of Hollow Creek, near Perry and Salley, near Beach Island. This is Dr. William E. Edwards' site number AI3, surveyed in the 1960's. Sherds and flakes were found. Not investigated by the Institute so the exact location is uncertain.

### 38AK4

Eighteenth century and historic Indian trading post complex on the south side of Route 178 on the west bank of the Savannah river, opposite 38AK5 on Gaines Construction Company land. Surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards in 1966 and by Richard Polhemus -- spring and summer, 1971. Wine bottle fragments, kaolin pipe fragments, European and Aboriginal ceramics, glass beads and other material found. Site to be destroyed by a housing development in 1971.

### 38AK5

Savannah Towne - Fort Moore. Eighteenth century and historic Indian site on the north side of Highway 28 as it approaches Beech Island to Augusta, Georgia bridge about 200 yards from the Savannah River. The site was excavated by Dr. William E. Edwards from June 1966 to September 1967. Several thousand artifacts, mostly historic were found. The site is now under the road.

### 38AK6

Howard Royal Site. Surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards 10/11/1963. Flakes and sherds found. Site has not been investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

### 38AK7

Silver Bluff. Site on the Savannah River near Hankinson, South Carolina. Dr. Caldwell's site number 1. Caldwell took his information from Bartram, 1793, p. 313; Jones, 1873; Swanton, 1928; DeSoto Commission, 1939; Claflin, 1931; and Griffin. In 1840, the site was made up of six mounds, but now everything has washed into the Savannah River. It is said to have been the site of DeSoto's cofitichequi, washed into the Savannah River. Charleston Museum site number SC:AI:2. The Charleston Museum site took its information from Mills, 1826, p. 364, and Thomas, 1894. Deptford, Lamar, and historic material have been found. Artifacts from 38AK7 are at the U.S.N.M., the A.M.N.H., Ocmulgee, and the Charleston Museum. Dr. William E. Edwards surveyed the site 10/15/1960 and found shell, sherds, glass, pipe fragments, and china. The site has not been investigated by the Institute, but Dr. Caldwell has specifically located it on the Aiken County Highway Map.

38AK8

Williams Site. Dalton and Palmer site on the west bank of Little Horse Creek at the head of Rainbow Falls Reservoir on the land of G. L. Williams. Points, sherds, and hearth found by Bill Woods and reported to Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, May, 1971. Site has not been investigated by Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38AK9

Locklin Site. Sand mound on the east bank of the South Fork of the Edisto River and the south bank of Rocky Creek on Mr. Locklin's land. Bill Woods found a fluted point here and reported it to Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, May, 1971. Site has not been investigated by the Institute, so exact location is uncertain.

38AK10

Horse Creek. Site near Clearwater. Points and potsherds found by Dr. William E. Edwards in the 1960's. Site not investigated by the Institute and so exact location is uncertain.

38AK11

Site on the Aiken State Prison Farm. Surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards 9/20/1963. Sherds, flakes and glass found. Site not investigated by the Institute, so exact location is uncertain.

38AK12

Mell's Cache. Point cache on the North Augusta side of the Savannah River. Points now in the U.S.N.M. Dr. Caldwell's number 2. Not investigated by the Institute, but specifically located on the Aiken County Highway Map by Dr. Caldwell.

38AK13

Sheila's Site. North of Ellenton, within the boundary of the AEC Savannah River Project. Dr. Caldwell's site number 3. Not investigated by the Institute, so exact location is uncertain.

38AK14

Campsite south of Windsor, S. C., south of junction 54 and 113 near a large pond formerly Beulah Fork Branch. This is the Charleston Museum's site number SC:AI:1. The Museum has Deptford, Wilmington, Savannah, Jeremy and Irene sherds from the site surveyed in 1959. Points are in a private collection. Not investigated by the Institute, so exact location is uncertain.

38AK15

Two mounds on the Savannah River, 12 - 15 miles by water below Augusta on Mason's Plantation. This is the Charleston Museum's site number SC:AI:3. Its information was taken from Jones, 1873, pp. 152-157, and Thomas, 1894. Site not investigated by Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38AK16

Site near Vaucluse, S. C., near Bridge Creek. Charleston Museum site number SC:AI:4. Stone implements found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38AK17

Sunnybrook. Also called Baynham's Pottery, Hahn Pottery, Mile's Mill, Landrum's Crossing. Nineteenth century pottery works west of Eureka, S. C., three miles down a dirt road south of Route 19 where a railroad trestle crosses a stream. Wasters found on both sides of road and both banks of stream. Material in Greer collection; Washington, Georgia Museum; Farmer's Antique Country Store in Hamburg, S. C. Site surveyed by Mrs. Georgianna Greer in August, 1970. Not investigated by the Institute, so exact location uncertain.

38AK18

Historic house site in a small field on north side of dirt road on Savannah River, at a point  $\frac{1}{2}$  mile east of Grays Landing and west of man-made pond, with an artisan well. Sparsely scattered aboriginal material site surveyed by W. Breedlove and J. McGregor in June 1971.

38AK19

Eagle Point. In a field near Eagle Point on the Savannah River, between it and Island Creek. Very heavy surface concentration over large field. Site surveyed by Wesley Breedlove and J. McGregor in June, 1971.

38AK20

Site on south corner of field on right side of Island Creek  $\frac{1}{2}$  mile northeast of Eagle Point on Savannah River. Site survey by Wesley Breedlove and J. McGregor in June, 1971.

38AK21

Site on west end of large field, south of artesian well in hog lot  $\frac{1}{2}$  mile east of bend in Savannah River called Eagle Point. Site survey by Wesley Breedlove and J. McGregor in June, 1971.

38AK22

Site on rise in large cornfield on south side of dirt road about  $\frac{1}{3}$  mile N.E. of Coleman L. and  $1\frac{1}{2}$  mile N.W. of tiny plantation community of Cowden. Site survey by Wesley Breedlove and J. McGregor in June, 1971.

38AK23

An archaic site two miles south of Jackson immediately north of a gravel pit on Cowden Plantation. Site survey by Wesley Breedlove and J. McGregor in June, 1971.

38AK24

Cemetery Field. Two miles south of Jackson,  $\frac{1}{4}$  mile east of Gravel Pit. Small scattering of archaic material as well as one complicated stamped sherd. Site surveyed by L. Ferguson and Nain Anderson, July, 1971.

38AK25

Deptford site 0.9 mile N.W. of Silver Bluff on left bank of Hollow Creek and .3 miles south of creek. Heavy occupational debris, perhaps some later material than Deptford. Site surveyed by L. Ferguson and Nain Anderson, July, 1971.

38AK26

Site is 1.8 miles south of Jackson, S. C., 1.5 (?) miles west of Savannah River Plant. Sparse material, Archaic, ceramic, and historic. Site surveyed by L. Ferguson and Kenny Jarrett in July 1971.

38AK27

Site is located on Cowden Plantation two miles south of Jackson, S. C., 3/4 mile N.W. of Savannah River Plant boundary. Ceramics and flint debitage. Site surveyed by L. Ferguson in July 1971.

38AK28

Site is located on Cowden Plantation 1.3 miles south southwest of Jackson Station, on left bank of a tributary to Island Creek. One mile west of Cowden. Deptford and cord-marked ceramics. Site surveyed by Leland Ferguson and Kenny Jarrett in July, 1971.

38AK29

Site is located on left bank of Island Creek 1.45 miles S.W. of Cowden on Cowden Plantation. A few flakes were recovered but no sherds. Site surveyed by L. Ferguson and Kenny Jarrett in July, 1971.

38AK30

Archaic (?) site on Cowden Plantation 1.95 miles S.S.W. of Passum Eddy. Site surveyed by Leland Ferguson and Kenny Jarrett in July 1971.

38AK40

Open-prehistoric site in Aiken State Park, on the west of park access road and south Edisto River and north of a man-made lake. A plain, sand-tempered ceramic sherd, chert primary flakes and chert secondary flakes were recovered. Site investigated by George Teague of the Institute of Archeology and Anthropology in January, 1972.

38AK41

Open-prehistoric site on high ground half a mile west of South Edisto River in Aiken State Park. Sherds, projectile points and flakes were recovered. Site was surveyed by George Teague of the Institute in January, 1972.

38AK49

Coker Spring. Site of Watering place in use since early 1800's. Located west of Whiskey Road in Aiken, S. C. Late 19th early 20th century ceramics, bottles, shot-gun shells, and miscellaneous debris. Site surveyed by J. Walter Joseph, Jr., January 1972.

## ALLENDALE COUNTY SITES

### 38AL1

Little Hell Landing. Village site on the Savannah River shore across from an island and across the road from Milleteville to Little Hell Landing. Site surveyed by R. J. Lyons, 1957, 1958, 1959. Not investigated by the Institute, so exact location is uncertain.

### 38AL2

Cox Site - also called Fennel Hill. Savannah River site on the Savannah River ca. one mile south of bridge which crosses Route 301. Jerry Dukes, a student at the University of Nevada says the site includes Savannah River sand ridge, one fourth mile from the river, a preceramic shell midden, and a multi-component locality (preceramic, Stallings Island, late Woodland). Vessels, sherds, points, drills, scrapers, bone hairpins, awls, earthenware and glass found. Site surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards, summer, 1965. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Allendale County Highway Map by Jerry Dukes.

### 38AL3

Workshop Site. Site surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards in the 1960's. Sherds, chert artifacts found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38AL4

Earle Site. Site surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards in the 1960's. Sherds, chert artifacts and flakes were found. Site not investigated by the Institute, so exact location uncertain.

### 38AL5

Village with burial ground and shell midden on the Savannah River just across the Allendale-Barnwell County Line, 2.1 miles southwest of Highway 641 and 1.5 miles southwest of C&WC Railroad, four miles west of Little Hell Landing. Burial mound almost completely destroyed by amateurs. 40 - 50 vessels, sherds, stone artifacts were found. Surveyed by R. J. Lyons 1957-1959. Not investigated by the Institute, so exact location uncertain.

### 38AL6

King Creek. Savannah River site on both sides of King Creek, one and one half miles from the Savannah River, where Highway 26 crosses King Creek, on the east side of the road. Chert artifacts found. Site surveyed by R. J. Lyons, 1959. Not investigated by the Institute, so exact location is uncertain.

### 38AL7

Archaic campsites across plowed slopes leading down into Salkehatchie Swamp about two miles east of Ulmers. Early man points and sherds found. Site surveyed by Dr. Stephenson, May 29, 1970.

38AL8

Site on Lower Three Runs Creek near the Savannah River. Sherds and stone artifacts found. Surveyed by R. J. Lyons. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38AL9

Indian mound one mile north of Allendale on the land of Mrs. R. F. Reeves. Sherds and flakes found. Charleston Museum site number SC:AL:1, surveyed 5/21/40. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38AL10

Albert Love Site. Late Archaic and Woodland campsite 6.2 miles southwest of Allendale on State 22, .4 miles west of Smyrna Church in fields on sand ridge between swampy bays on south side of road on the land of Albert Love. Stallings Island sherds and points found. Site surveyed by Dr. Stephenson, 5/29/1970 and Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 4/3/1971.

38AL11

Lawton Mounds. Village and mounds 11 miles west of Allendale in the Savannah River Swamp, .75 miles south of Johnson's Landing, ca. three miles north of U. S. Route 301 on Mrs. Phillip Watson's land. Sherds and daub found. Site well preserved. Surveyed by Moore in 1897 (Moore, 1897, pp. 171, 172), and Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings in December, 1970. Nominated to National Historic Sites.

38AL12

Horse Shoe Lake. Woodland village on the east side of the Savannah River one fourth mile southeast of Johnson's Landing, one fourth mile northeast of Horseshoe Lake on Mrs. Phillip Watson's land. (cultivated). Sherds and chert found. Surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 12/22/70.

38AL13

Archaic and Woodland flint workshop and camp three miles west of Barton on state road 371 on a cultivated sandy ridge between two low bays. Sherds, points, preforms and flakes found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings 4/3/1971.

38AL14

Red Bluff Landing. Archaic and Woodland flint quarry one mile west of state road 26 in the Savannah River swamp on Watch Call Creek at Red Bluff Landing east of where it joins King Creek on the land of Sam Rice. Stoltman and Peterson's Rice Chert Quarry (GR-5), 1969, pp. 2-7. Hammerstones, flakes, preforms found. Surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 4/3/1971. Nominated to National Historic Sites.

38AL15

Rabbit Mount. Archaic shell midden on a natural sand knoll on Groton Plantation on the Savannah River on Mr. Frederick Winthrop's land. Site excavated by Stoltman (1966, pp. 872-874), and Peterson (1969, pp. 2-7). 38AL15 is Stoltman and Peterson's site number GR-1. Sherds, shell, net-sinkers, flakes, drill, bone pins, awl in Peabody Museum, Harvard. Earliest dates for pottery in North America (ca. 2500 B.C.). Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.



38AL16

Clear Mount. Stallings Island and Deptford Site on a high spot 400 yards from 38AL15 in the Savannah River Swamp on Groton Plantation, owned by Mr. Frederick Winthrop. Site excavated by Peterson (1969, 2-7); his site number GR-2. Burials, sherds found. Stallings - Deptford transition clarified. Site not investigated by Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38AL17

Stephens Shed. On Groton Plantation, owned by Mr. Frederick Winthrop. Peterson's site number GR-6 (1969, pp. 2-7). No significant deposit. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38AL18

Pendar Site. Chipping site near a small dam on Mr. Frederick Winthrop's Groton Plantation. Stone tools, sherds, hearth and postmolds found. Some material at Peabody Museum, Harvard. Peterson's site number GR-23 (1969, pp. 2-7). Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38AL30

Site at end of S-3-291, Johnson's Landing at road cut east of landing. Site surveyed by L. Ferguson and N. Anderson, June 21, 1971.

38AL31

Creek Plantation I. N-3 field of Creek Plantation owned by Wm. Morris, III. Site surveyed by L. Ferguson and N. Anderson, June 21, 1971.

38AL32

Creek Plantation II. Field N-13 of Creek Plantation. Site surveyed by L. Ferguson and N. Anderson, June 21, 1971.

38AL33

Creek Plantation III. Field S-4 of Creek Plantation. Site surveyed by L. Ferguson and N. Anderson, June 21, 1971.

38AL34

Site located in field S-5 of Creek Plantation. Survey by L. Ferguson and N. Anderson. June 21, 1971.

38AL35

Site located  $\frac{1}{2}$  mile east of Little Hell Landing on S-3-368. Survey by L. Ferguson and N. Anderson, June 21, 1971.

38AL36

Site located in small field on south side of S-3-12, 0.9 mile from S-3-369. Survey by L. Ferguson and N. Anderson, June 21, 1971.

38AL37

Site located at west end of a field owned by Cecil Dunbar. Surveyed by L. Ferguson and N. Anderson, June 21, 1971.

38AL38

Site located on main road into Dunbar property off S-3-368. Survey by L. Ferguson and N. Anderson, June 21, 1971.

38AL39

Site located southwest of 38AL37, between 38AL37 and 38AL39. Survey by L. Ferguson and N. Anderson, June 22, 1971.

38AL40

Site located in field east of S-3-102, north of Smith's Lake Creek. Survey by L. Ferguson and N. Anderson, June 22, 1971.

38AL41

Site located in road cut immediately north of bridge over Smith's Lake Creek on S-3-102. Survey by L. Ferguson and Wesley Breedlove, June 22, 1971.

38AL42

Historic site located in large field immediately north of field in which 38AL40 is located. Nineteenth century material. Survey by L. Ferguson and Wesley Breedlove, June 22, 1971.

38AL43

Cohen's Bluff Landing. Site located east of S-3-26 on landing at end of S-3-41. Check-stamped and plain sherds. Site survey by L. Ferguson and N. Anderson, June 28, 1971.

38AL44

Site located in field S-6 on Creek Plantation. Survey by L. Ferguson and M. Trinkley, December 17, 1969.

38AL45

Site located on Milberry Plantation. Archaic material and a few sherds. Survey by L. Ferguson, July 29, 1971.

38AL46

Site located on Milberry Plantation before reaching field of site 38AL45. Sparse sherds and flakes. Survey by L. Ferguson, June 29, 1971.

38AL47

Site located on Milberry Plantation in area left of branch and road which has been bulldozed. Survey by L. Ferguson, June 29, 1971.

38AL48

Site located on Milberry Plantation between 38AL47 and 38AL49. Survey by Leland Ferguson, June 29, 1971.

38AL49

Site located on Milberry Plantation south of 38AL48. Survey by L. Ferguson, July 5, 1971.

38AL50

Site located southeast of U.S. 301 on left bank of Savannah River between Fennell Hill and King Creek Landings. Cord-marked sherds and points. Survey by Leland Ferguson, July 5, 1971.

38AL51

King Creek Landing. Site located on Milberry Plantation S.E. of U.S. 301 bridge. Cord-marked sherds and early-Woodland points. Survey by L. Ferguson July 5, 1971.

38AL52

Site located on Milberry Plantation S.E. of U. S. 301 bridge over Savannah River. Survey by Leland Ferguson, July 5, 1971.

38AL55

Site located on Milberry Plantation, across from Fennel Hill Landing Road. An Archaic axe and sherds. Survey By L. Ferguson.

38AL56

Site located north northeast of center of Allendale on left bank of Log Branch, above confluence with Jackson Branch. Deptford, Thom's Creek, Cordmark, and plain sherds and celt, milling stone and points. Survey by L. and A. Ferguson, July 5, 1971.

38AL57

Site located on bank of Log Branch near US. 301 crossing. Survey by L. Ferguson, July 5, 1971.

38AL58

Site located S.W. of Allendale on Watch Call Creek north of Virgin Mary Baptist Church. Deptford and Savannah River Archaic material. Survey by L. Ferguson, July 8, 1971.

38AL59

Site located on Belfast Plantation, south of Little Hell Landing Road, near landing. Survey by L. Ferguson, July 5, 1971.

38AL60

Site located on Belfast Plantation at Boat dock on Horse Shoe Lake. Survey by Leland Ferguson, July 5, 1971.

38AL61

Archaic site (?) located on Belfast Plantation. Flint debutage. Survey by Leland Ferguson, July 5, 1971.

38AL62

Site located on a noll in a swamp near U.S. 301 bridge over the Savannah River. Stone tools, fiber tempered sherds. Survey by L. Ferguson, W. Breedlove, and N. Anderson, July 27, 1971.

38AL63

Site located on Savannah River bluff south of Cohen's Bluff Landing. Survey by L. Ferguson and Wesley Breedlove. July 30, 1971.

38AL64

Site located on hillside across Smith's Lake Creek from 38AL40 and east of S-3-102. Survey by L. Ferguson, W. Breedlove, and J. McGregor, June 26, 1971.

38AL65

Site located in road cut on S-3-102 N. of Brian Creek. Survey by W. Breedlove, A. James, and J. McGregor. August 2, 1971.

38AL66

Multi-component site located in large open field north of U.S. 301. Historic material and prehistoric chalcedony debutage. Survey by J. McGregor and W. Breedlove, June 26 and August 4, 1971.

38AL67

Site located on rise in field on Willingham Plantation inside west entrance gate, north of S-3-102 and US. 301. Survey by W. Breedlove and J. McGregor, June 26, and August 5, 1971.

38AL68

Site located in field N-6 of Creek Plantation. Survey by L. Ferguson and N. Anderson, June 21, 1971.

## ANDERSON COUNTY SITES

### 38AN1

Towne Creek. Five miles north of Anderson on an estuary of Hartwell Reservoir in the Towne Creek Housing Development on David Watson's land. Sherds and stone artifacts found. Surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards in the 1960's. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38AN2

Near Belton. Flint and steatite artifacts, sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:AN:1. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38AN3

Near Woodburn on Eighteen Mile Creek. Celt found. Charleston Museum site number SC:AN:2. Not investigated by the Insitute so exact location uncertain.

### 38AN4

Near Williamsburg and Williamston on Hurricane Creek. Steatite artifacts and sherds found. Charleston Museum site No. SC:AN:3. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

### 38AN5

Archaic campsite on an eroding hillslope 300 feet back from the river at Gregg Shoals just north of the Anderson-Abbeville County line. Points, bifaces, flakes found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 1/28/1970. Will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

### 38AN6

Archaic campsite 5.8 miles N.W. of Lowndesville, 1.8 miles north of Anderson County line and Savannah River junction, one mile south of Little Generostee Creek, on a hilltop overlooking a large island in the Savannah River, in an open field with pine seedlings. Point, scraper, flakes found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 2/11/1970. Will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

### 38AN7

Archaic and Woodland campsite .2 mile south of 82-184 bridge over the Savannah River and six miles west of Iva, South Carolina. Nutting stone, point, bifaces, flakes and sherds found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 2/11/1970. Site will probably be submerged by the Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

### 38AN8

Mississippian village site seven miles west of Starr, South Carolina, 1.3 miles south of Route 181 bridge over the Savannah River in cultivated bottomland. Sherds, nutting stone, points, flakes found. One of Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings' Trotters Shoals sites, surveyed 2/12/1970. Will probably be submerged by Trotters Shoals Reservoir by 1975.

38AN9

Habitational area located on west side of Seneca River on bend above Conerose Creek. Caldwell's 38AN9. Survey by J. Caldwell, August 1953 for National Park Service. Now under Hartwell Reservoir.

38AN10

Habitational area located on north side of Tugalo River, below Beaverdam Creek. Caldwell's 38AN10. Survey by J. Caldwell, August 1953 for the National Park Service. Now under Hartwell Reservoir.

38AN11

Habitational area located on west side of Little Beaverdam Creek above S.C. 80 crossing Caldwell's 38AN11. Survey by J. Caldwell for National Park Service, August 1953. Now under Hartwell Reservoir.

38AN12

Habitational area located on east side of Little Beaverdam Creek above S.C. 80 crossing. Caldwell's 38AN12. Survey by J. Caldwell, August 1953 for the National Park Service. Now under Hartwell Reservoir.

38AN13

Habitational area between Seneca River and Tugalo River above confluence. Caldwell's 38AN13. Survey by J. Caldwell, August 1953 for the National Park Service. Now under Hartwell Reservoir.

38AN14

Habitational area located on east side of Seneca River above S. C. 80 bridge. Caldwell's 38AN14. Survey by J. Caldwell, August 1953 for the National Park Service. Now under Hartwell Reservoir.

38AN15

Site located on east side of Seneca River below S. C. 80 bridge. Caldwell's 38AN15. Survey by J. Caldwell, August 1953 for the National Park Service. Now under Hartwell Reservoir.

38AN16

Habitational area on east side of Seneca River above S. C. 80 bridge. Caldwell's 38AN16. Survey by J. Caldwell, August 1953 for the National Park Service. Now under Hartwell Reservoir.

38AN17

Habitational area located on west side of 23 Mile Creek, above junction with 26 Mile Creek. Caldwell's 38AN17. Survey by J. Caldwell, August 1953 for the National Park Service. Now under Hartwell Reservoir.

38AN18

Habitational area located on west side of 23 Mile Creek below 38AN17. Caldwell's 38AN18. Survey by J. Caldwell, Aug. 1953 for the National Park Service. Now under Hartwell Reservoir.

38AN19

Site located on west side of Seneca River above mouth of Deys Creek. Caldwell's 38AN3. Survey by J. Caldwell, Aug 1953, for the National Park Service. Now under Hartwell Reservoir.

38AN20

Habitational area located on west side of Seneca River below mouth of 18 Mile Creek. Caldwell's 38AN20. Survey by J. Caldwell for the National Park Service, August 1953. Now under Hartwell Reservoir.

38AN21

Habitational area located on west side of Seneca River above Portman Dam. Caldwell's 38AN5. Survey by J. Caldwell, August 1953 for the National Park Service.

38AN22

Habitational area located on west side of Beaverdam Creek above Tugalo River. Caldwell's 38AN6. Survey by J. Caldwell, August 1953 for the National Park Service. Now partly covered by Hartwell Reservoir.

38AN23

Habitational area of Old Quartz Industry (?) Caldwell's 38AN23. Survey by J. Caldwell, August 1953 for the National Park Service. Covered by Hartwell Reservoir.

38AN24

Traces of site located on northeast side of Beaverdam Creek, opposite 38AN22. Caldwell's 38AN8. Survey by J. Caldwell, August 1953 for the National Park Service. Covered by Hartwell Reservoir.

38AN30

Ashtabula. Located N.E. on S. C. 88 from Pendleton. Two story frame house built c. 1790. Property of Foundation for Historic Restoration in the Pendleton Area. National Register for Historic Places.

38AN31

Johnson - Morris Cottage. A raised, one-story frame cottage on Morris Street, Anderson. Built c. 1851. National Register for Historic Places.

38AN32

Woodburn Plantation. Located in Pendleton, four-story house built in the early 1800's by Charles Cotesworth Pinckney. National Register for Historic Places.

## BAMBERG COUNTY SITES

### 38BM1

Site on the South Edisto River one fourth mile south of Sweden on the South Bank. Sherds, axehead found. Not investigated by the Institute, so exact location uncertain.

### 38BM2

Site three miles toward the Edisto River from Denmark on the land of Mr. D. N. Cox. Charleston Museum site number SC:AB:1. Surveyed 1939. Pestle and flakes found. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38BM3X

Site on Jack Myer's land under his house on the Edisto River, downstream from U.S. 21 bridge between Smoaks and Branchville. Large elbow pipe found in 1970. Site not investigated by the Insitute so exact location uncertain.

### 38BM4X

Archaic site down a farm road off US. 78 between Bamberg and Branchville. Points and cooking stones found, 1970. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38BM5

Site located on west side of Edisto River near natural lake, east of US. 78. Small points, small oval, and triangular scrapers in Robert Parler collection. Survey by R. Parler, Jr., January 4, 1972.

### 38BM10

Rivers Bridge State Park. West of Ehrhardt on S.C. 64, south on county road 19, and S.E. on county road 31. Extensive Confederate earthen-breast work. National Register for Historic Places.

### 38BM11

Woodlands. Near Midway, S. C., home of Wm. Gilmore Simms. National Register for Historic Places.



BARNWELL COUNTY SITES

38BR1

Meyers Site. Prehistoric village site at junction of Lower Three Runs Creek and Patterson Branch. Site is eight miles southwest of Barnwell on Mr. Meyers' land. Sherds and points found. Site surveyed by Dr. Stephenson, February 17, 1971.

38BR2

Site located in upland field on bank of Sheepford Branch. Northwest of intersection of S.C. 32. Spalls, and a Guilford lancilate rounded point base. Survey by W. Breedlove and J. McGregor, June 1971.

38BR3

Site located in field west of north end of small dirt road northeast off S.C. 38. Survey by W. Breedlove and J. McGregor, June 1971.

38BR4

Site located on large knoll on south side of unnamed creek near Edisto River, northeast of intersection of S. C. 38 and 87. Survey by W. Breedlove and J. McGregor, June 1971.

38BR5

Site located in road cut on S.C. 3 south of bridge over South Fork Edisto River. Survey by W. Breedlove and J. McGregor, June 1971.

38BR6

Site located east of bridge over South Fork Edisto River on S.C. 3. Crushed quarry stone. Survey by W. Breedlove and J. McGregor, June 1971.

38BR7

Site located on bluff on south bank of South Fork Edisto River, east of bridge on S.C. 3. Survey by W. Breedlove and J. McGregor, June 1971.

38BR10

Site located south on S.C. 125 in road cut near intersection of road with Savannah River. Survey by L. Ferguson, April 27, 1970.

38BR11

Site located on south side of Steele Creek Landing Road near Savannah River. Simple stamped material. Survey by L. Ferguson, June 17, 1971.

38BR12

Site located on north side of Steele Creek at intersection of road with railroad. Survey by L. Ferguson, June 18, 1971.

38BR15

Church of the Holy Apostles. Located at 1706 Hagood Avenue, Barnwell. Gothic Revival board and batten style church. National Register for Historic Places.

38BR16

Old Presbyterian Church. Located at 1905 Academy Street, Barnwell. Clapboard, Greek Revival style structure built c. 1848. National Register for Historic Places.

## BEAUFORT COUNTY SITES

### 38BU1

Tabbey Ruin. Eighteenth century plantation buildings on Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Walker's land on the east side of Spring Island toward the north end. Two-story structure and three outbuildings still standing. Glass found. Surveyed by Dr. Stephenson and Mr. John D. Combes, March 23, 1969.

### 38BU2

The Rock. Ceramic occupation area with shell middens on the east side of Spring Island near center of East shore, 100 feet from bank on Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Walker's land. Sherds, shells found. Surveyed by Dr. Stephenson and Mr. John D. Combes, March 23, 1969.

### 38BU3

The Gazebo. Twentieth century glass-walled house on westernmost point of Spring Island on Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Walker's land. Surveyed by Dr. Stephenson, March 23, 1969.

### 38BU4

Archaic occupation area along the east shore of Spring Island on Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Walker's land. Point found. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38BU5

Pinckney Landing. Ceramic occupation area on northwest end of Spring Island adjacent to Chechessee Creek on Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Walker's land. Site disturbed by sea wall and house. Shells and sherds found. Surveyed by Dr. Stephenson, March 23, 1969.

### 38BU6

Dolly Hamilton Site. Historic cemetery just north of 38BU1 on Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Walker's land near the shore of Spring Island. Headstones found. Site surveyed by Dr. Stephenson, March 23, 1969.

### 38BU7

Sea Pines Shell Ring. Early ceramic shell ring on Hilton Head Island about one mile south of Sea Pines office. Land owned by Sea Pines Plantation, Inc. Site tested by A. J. Waring in 1958 and by Calmes (1968, pp. 45 - 48). Shells, sherds, carved bone, food refuse found. Surveyed by Dr. Robert L. Stephenson and Mr. John D. Combes, June 20, 1969, and by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Gene Waddell, March 19, 1970. Radiocarbon dates: 1450  $\pm$  110 B. C. and 1160  $\pm$  110 B. C. Nominated for National Historic Sites.

38BU8

Ford's Skull Creek Shell Ring, also known as Hilton Head Shell Ring. Early ceramic double shell ring on Skull Creek near the north tip of Hilton Head Island on land owned by Mr. Henry Ford. Site tested by A. J. Waring several times between 1938 and 1960. Surveyed by Mr. Gene Waddell, March 2, 1960. Tested by Calmes (1968, pp. 45-48). Charleston Museum site number SC:BF:1. Shells, sherds, and bones found. Material in Charleston Museum and Calmes collections. Site surveyed by Dr. Stephenson and Mr. John D. Combes, June 21, 1969. And by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Gene Waddell, March 19, 1970. Radiocarbon dates indicate occupation between  $1635 \pm 115$  and  $1170 \pm 110$  B. C. Nominated for National Historic Sites.

38BU9

Early ceramic shell midden, nine miles southeast of Beaufort on north shore of Daws Island on David C. Barrow's land. Human burial, Stallings Island sherds, Savannah River points, net sinkers, clay balls, hammer-stones, bones, and shells found. Site tested by E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. James L. Michie, 9/6/1969.

38BU10

Woodland ceramic shell midden or mound on the south shore of Daws Island, ten miles southeast of Beaufort, three-fourths mile northeast of Daw 3 (navigated aid), overgrown with palmettos. Sherds found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. James L. Michie, 9/6/1969.

38BU12

Eagle's Nest, Fripp Island. Sherds and earthenware found. Site surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards, 3/16/1963. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU13

Shell midden on the north side of Route 21 on St. Helena's Island, ca. five miles northwest of bridge to Hunting Island on G. Shults' land. Shells found. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU14

Site on Hunting Island, three miles from Route 27 towards Lands End. Sherds, shells, glass, earthenware found. Surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards, 3/21/1963. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU15

Shell midden on Fripp Island. Sherds and shells found. Site surveyed by Mrs. Erica Fogg Ahmed, 3/21/1963 and 3/17/1963. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU16

Shell midden on Hunting Island, .3 mile west of superintendent's residence and ca. five miles east of last short bridge to Island. Immediately adjacent to route 21 on north side at the edge of a dug-out sand area. Shells and bones found. Site surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards, 6/26/1961. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU17

Burton Hill Mounds. Wilmington mounds near Button Hill. Site includes five mounds. Mica, ochre, sherds, cremations found. Dr. Joseph R. Caldwell's information is from Moore. The Charleston Museum's information is from Mooreheads quote from Moore (1923). This is his site number BF:7. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU18

Small Irene burial mound near Bluffton. Dr. Caldwell's site number BF1. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU19

Colawassie Island. Small burial mound on Colawassie Island. This is Dr. Caldwell's site number BF2. This information is from Moore, 1897. Sherds, human and dog burials, gaming stones, shell hoe, and shells were found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU20

Hasell Point. Two small Wilmington burial mounds on the Colleton River. This is Dr. Caldwell's site number BF3. This information is from Moore, 1897. Burials and cremations found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU21

Guerard Point. Stallings Island shell enclosure on the Oketeet River in a cornfield owned by Mr. John Pinckney. Dr. Caldwell's site number BF4. This information is from Moore, 1897. Shells, sherds, and eighteenth century ceramics found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Gene Waddell, 5/13/1970.

38BU22

Indian Hill. Wilmington burial mound on Mrs. E. C. Paget's land. Dr. Caldwell's site number BF5. This information is from Moore, 1897. Bones and sherds found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU23

Little Island. Two Irene and Savannah sand and oyster shell mounds on the east side of Little Barnwell Island at the boat landing on the Broad River. Owned by Clarendon Farms. This is Dr. Caldwell's site number BF6. This information is from Moore, 1897, p. 152. One mound is a temple mound, the other a burial mound. Vessels, sherds, gaming discs, celt, net sinkers, knife points, shell beads, shark tooth and awl found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 3/3/1971.

38BU25

Indian Hill, St. Helena. Lamar and Savannah Temple mound in the center of St. Helena Island on land owned by the Chaplins. Dr. Caldwell's site number BF8. This information is from Moore, 1897. Sherd discs and point found. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU26

Polleewahnee Island. Temple mound in cultivated fields, covered with live oaks and palmettos. Dr. Caldwell's site number BF9. This information is from Moore, 1898. Site surveyed by Mr. James L. Michie, summer, 1969. He reports there is no sign of a site or of any material.

38BU27

Bull Island Shell Enclosure. Irene shell enclosure on Bull Island, directly south of Bluffton, South Carolina, on the north side of the island. This information is from Moore, 1897. Charleston Museum site number SC:BF:3. See Southeastern Archaeological Newsletter, Vol. I No. 6, p. 2; Vol. I, No. 6, p. 6. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 4/8/1970.

38BU28

Lake Plantation. Stallings Island, Deptford, Wilmington and Savannah village site, 3.9 miles south of Burton on State 280 and east of the home of Mr. Hughes C. Lake near Battery Creek on the tip of the southwest extension of Port Royal Island. This is Dr. Caldwell's site number 12. This information is from Moorehead, 1933 and Griffin, 1943. Sherds, shells, animal bones found. Material in the Charleston Museum and in the Ceramic Repository. This is the Charleston Museum's site number SC:BF:7. Its information is also from Moorehead, Flannery and Griffin. Flannery cites Swanton, 1922, p. 57. Site surveyed in 1961 by Gene Waddell. Not investigated by the Institute, so exact location is uncertain.

38BU29

Chester Field. Stallings Island shell ring on the west side of the southwest extension of Port Royal Island, on the Broad River, on Herman Blumenthal's land. Shells, sherds, bone pins, bone scraper, bone comb, worked antler, worked chert found. Material in Charleston Museum. This is Caldwell's site number 13. This information is from Moorehead, 1933, Flannery, 1943, pp. 150-152, and Griffin, 1943. The Charleston Museum's number for this site is SC:BF:18. Its information is from Flannery and Moorehead. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Gene Waddell, 3/19/1970. Nominated to National Historic Sites.

38BU30

Kempfer Place. Burial mound on Ladies Island on the Beaufort River on level sandy ground, one fourth mile south. This is Dr. Caldwell's site number 14. This information is from Moorehead, 1933, Flannery, 1943, pp. 152-153, and Griffin. Bones found. Material in Charleston Museum. This is the Charleston Museum's site number SC:BF:11. Its information is from Flannery. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU31

Cat Island. Stallings Island shell midden south of Ladies Island. Shells and sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. This is Dr. Caldwell's site number 15. This information is from Moorehead, 1933, Flannery, 1943, p. 150; and Griffin, 1943. The Charleston Museum's number for this site is SC:BF:10. Its information is from Flannery, and Ritter, 1933. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU32

Jones Island - Also called Bermuda Bluff. Early ceramic shell midden on the west edge of St. Helena Island two miles north of Fort Fremont on Dr. Battray's land. Shells, sherds, bone pin, bone comb, antler found. Material in Charleston Museum. Dr. Caldwell's information on this site is from Moorehead, 1933, Flannery, 1943; and Griffin, 1943. The Charleston Museum's number for this site is SC:BF:9. Its information is from Flannery. Site tested by W. H. Ritter in 1933. Surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 3/2/1971.

38BU33

Indian Fort I. Lamar village site on Bull Island. Sherds found. Dr. Caldwell's information is from Waring. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU34

Indian Fort II. Lamar village site on Bull Island beach. Sherds found. Dr. Caldwell's information is from Waring. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38BU36

Gullagyn. Village site on the New River four miles seaward from Bluffton at the end of Cook Landing Road on the land of Dolores P. Floyd. Site surveyed by Dr. Caldwell, 6/19/1938. Not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU37

Foot Point. Village site north of Bluffton on Colleton Neck on the Colleton River. Site surveyed by A. J. Waring in 1939 and in 1960. Material in Charleston Museum. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:BF:2. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU38

Cain Island. Site across the Beaufort River from Port Royal on a high bluff and the beach below. Points found. Material in Elias B. Bull's collection. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:BF:4. It reports the site was washed out in 1933. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU39

Deptford, Savannah, Wilmington and Stallings Island site on Parish Island, southwest of the Naval Station, on the Broad River in plowed fields. Sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:BF:5. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU40

Thom's Creek, Wilmington, Irene mound on St. Helena's Island northeast of Frogmore. Sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:BF:6. This information is from Flannery, 1943, and Moore, 1899. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU41

Gray Site. Wilmington, Deptford, Brewton Hill, Irene, and Awendaw site on old Paris Island Road about one and one half miles from Burton Station on the plantation of Jack Gray and Hardwick F. Wilson. Sherds found. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:BF:12. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU42

Stallings Island shell midden on St. Helena Island, two miles northeast of Fort Fremont on Station Creek. Sherds and shells found. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:BF:13. Tested by W. H. Ritter, March 8, 1933. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU43

Stallings Island, Deptford, Wilmington, Savannah, Thom's Creek, and Lamar site in fields between station and Broad River on the Inwood Plantation near Burton. Sherds found. Material in the Charleston Museum. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:BF:14. Site surveyed in 1932 by W. H. Ritter. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU44

Shell Point. Savannah and Wilmington midden on Shell Point on the Broad River about two miles south of Inwood Plantation on Mr. Rentz's land. Sherds and worked chert found. Material in Charleston Museum. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:BF:15. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU45

Wilmington and Deptford site south of Sheldon Station on Hospa Creek. About eight miles south of Yemassee on U. S. 21. Sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:BF:16. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.



38BU46

Wilmington site on Chisholm Island, near Chisholm, South Carolina surrounded by Wimble Creek, Bull River, and Coosaw River. Sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. This is Charleston Museum's site number SC:BF:17. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU48

Fripp Place, also known as Chechessee Point. Lamar, Stallings Island, Deptford mounds on the M. Harry Fripp Place, two miles south of Inwood Plantation on Port Royal Island, on Chechessee River. Includes the Walnut Hill (a big mound) and Echotango (several smaller) mounds. Chert knife and sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. This is Charleston Museum's site number SC:BF:19. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU49

Wilmington and Deptford shell midden on the southeast side of St. Helena Island below the old Fripp House opposite St. Phillip's Island. Shells and sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:BF:20. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU50

Barnwell Island. Iron point found. Material in the Museum of the American Indian. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU51

Charles Forte, also called the Ribault Monument. French or Spanish sixteenth century fort on the southeast side of Paris Island on Means Creek on the U. S. Marine Corps base. Sword, iron pikes, cedar posts found. Material in the Beaufort Museum, Huguenot Society collection, private collections. Information from the Marine Corps Gazette, June, 1923 p. 98-109, The Charleston News and Courier, June, 1955, 1B; The State, March 14, 1926, p. 28; Laudionniere, 1586; Hakluyt, 1589; Sally, 1919; Snowden, 1920; Hilton. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BU52

Morgan Island. Archaic occupation site on the south side of Morgan Island. Points and flakes found. Site washing out. Surveyed by James L. Michie.

38BU53

Ball Island. Archaic occupation site near mouth of Broad River. Site eroding. Points, flakes and sherds found. Site surveyed by James L. Michie.

38BU54

Coosaw Island. Archaic occupation site on the northeastern point of Coosaw Island. Points found. Site surveyed by James L. Michie.

38BU55

Archaic occupation site on the northeast corner of the Marine Corps Air Auxiliary Station. Points and flakes found. Inland waterway cut through center of site. Surveyed by Mr. James L. Michie.

38BU56

Corn Island. Archaic and historic site near the junction of Skull Creek and Port Royal Sound on Pinckney Island. Points and broken bottles found. Site surveyed by Mr. James L. Michie.

38BU57

Early historic boat one fourth mile west of centerline of Ladies Island Bridge in the Beaufort River marsh, one fourth mile south of Beaufort Marina. Boat hull, cobbles, S. C. Dispensary bottle found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 12/15/1970.

38BU58

Baynard House Ruins. Historic tabbey house on the southwest end of Hilton Head Island. .02 mile east of Calibogue Sound, on land owned by Sea Pines Plantation, Inc. Site tested by Dr. Alan Calmes. Ceramics recovered. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 2/27/1971.

38BU59

Spanish Wells. Historic site on Hilton Head Island near junction of Calibogue Sound and May River, .02 mile southwest of Spanish Wells along a fresh water creek with three small artesian wells. Historic ceramics and Civil War buttons found. Reputed to be site where Spanish ships resupplied with fresh water but no Spanish material found. Will probably be developed into a residential area. Site tested by Dr. Alan Calmes and by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 3/1/1971.

38BU60

Broad Creek. Prehistoric to historic shell midden on Calibogue Bay, Hilton Head Island. East bank of Broad Creek, 1200 feet from Calibogue Sound in lots number 9 and 10 of Sea Pines Plantation, Inc. Shells, sherds and historic ceramics found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 2/28/1971.

38BU61

Swimming Pool. Midden on Hilton Head Island, Sea Pines Plantation, Inc. Lot #5 along Baynard Cove Road overlooking Calibogue (also called Baynard) Creek. Sherds, shells found. Site destroyed by swimming pool. Surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 2/28/1971.

38BU62

Talbert Site. Irene shell midden on Hilton Head Island at mouth of small fresh water creek flowing into Skull Creek. Land owned by Hilton Head Company. Sherds and shell found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 3/1/1971.

38BU63

Green's Shell Ridge Enclosure. Irene shell midden just west of Hudson's Landing Road on a bluff fronting on Skull Creek and ca. one third mile north of Highway 278, on land owned by the Green family. Sherds, shells found. Material in Fred Hack collection. Site excavated by Calmes (1968). Carbon 14 dates from rim 615  $\pm$  95 B. P. or A. D. 1335. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 3/1/1971.

38BU64

Jenkins Island Shell Pit. Wilmington midden on Jenkins Island along State Ferry Landing Road, 500 feet from S. C. 46. Shells, and sherds found. Material in Calmes collection. Carbon 14 date 580 A. D. Only S. C. date for Wilmington. Site tested by Dr. Alan Calmes in 1967. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 3/1/1971.

38BU65

Myrtle Bank. Historic intertidal peat deposit with sharpened wood stakes one fourth mile northwest of Rock 3 navigational aid on Dolphin Head. This is northernmost tip of Hilton Head, on land owned by the Island Development Corp. Historic glass, metal, stoneware, axe chips, hickory nuts and pine cones found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 3/2/1971.

38BU66

Last End Point. Historic shell midden on the southwest tip of Pinckney Island (Last End Point). Site extends southwest of James F. Byrnes Bridge, .03 mile along Skull Creek and .01 mile along Mackay Creek. Shell, historic ceramics and glass found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 3/2/1971.

38BU67

Rotten Egg Site. Wilmington shell midden on Pinckney Island 200 feet north of James F. Byrnes Bridge. Shells and sherds found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 3/2/1971.

38BU68

Horse Landing. Wilmington shell midden on Pinckney Island along east bank of Mackay Creek, one mile north of S. C. Highway 46. Shells and sherds found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 3/2/1971.

38BU69

Slave Cabin. Historic house and dump site on Pinckney Island on east bank of Mackay's Creek, 500 feet south of Pinckney Neck. Shells, historic iron, glass, ceramics found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 3/3/1971.

38BU70

Kuser Site. Eighteenth and nineteenth century tabby ruins on western tip of Callawassie Island overlooking the Colleton River on South Carolina Electric and Gas land. Brick, sherds, found. Site surveyed by Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, June 7, 1971.

38BU71

Ingram Site. Mound on a creek one fourth mile east of S.C. 33, 2.5 miles south of U.S. 17. Fired clay found. Site surveyed by Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, June 6, 1971.

38BU72

Dunning Site. Historic site on west side of Lemon Island, 200 feet south of U.S. 170 on Henry Ingram's land. Mill stone found. Site surveyed by Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, June 6, 1971.

38BU73

Lemon Island #1. Shell midden on east side of Lemon Island on a bluff on a tidal creek on Henry Ingram's land. Site surveyed by Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, June 6, 1971.

38BU74

Lemon Island #2. Wilmington shell midden on northwest tip of Lemon Island on a small creek north of U.S. 170 on Henry Ingram's land. Site surveyed by Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, June 6, 1971.

38BU75

Horne Site. Historic rice mill on east bank of Pocotaligo River, 50 feet south of U.S. 17 and 100 feet from Horne's Tourist Camp. Brick found. Site surveyed by Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, June 7, 1971.

38BU76

Site located on "Pinckney Point" near Bluffton, S. C. near 38BU21. Conch Shell. Site examined by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings.

38BU77

Polawanna Island. Surface collection. Exact location unknown. Material in the Fred Hack Collection, collected by Alan Calmes, December 1966.

38BU81

The Anchorage. Five story clapboard house at 1103 Bay Street, Beaufort. National Register for Historic Places.

38BU82

William Barnwell House. Three story clapboard house at 800 Prince Street, Beaufort. Built c. 1816. National Register for Historic Places.

38BU83

John A. Cuthbert House. Clapboard house built c. 1811. 1203 Bay Street, Beaufort. National Register for Historic Places.

38BU84

Sheldon Church. Located 4.8 miles east of Pocotaligo on U.S. 21. Built in 1753, burned by the British in 1779 and again by Sherman's army in 1865. In ruins. National Register of Historic Places.

38BU85

Tabby House. 1211 Bay Street, Beaufort. Tabby structure stucco covered. Excellent condition. National Register of Historic Places.

38BU86

John Mark Verdier House. 801 Bay Street, Beaufort. Two-story frame house built in 1790's. National Register of Historic Places.

38BU87

Woodland site located along Seaside Road at junction with Club Bridge Creek. Cord-marked, check-stamped and sand-tempered sherds. Survey by Dr. Robert L. Stephenson, Director, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology. June 8, 1972.

38BU88

Shell midden(?) located near 38BU87. Survey by Dr. Robert L. Stephenson, Director, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, June 8, 1972.

## BERKELEY COUNTY SITES

### 38BK1

Sweater Site #1. Site about two miles below cross on east side of State 6. This is the Charleston Museum's site number SC:BK:1. It is Mr. Elias B. Bull's site number 1-0-14. Sherds found. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

### 38BK2

Gippy Plantation. Site is a sand pit in field to right of road to Gippy Plantation house, one fourth of a mile from US. 52. Plantation owned by the Roosevelts. Point found. This is Elias Bull's site number 820-17-33. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

### 38BK3

Barnett's Tavern. Prehistoric and historic site, two miles east of Highway 6 on the shore of Lake Moultrie at cross. Site flooded when Lake Moultrie over 75 feet. Points, sherds, jug stopper, musket ball, miniballs, pipe bowls found. This is Charleston Museum's site number SC:BK:3, and Elias Bull's site number 8P-11. Not investigated by the Institute, so exact location is uncertain.

### 38BK4

Diversion Canal Island. Indian site on the island east of the mouth of the Diversion Canal that flows into Lake Moultrie from Lake Marion. Pipe-stems found. This is Charleston Museum's site number SC:BK:4, and Elias Bull's site number 820-17-38, Q-10.

### 38BK5

Dispensary Point. Prehistoric and historic site, three miles east of Eady town on the shore of Lake Marion. Brass buttons, bottles, earthenware, and pipe found. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:5; and Elias Bull's site number S-7, 820-17-43. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38BK6

Between Site. Prehistoric and historic site on Frierson's Locks on a slight ridge between Santee and Biggin Creek. Sherds, points, pipe fragments, stoneware, spectacles found. Site 16 80-1710 according to Harington pipe test. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:6. Elias Bull's site number T-7, 820-17-3. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

### 38BK7

Pottery Beach. Burial site southwest of Pineville on the shore of Lake Marion near No-Cross Inlet. Sherds and skull fragments found. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:7. Elias Bull's site number T8-3. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK8

Burial Point. Prehistoric and historic site southwest of Pineville on the shore of Lake Moultrie, on Woodlawn Plantation just south of Frierson's Locks. Submerged when Lake is above 75 feet. Sherds, points, gorgets, pipe fragments, burial, axe, grinding stones, earthenware found. Material in private collections. Site 1680 - 1710 according to Harington pipe test and 1710 - 1750 according to beads. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:8, and Elias Bull's site number T-8, 820-17-4. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain. Part of IAA38BK49.

38BK9

Disappointment Island. Historic Indian site southwest of Pineville on an island in Lake Moultrie east-southeast of 38BK8. Submerged when lake is over 75 feet. Points, bead, sherds, pipestem found. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:9, and Elias Bull's site number T8-2, 820-17-5. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38BK10

Bead Point. Historic Indian and European site southwest of Pineville on the shore of Lake Moultrie. Sherds, net-sinkers, gorgets, pipes, vessels, metal objects found. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:10 and Elias Bull's site number U8, 820-17-7. Part of IAA38BK49. Not investigated by the Institute, so exact location is uncertain.

38BK11

Graveyard Island. Site southwest of Pineville on Lake Moultrie about one half mile east of Graveyard Inlet. This is the Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:11 and Elias Bull's site number V-8. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK12

Half-Moon Island. South of 38BK11. Sherds found. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:12. Elias Bull's site number U8-2. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK13

Campsite Island. Island near the middle of Lake Moultrie. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:13. Elias Bull's site number U-12. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK14

Hermit's Island. Historic site on a small island west of 38BK13 in the middle of Lake Moultrie with the ruins of an old burned fishing shack on it. Sherds and pipestems found. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:14. Elias Bull's site number U-12-2, 820-17-8. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38BK15

Mars Island. Also known as the Fort Sumter site. Indian site covering a small island in the middle of Lake Moultrie east of 38BK13 and 38BK14. Clay object found. The Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:15. Elias Bull's site number V-12, 820-17-10. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK16

Midway Islands. Site on three small islands about one mile west of 38BK17. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:16. Elias Bull's site number X-10. Not investigated by the Institute, so exact location uncertain.

38BK17

Arrowhead Island. Burial mound approximately one half mile west-southwest of a small unmarked cemetery on State 451. About two miles from Russelville on the west side of the highway. Steatite bowl fragments, sherds, pipe fragment, glass found. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:17. Elias Bull's site number 2-12, 820-17-26. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK18

Jack's Hole. Site around an inlet (Jack's Hole) on the shore of Lake Moultrie, northwest of Bonneau. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:18. Elias Bull's site number V-11. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38BK19

Clay Islands. Indian site on three small islands just west of 38BK18. Flakes found. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:19. Elias Bull's site number X-12, 820-17-19. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38BK20

Tide Hole. Indian site on larger inlet southwest of Bonneau and below 38BK18, called Tide Hole, on Lake Moultrie. Probably continuous with 38BK21. Clay balls, sherds, gaming disc, pipe fragment, soapstone bowl handle fragments, points found. Material in the Ceramic Repository. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:20. Elias Bull's site number Y-12, 820-17-23. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38BK21

Bonneau Beach. Historic site one and three fourths of a mile west of Bonneau and south along the shore of Lake Moultrie. Probably continuous with 38BK20. Pipe found. Material in Ceramic Repository. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:21. Elias Bull's site number X-13, 820-17-20. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.



38BK22

Stumphole Inlet. Indian site in an inlet on the shore of Lake Moultrie west of Bonneau Beach and one half mile southwest of Bonneau. Buttons, bones, sherds, earthenware, biface, point, flakes found. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:22. Elias Bull's site number Z-13, 820-17-28. Site not investigated by Institute of Archeology so exact location is uncertain.

38BK23

Stumphole Island. Historic site on a large island offshore from Stumphole Inlet. Pipe fragment found. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:23. Elias Bull's site number Z-13-2, 820-17-27. Not investigated by the Institute of Archeology so exact location is uncertain.

38BK24

Overton Site. Historic site south of MacBeth near the dike. Sherds, pipes, shell, clay balls, flakes, miniball, scrapers, points, earthenware, china doll's arm found. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:24 and Elias Bull's site number Y-16, 820-17-24. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38BK25

Thornley's Beach H-1. Historic site about three miles north of Moncks Corner along the shore of Lake Moultrie at Thornley's Beach. Pipes, metal, scraper, glass, historic ceramics, points, sherds, musketballs, marble, button found. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:25. Elias Bull's site number X-17, 820 -17-21. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK26

Thornley's Beach H-3. Site on an island north of Thornley's Beach. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:26. Elias Bull's site number X-17. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK27

Thornley's Beach H-2. Site on an island west of Thornley's Beach. smaller than 38BK26. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:27. Elias Bull's site number X-17. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK28

Pinopolis Inlet. Historic site two miles north of Moncks Corner across the dike on the shore of Lake Moultrie in Pinopolis Inlet. Pipes, scraper found. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:28. Elias Bull's site number W17-2, 820-17-16. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK29

Wofford's Site. Historic site about 2.1 mile northwest of Moncks Corner on Highway 668 near the Wofford's place on the shore of Lake Moultrie, Pinopolis Inlet. Sherds, pipes found. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:29. Elias Bull's site number V-18, 820-17-12. Not investigated by the Institute, so the exact location is uncertain.

38BK30

Harold Place. 2.1 miles northwest of Moncks Corner on State 668 near the Skinners' place on the shore of Lake Moultrie north of 38BK29. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:30. Elias Bull site number V-18-3. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK31

Walsh's Beach. Indian site 2.3 miles northwest of Moncks Corner on State 668 on the shore of Pinopolis Inlet from Walsh's Beach north to Rackley's Landing. Bones, pipes, sherds, china, doll's leg found. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:31. Elias Bull's site number V-18-2, 820-17-3. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK32

Wampee Plantation. Historic mounds site 4.5 miles northwest of Moncks Corner on State 668 on the shore of Pinopolis Inlet north of 38BK31 on the land of Mrs. William Cain. Five small mounds in pine woods. Bones, sherds, lead seal, belt buckles, nails, bottles, buttons, flakes, point, grinding stone found. Material in Charleston Museum. Site surveyed by Charleston Museum, December 29, 1931. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:32. Elias Bull's site number W-17, 820-17-35. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK33

Somerset Plantation. Historic mound site 4.15 miles northwest of Moncks Corner on the shore of Lake Moultrie, northwest of 38BK32. Sherds, pipes, vessels, scraper found. Site under water most of the time. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:33. Elias Bull's site number W-17-3, 820-17-17. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK34

Employee's Beach. Site about 4.5 miles northwest of Moncks Corner on State 668 on the northern part of Pinopolis Peninsula. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:34. Elias Bull surveyed this site. Not investigated by the Institute of Archeology so exact location is uncertain.

38BK35

Bunkerhill Plantation. Historic Indian site about 4.5 miles northwest of Moncks Corner on State 668 on the northwest tip of Pinopolis Peninsula in the middle of Lake Moultrie. Sherds, pipes, gorgets, button, points, atlatl weight found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:35. Elias Bull's site number V-17, 820-17-11. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38BK36

Epson Plantation. Historic Indian and European site just northeast of Moncks Corner, in a field east of Sam's Tackle Shop on U.S. 52. Mounds, plowed under. Sherds, pipes found. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:36. Elias Bull's site number 2-19, 820-17-29. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK37

Old Moncks Corner Site. Historic site just northeast of Moncks Corner on U.S. 52 in a field on the east side of the road just above the Old Moncks Corner Historical Marker. Sherds, pipe, buttons, earthenware, metal found. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:37. Elias Bull's site number Y-19, 820-17-25. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38BK38

Middleburg Plantation - formerly called The Pine Lands. Historic site on North Quinby Creek Road between Huger and Cainhoy about two miles from Cainhoy on Edward von S. Dingle's land. Sherds, pipes found. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:38. Their reference is Salley. Elias Bull's site number N 27, 820-17-1. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK39

Honey Hill. Site about five miles north of Honey Hill in fields around a bluff on the Santee River. Sherd and pipes found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:39. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK40

James Town. Seventeenth century French Huguenot site about five miles southeast of Jamestown, then four miles north on a dirt road. Site on the Santee River. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:40. Their information is from DuBose, 1858. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK41

House Island. Historic Indian site on the Sand Flat Islands near Cross, Hatchery Point. Pipes, sherds, clay ball found. Elias Bull sites 820-17-36, 820-17-40, 820-17-41, 820-17-42, 820-17-37. All the same site. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK42

Site on the east shore of Goose Creek Lake, west of Goose Creek, S. C. Sherds found. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:42. Surveyed April 15, 1925. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK43

Jenkins Point. Site about one mile north of Remley's (Daniel's Island) on the Wando River at the mouth of Ralston Creek. Sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. Site surveyed November 9, 1933. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK44

Beresfords Creek. Site at the north end of Daniel's Island above Remleys on Beresfords (or Nobels) Creek. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:44. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK45

Lenuds Ferry. Site northeast of Jamestown where State 511 crosses the Santee River. Sherds, stone artifacts found. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:45. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38BK46

Russelville Sites. Three sites about one mile south of Russelville on a peninsula west of the dikes. Sherds found. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:46. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK47

Sweater Site #2. About two miles below Cross on the east side of State 6. Sherds, flakes, point, glass found. Charleston Museum site number SC:BK:2. Elias Bull's site number 0-14. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK48

Mepkin Abbey. Colono-Indian site in Cooper River on land owned by the Roman Catholic Church. Vessels, sherds, bottles, crocks, millstone, earthenware found. Surveyed by divers in April and June, 1967. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK49

Pineville. Also called Willtown. In St. John's Parish east of Black Oak Road on C. P. Gourdin's land. Includes IAA sites 38BK8 and 38BK10. Clay balls found. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK50

Site in Overton subdivision east of Santee Canal and west of Atlantic Coastline Railroad. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK51

Childsbury. Colono-Indian site at Stawberry Lodge at Sullivan's Landing near Rice Hope Plantation and Biggen Church. Vessels, bottles, sherds, led sinker found in Cooper River. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK52

Richmond Plantation. Site on the west bank of the east branch of the Cooper River; 1 1/2 miles southeast of Cordesville on S.C. 402; turn south and go four miles to the Cooper River. Sherds found. Elias Bull's reference for the site is Irving. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK53

Villa Plantation. Site on the Cooper River, south of 38BK52. Sherds found. Elias Bull's reference for the site is Irving. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK54

Broughton Hall. Site on Lions Beach, between the Tailrace Canal and State 21 on Lake Moultrie. Bone, bead found. Site surveyed by Elias Bull. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK55

Hatchery Point. Historic site near cross. Pipe found. Elias Bull's site number 820-17-39. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK56

Medway. Located 3 miles east of U.S. 52, between Goose Creek and Moncks Corner. Built in 1686, it is the oldest known house in South Carolina. It is built of home-made brick, oyster shell mortar and covered with stucco. A wing was added in 1855. In excellent condition. National Register for Historic Places.

38BK57

Pompion Hill Chapel. .6 mile southwest of junction of S.C. 41 and 402, at Huger. Built 1763-65. Rectangular plan. Flemish bond native brick with slate roof replaced wooden structure of 1703. No longer in use but in good condition. National Register for Historic Places.

38BK58

White Church, St. Thomas Episcopal Church. Approximately two miles north of Cainhoy on west side of County road 98. Stucco-over-brick rectangular structure with unglazed tile roof and floor. Replaced church built in 1708 and was burned. Church was restored in 1937 and is in excellent condition. National Register for Historic Places.

38BK59

St. James Church. Near Goose Creek. c. 11 miles north of North Charleston. Built 1708-19, this stucco-on-brick, one story church escaped Revolutionary War destruction because of British Royal Arms above the chancel. Site of earliest Anglican congregation in colony outside Charleston. National Register for Historic Places.

38BK61

Quinby Creek. Historic site in Quinby Creek (branch of east Cooper River). Graves of Revolutionary soldiers on the west bank of the Creek, south of Route 41. Bottles, inkwell, pipes, Colono-Indian vessels found. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK62

Pimlico. Site in two miles of the Cooper River where it runs by Pimlico. Bottles found. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38BK63

False Point. Historic site facing burial point. Sherds, metal, earthenware found. Site surveyed by Elias Bull. Also surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards, 9/14/1963. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

## CALHOUN COUNTY SITES

### 38CL1

Rebecca Motte Site. House occupied by the British during the Revolutionary War, two miles from Fort Motte on the Congaree River on Mr. L. B. Wannemaker's land. Sherds, bottles, shells found. Site surveyed by Jim Bozard, 6/1/1969.

### 38CL2

Revolutionary earthworks on a hill overlooking the Congaree River on U.S. 601, 12 miles north of St. Matthews. Site surveyed by Howton and Bozard, 8/12/1969.

### 38CL3

Prickett Farm. Prehistoric and Historic site three miles north of St. Matthews on U.S. 601 in a plowed field on a hill above a pond on Isaac Prickett's land. Points, sherds, flakes, glass, earthenware found. Surveyed by Howton and Bozard, 8/12/1969.

### 38CL4

Arant's Field. Possible mound. Site on a hill in plowed field near Fort Motte. Flakes, points, sherds found. Site surveyed by Howton and Bozard, 8/12/1969.

### 38CL5

Flast Site. Near log cabin on Davis property. Sherds, chert artifacts found. Site surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards in the 1960's. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38CL6

Taylor Site. Site 15 miles southeast of Columbia, 0.3 miles northwest of L. Taylor's residence on an oblong pond. Sherds, earthenware, stone artifacts found. Site surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards, 2/18/1961. Not investigated by the Institute so the exact location is uncertain.

### 38CL7

Site one and three fourth miles southeast of Lone Star on State 47 on an inlet on Lake Marion. Charleston Museum site number SC:CA:1. Not investigated by the Institute, so the exact location is uncertain.

### 38CL8

Site in McLeod's Field near St. Matthews. Jars and urns found. Site surveyed in 1931. Charleston Museum site number SC:CA:2. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CL9

Sandy Run. Site off Highway 176 between Columbia and St. Matthews on Sandy Run Creek, off road opposite turnoff to U. S. 21 on G. K. Bellinger's land in a plowed field on both sides of the creek. Sherds, point found. Site surveyed 3/2/1970. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CL10

Saylor's Lake. Site off 31 where it crosses U. S. 176 between Sandy Run Creek and Saylor's Lake on Gladis Taylor's land in a plowed field. Sherds, point found. Site surveyed in 1970. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CL11

Early Archaic site just east of U. S. 176 north of where it crosses Big Beaver Creek. Sherds, points found. Site surveyed by Mr. James L. Michie in 1970.

38CL12

Woodland site east of U. S. 176, north of where it crosses Savany Hunt Creek. Sherds found. Surveyed by Mr. James L. Michie in 1958.

38CL13

Site off U. S. 176 where Savany Hunt flows into the Congaree River on a bluff overlooking the river. Points found. Site surveyed by Mr. James L. Michie.

38CL14

Archaic and Woodland site at the end of a dirt road east of where U. S. 176 crosses Big Beaver Creek. Sherds and points found. Site surveyed by Mr. James L. Michie.

38CL15

Archaic and Woodland habitation and refuse site on a pond west of U. S. 176 between Little Beaver Creek and Route 35 on Dixon Brown's land. Sherds, points, flakes, shells found. Site surveyed by Mr. James L. Michie. Also surveyed by Dr. D. R. Sutherland, 5/28/1970.

38CL16

Archaic and Woodland site east of U. S. 176 where 35 goes west, in the fork of Big Beaver Creek and Little Beaver Creek. Points and sherds found. Site surveyed by Mr. James L. Michie.

38CL17

Paleo-Indian to Woodland habitation site on a bluff overlooking the Congaree River where it is closest to road #24. Points, scrapers, sherds found. Site surveyed by Mr. James L. Michie, 6/1970.



38CL18

Mullers Barn Ridge. Located southeast of Mullers Big Lake. Large burial urn donated to Institute by Sammy Lee. Site reported by Sammy Lee August 25, 1971.

38CK20

Archaic site located off U.S. 176 near Mt. Zion cemetery. Flakes, sherds and European ware reported. Site investigated by D. Sutherland and W. S. Ayres, March 7, 1972.

## CHARLESTON COUNTY SITES

### 38CH1

Charles Towne. Indian and European site on Albemarle Point on Old Town Creek, near where it and Orange Grove Creek flow into the Ashley River. Owned by the Tricentennial Commission. Site includes Kiawah Indian ceremonial center, historic redoubt, palisades, earthworks, and the Horry-Lucas Plantation house ruins. Sherds, clay balls, European ware, nails, glass, armor, bones, etc. found. Site of original Charles Towne settlement in 1670. Site excavated by Johnny Miller in 1967-1968 and by Mr. Stanley A. South, 1968 and 1969.

### 38CH2

Jeremy Island. Midden site on the southern end of the island southeast of McClellanville across the Inland Waterway around the #2 benchmark. Shells, bones, vessels found. Material in Charleston Museum. Surveyed August 11, 1934. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:1. Its information is from Salley. Elias Bull's information is from Leland, 1965. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38CH3

Skipper's Point. Historic sewell shell midden in McClellanville on west end of Beakman's Beach. Sherds, points, pipes, shells, bones found. Material in Charleston Museum. Site surveyed in 1916. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:2. Its information is from Gregorie. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38CH4

Burn Site. Historic site under Mr. Cameron Burn's site in Mount Pleasant. Bricks collected. Site excavated by Dr. William E. Edwards, summer, 1966.

### 38CH5

Salt Pond. Shell midden, 22 miles northwest of Cooper River on U. S. 17 - 701, 1.5 miles east of 17 - 701 on State 656, south down a dirt road on Mr. DeWitt King's land. Shell found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:3. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38CH6

Laurel Hill Plantation. Shell midden five and one half miles from McClellanville off U. S. 17 - 701 on a bluff in a plowed field. Area known as St. James Santee. Shell found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:4. It cites Swanton, 1953. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38CH7

Hanckel Shell Ring - also called Leadenwah Creek Mount. Awendaw shell ring on south bank of Leadenwah Creek, one half mile from juncture with Edisto River on Wadmalaw Island. Half of ring eroded, house built on remaining half. Eight feet thick in places. Shells, sherds, bones found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:44. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 9/18/1969. His references are Williams, p. 321 and Waddell. Nominated for National Historic Site Inventory.

38CH8

Porcher's Bluff. Site in a large field northwest of Porcher's Bluff, between Snug Harbor and Jervey's Landing on E. A. Meovus' land, in Christ Church Parish. Site is 8.5 miles east of Cooper River on U.S. 17-701, .7 mile south on State 96, 1.5 miles east to bluff. Site surveyed 1916, 1922, 1925, 1926, 1932, 1939. Sherds, shell, point, hammerstone, discoidal, mortar, drill found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:5. Their information is from Gregorie. Not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH9

Awendaw Mound. Also called Andersonville Shell Midden. 3.5 miles southeast of 17-701 on State 584, then southwest 1.1 miles down Old Andersonville Rd. on Mrs. J. R. King's land. Site disturbed by International Paper Company. Shells, sherds, bones, bead, earthenware, flakes found. Material in Charleston Museum. Site surveyed by Dr. Robert Lunz and E. B. Chamberlain in July 20, 1933. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:6. Its information is from Lawson, 1700, pp. 4-5 and Gregorie, 1925. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH10

Fossil bone deposit on Snee Farm owned by Boone Hall Golf Club, Inc. Site in marsh being drained for a golf course. Bones, point, flakes, shells found. Surveyed by Dr. Stephenson, Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, and Jim Turner, 1969, 1970, 1971.

38CH11

Location of site unknown. Sherds.

38CH12

Lighthouse Point. Stallings Island shell rings with burials on James Island about 1½ miles south of Fort Johnson in a housing development. Material used for roads. Sherds, shells, bones, points, antler, awls, gorget found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:22. Site surveyed by Mr. John Combes, and Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 3/17/1970. Its information is from Drayton, 1802 Hinson and Tuomey.

38CH13

Accabee site on west side of Ashley, South of the north bridge. Sherds found. Site recorded by Dr. Edwards as CH1, 4/10/1964. Surveyed by Mr. S. A. South in the summer of 1969.

38CH14

Horse Island Shell Ring. Stallings Island, Bilbo, Thom's Creek, Deptford shell ring near the mouth of the north Edisto River across Bohicket Creek from Rockville on Dr. and Mrs. James B. Martin's land. Accessible only by water. Sherds, bones, shells found. Material in U.S.N.M. and Charleston Museum. Site surveyed in 1939 by Dr. Robert Lunz. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:13. Its information is from Caldwell, 1952, pp. 312-321. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Gene Waddell, 3/18/1970. Hemmings references are Caldwell, and Williams, 1968. Nominated for National Historic Site Inventory.

38CH15

Shell heap in Charleston between Meeting Street Road and the Powder Magazine. Shells found in 1929. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:15. Not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH16

Village site on James Island near creek, just within gate of Government Reservation, Ft. Johnson Quarantine Station. Shells, sherds, points, pestle found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:16. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH17

Ashley Hall Plantation. Historic house located south of Bull Creek. Bricks collected. Site located by Robert Pauler, Jr. May 20, 1972.

38CH18

Historic latrine pit located near Charlotte and East Bay Streets, Charleston. Colono-Indian pitcher. Photo of pitcher given to Institute by Charles Fairbanks, November 1971.

38CH19

Village site on a small island beyond Folly Gate, Folly Island. Sherds, shell tool found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:19. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH20

Angel Oak. Village site on John's Island between State 700 and County 20, past St. John's Church by Angel Oak on Mrs. B. A. Bolt's land. Points found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:20. Not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH21

Dorchester Terrace. Stallings Island, Thom's Creek, Deptford, Wilmington, Irene. Shell ring and village near Old Town, St. Andrew's Parish, about 100 feet from march on Legare property. Sherds, pipe, antler, worked chert found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:21. Their information is from Tuomey, 1848, p. 199. Not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH23

Buzzard's Island Shell Ring. Stallings Island, Awendaw, Thom's Creek shell ring, 1.3 mile southeast of U.S. 17, 1.3 mile east-northeast of intersection Rifle Range and Porcher Bluff Roads; 0.2 mile northwest of Copahee Sound on P.G. Porcher's land. Largest (diameter) shell ring. Shells, shell tools, bones, sherds, bone awl found. Material in Charleston Museum Staff in 1925. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:23. Its information is from Bragg, 1925. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Gene Waddell, 3/16/1970. Nominated for National Historic Site Inventory.

38CH24

Stratton Place. Shell ring across the driveway from the P. G. Porcher house on Copahee Sound. Axe, mortar, shell tools found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:24. Its information is from Gregorie, 1925. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Gene Waddell, 3/17/70.

38CH26

Site on Racoon Keys near Cape Romain. Sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. Not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH27

Caper's Island. Site in Christ Church Parish, southwest of Bull Island. Sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:27. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH28

Site in Charleston, in Wagner yard at southwest corner of Orange and Broad Streets. Axe found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:28. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH29

Rockville. Shell middens in the Boy Scout Camp on Bohicket Creek two and one half miles northeast of Rockville on Wadmalaw Island. Shells and sherds, glass, brick found in a plowed field. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:29. Not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH30

Boone Hall Plantation. Site on a clay bank opposite Boone Hall Plantation. Sherds, worked chert found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:30. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH31

Magnolia Gardens. Mound half on Magnolia Gardens and half on Runnymede Plantation between State 61 and the Ashley River. Vessels, beads, burials, sherds, points found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:31. Its information is from Walker, 1918. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH32

Wilmington site on Long Island, 1¼ miles west of Folly Island by boat. Sherds, shell hoe found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:32. Not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH33

Bull's Island. Wilmington and Deptford shell midden north of Bull's Island near a large tabbey foundation on Dominick's land near sluice. Shells, sherds, stone, skulls found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:33. Surveyed by W. H. Ritter, 12/6/1938 and by G. Robert Lunz, 4/12/1934. Not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH34

Shell midden on James Island, one fourth mile southwest of U. S. Quarantine Station on southeast side of road behind an old cemetery. Shells and sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH35

Secessionville. Village site on Folly Island on Franklin Seabrook's land. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:35. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH36

Botany Bay Island. Shell midden near the mouth of the North Edisto River back of Botany Bay Island on Julian Mitchell's land. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:36. Surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 7/10/1970.

38CH37

Kiawah Island. Near Wadmalaw and Johns Islands. Site on Mr. Royal's land. Canoe excavated from marsh by Mr. E. M. Buston in 1956. Reported in The News and Courier, 1956, May 19, 22, 24, 26, 31; June 1, 3, 9. Carbon 14 dates  $740 \pm 200$  years old (Crane and Griffin, 1959, pp. 173-198). Canoe, shells found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:37. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH38

Andea Site. Site four miles north of McClellanville on an island in the marsh on Robert L. Edwards' land. Site excavated by Robert Edwards, 1963. Sherds found. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:38. Its information is from Edwards, 1964. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH39

Summerhouse Pond. Shell midden on sandbar extending into the salt marsh near the west end of upper Summerhouse Pond on the south side of Bull's Island. Shells and sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:39. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH40

Cedar Grove. Shell midden on Bull's Island one half mile northeast of boatdock. Sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:40. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH41

Auld Mound. - also called Yough Hall Shell Ring. Shell ring 1.2 miles southeast of U. S. 17; .5 miles south of intersection Rifle Range and Porcher Bluff roads, .5 miles northwest of Hamlin Sound on Mr. Seabrook Aulds and Mrs. Catherine Baitary's land. Shells, bones, sherds found. Site surveyed by A. J. Waring in 1960. Carbon 14 date is 1820 B. C.  $\pm$  130 years (M-1209, Crane and Griffin, 1964). Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:41. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Gene Waddell, 3/16/1970. Their information is from Gregorie, 1925, pp. 16-18. Nominated for National Historic Sites Inventory.

38CH42

Fig Island. Shell ring complex on island at the mouth of Ocella Creek near the mouth of the North Edisto River on Mr. John E. Meyers' land. Shell tools, sherds, shell, bone, carved antler found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:42. Site excavated by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, summer, 1970. Nominated for National Historic Sites Inventory.

38CH45

Mackintosh Mound. Also called Old Fort and Sewee Shell Ring. Site 2.1 miles east-northeast of intersection U. S. 17 and Awendaw School road, 0.2 mile northwest of Inland Waterway, 2.8 miles south of Awendaw on land owned by the U. S. Forest Service. Shells, sherds, bone found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:7. Site excavated by Dr. William E. Edwards (Edwards, 1965). Surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Gene Waddell, 3/16/1970. Nominated for National Historic Sites Inventory.

38CH46

Hobcaw Point. Shell midden on the north side of Molassas Creek on Hobcaw Point at the south end of Wando Drive in a housing development on the land of Mr. S. O. Hawkins. Shells found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:8. Its information is from Gregorie, 1925. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 4/8/1970.

38CH47

Campsite on Ashley Hall Plantation 3.5 mile from U. S. 17 on State 61. Site is north of burnt mansion in a plowed field. Sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:9. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH48

Oak Island. Midden at the end of a road going southeast from State 615, one mile from Folly Island. Sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:10. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH49

Alligator Creek. Site near a borrow pit on 435 where it crosses Alligator Creek, one mile from Awendaw Creek. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:11. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH51

Tabby Ruin. Seventeenth or Eighteenth century house site at the north end of Edisto Island on the North Edisto River on Point of Pines. Reputed to be ruins of Paul Grimbball house burned by the Spanish. Article in The News and Courier, May 19, 1957 by Chalmers S. Murray. Bottle necks found. Site surveyed by Mr. Stanley A. South, spring, 1970.

38CH52

Ceramic occupation site on a slope between two drainage streams one half mile northeast of 38CH10 on Boone Hall Golf Club, Inc. land. Sherds, flakes found. Site surveyed by Dr. Robert L. Stephenson, Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, and Mr. James Turner, 10/16/1969.

38CH53

Wreck of the Mary Bowers. Underwater site. Wreck of a Confederate blockade runner. Earthenware, stoneware, toothbrushes, pins, thread, bottles, ponchos found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH54

Best Friend Tracks. 1830's site. First railroad in the U. S. part beneath lumber sheds of Hughes Lumber Co. 82 Meeting Street, Charleston. Owned by Southern Railway. Remains of cross-ties, sleeper, planks found. Site excavated by Cameron Burn in 1970. Visited by Dr. Stephenson, 2/26/1970.

38CH55

Bull Creek Mound. Prehistoric mound and village site 100 yards south-east of Kennerty house, in the garden on Ashley Hall Plantation on southwest side of Ashley River and east of Ashley River Road (State 61). Land owned by Mrs. W. C. Kennerty. Sherds found. Site visited by Dr. Robert L. Stephenson and Elias Bull, 3/8/1970.

38CH56

Ashley Hall. Historic plantation house site, 150 yards southwest of Kennerty House on southwest side of Ashley River and east of Ashley River Road (State 61) on Mrs. W. C. Kennerty's land. Remains of an eighteenth and nineteenth century mansion, possible remains of seventeenth century mansion. Site visited by Dr. Robert L. Stephenson and Elias Bull, 3/8/1970.

38CH58

Willtown Bluff. - also called New London, Wilton, Willtown, Willstown. Historic underwater site on south Edisto River off Hutton Plantation on Route 55. Historic material found. Material in Willtown Museum. Report, "Willtown or New London" prepared by Palmetto Divers, Inc., cites Smith, 1909, pp. 20-32, Journals of the Commons House of Assembly, 1698, p. 6-7, 1706, pp. 50-51; Pratt, 1704, p. 196; Archdale, 1707, p. 291; Oldmixon, 1708, p. 367; Official Records of Civil War, Chapter XL pp. 194-199. Site visited by Dr. Robert L. Stephenson, Mr. John D. Combes and Mr. Stanley A. South, 7/31/1970.



38CH59

Site in marsh off S. C. 1450 near Edisto Beach State Park. Sherds found. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH60

Awendaw and Woodland shell midden on a small island in the marsh .3 mile northeast of Buzzard's Island (38CH23), owned by Mrs. P. G. Porcher. Sherds, shells found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Gene Waddell, 3/17/1970.

38CH61

Murray's Island. Horse Island shell midden on a small island in the marsh on the north bank of Ocella Creek. .6 miles west of Fig Island (38CH42). Sherds, shells, bone found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Gene Waddell, 3/18/1970.

38CH62

Spanish Mount. Horse Island shell midden on south end of Edisto Island on bank of Scott Creek near confluence with Big Bay Creek in Edisto Beach State Park. Sherds, shell adze found. Site mentioned by Ramsay, 1809, Vol. 2, p. 282. Visited by Dr. Robert L. Stephenson, Mr. Stanley A. South, and John Combes, summer, 1970 and surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 2/12/1970.

38CH63

Tabby Ruin on Johns Island. Well-preserved. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH64

Lawton Bluff Shell Ring. Site near Dr. N. R. Gudmundson's house in Lawton Bluff subdivision across James Island Creek from Harbor View Road. Site visited by Elias Bull, summer, 1970. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH65

Santee Hunting Club Mound. Also called Blakelands. Large shell mound seven miles up the Santee River on Santee Hunting Club land. Shells found. Material in Charleston Museum. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH66

Village site opposite "4-mile" on Disher Farm, north of Charleston. Sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:13. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38CH67

Andell's Bridge. Village or campsite on John's Island, 100 feet from Andell's Bridge on John Andell's land. Sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CH68

Townsend Site. Historic Indian Burial on Mr. Robert Berry's land on the south end of Johns Island across from Kiawah Island. Bones, beads, shells, sherds found. Material in Mrs. Laurie Townsend's collection. Site visited by Dr. Robert L. Stephenson of the Institute 5/24/1971.

38CH69

Fort Johnson. Historic fort on James Island on the Ashley River in Charleston Harbor on South Carolina Wildlife Department land. Site visited by Dr. Robert L. Stephenson of the Institute on May 24, 1971.

38CH70

Delft Dump. Historic site in Charleston under cobbled street above storm sewer near the Provost. Bones, bottles, buttons, pins, tacks, ceramics found. Site excavated by Richard Polhemus of the Institute of Archeology on May 19, 1971.

38CH71

Fort Johnson. Historic military site located on James Island, between Kings Road and Charleston Bay just inside Marine Biology/Wildlife Department property boundary. Brick ruins. Site survey by George Teague of the Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, 10/18/71.

38CH72

Quaker Meeting House. Located on King Street side of City Parking Garage. No visible remains. Elias Bull informant. Site surveyed by George A. Teague, of the Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, 10/18/71.

38CH73

Camp or village site located on Oak Street in McClellanville, South Carolina, in the backyard of McCarley's summer home. Prehistoric and historic sherds. Site surveyed by Dr. Robert L. Stephenson, Director, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, October 19, 1971.

38CH74

Marshlands. Historic structure (house dating from 1810) partially restored on 212 Fort Johnston Road, Charleston. Surveyed by George A. Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology. January 18, 1972.

38CH76

Castle Pinckney. Historic fortification from Colonial to World War II period in Charleston Harbor. Now under restoration by Sons of Confederate Veterans. Comprised earthworks and gun emplacements. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH80

Blake Tenement. Located on Court House Square 2 and 4, Charleston. Said to be one of the first high basement houses, raising the first floor for coolness and safety from floods. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH81

Bleak Hall Plantation. Located off S. C. 174 on Edisto Island. Built in 1798, burned, and only three outbuildings which were built in 1840's are left. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH82

Brick House. Located on Edisto Island, 1.8 miles south of town, east on Brick House Avenue, 1.7 miles. Built c. 1725, two-story brick, Henry IV style house, burned in 1929. Now in ruins. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH83

Branford-Horry House. 59 Meeting Street, Charleston. Three-story Georgian brick, stucco-covered "double-house" plan. Built 1765-67. In excellent altered condition. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH84

Fenwick Hall. Located on John's Island, south on S.C. 171, 4.1 miles to house. Two story Flemish-bond brick over high basement, hipped roof. Built 1730. Has same floor plan as Mulberry Plantation. Has been restored. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH85

Fire-proof Building. Robert Mills designed building, was supposed to be the first building of fire-proof construction in U.S. Now office of S.C. Historical Society. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH86

Edisto Church. Baptist Church built c. 1819-22, two story wooden rectangular structure located north of town of Edisto Island, about 2.6 miles on S.C. 174. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH87

Edisto Island Presbyterian Church. Located north from Edisto Island (town), 1.9 miles on SC 74. Built in 1831. In excellent condition. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH88

Exchange and Provost. Brick structure located at E. Bay at the foot of Broad Street, Charleston. Built in 1771 on the fortification of Half-Moon Battery. Served as customs offices, an arcade, and offices of colonial government. Now the basement contains a museum. Run by the Daughters of the American Revolution. Some excavation has been done in the basement. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH89

Christ Church. Rectangular brick Episcopal church located 4.6 miles northeast of Mt. Pleasant on US 17 on right. Was built in 1726 and used as a stable by Union troops. Wings added to chancel in 1961. In excellent condition. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH90

Citizens and Southern National Bank of South Carolina. Located at 50 Broad Street, Charleston. Two story red brick limestone trimmed, hipped-roof, F-shaped floor plan. Built in 1798. Basement houses Hunley Museum. In excellent condition. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH91

College of Charleston. Chartered in 1785, said to be oldest maniple college in America. Consists of three main buildings. 1) Main building built in 1827, brick Roman Revival style. 2) Gate Lodge in 1852, also Roman Revival. 3) Library in 1854-56. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH92

DuBose-Heyward House. 76 Church Street. Home of author of Porgy. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH93

Middleton Plantation. Located on Edisto Island. Built c. 1830. Two story wooden structure over raised basement. In good condition. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH94

Citadel. 2 Tobacco Street. Built as an arsenal. This stuccoed-brick structure became the S.C. Military Academy in 1842. Between 1865-81 it was occupied by Federal troops. It is once again a Military Academy and addition of wings, buildings and walls have been made. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH95

Building located at 311 King Street, Mt. Pleasant, S. C. Was built as the seat of Berkeley County in 1884 until 1898. At that time a church. It now houses the Guilds Realty Co. This 2 story rectangular stucco over

brick structure is a good example of Victorian commercial architecture. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH96

Old House Plantation. On Edisto Island. Built c. 1735-60, by Wm. Jenkins. It is a one and one half story frame on basement height brick supports structure. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH97

Powder Magazine. Built c. 1703. Stuccoed brick low square building with 4-sided pyramidal roof. The walls are 32" thick. It served as a powder magazine during the Revolution. Later as a wine cellar and in 1902 became the headquarters of the Colonial Dames of Americans in South Carolina. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH98

Presbyterian Manse. Located on Edisto Island. Built in the 1790s, this 2½ story wooden house with a full brick basement has always served as the manse for the Edisto Presbyterian Church. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH99

Thomas Rose House. 57-59 Church Street. Square 2½ story stuccoed-brick structure with hipped roof and dormers. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH100

Nathaniel Russel House. 51 Meeting Street, 3 story brick house built about 1809. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH101

Edward Rutledge House. 117 Broad Street. Home of Signer of the Declaration of Independence for S. C. and elected to the First Continental Congress of 1774. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH102

William Seabrook House. Located on Edisto Island. 2½ story wooden structure over a raised brick basement built in 1810 and designed by James Hoban. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH103

Simmons-Edwards House. (Pineapple Gates) 12-14 Legare Street. Brick 3½ story over brick basement. Built in 1800 by Francis Simmons, the house got its name from the 1816 addition of the iron and wood gates and fence by George Edwards. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH104

St. James-Santee Episcopal Church. Located on the south bank of the Santee south of Georgetown. Built in 1768, brick structure with a rectangular floor plan. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH105

Col. John Stuart House. 104-106 Tradd Street. This three-story wooden house was built in 1772 by John Stuart, commissioner for the Indian Affairs. His property was confiscated in 1775 for his part in the Revolution. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH106

Sword Gate House. 32 Legare and 111 Tradd Street. The original house was comprised of two houses (one brick and one frame), a garden, and a brick kitchen. However, at present the two houses are owned separately; the brick one being a motel and the kitchen has been remodeled. The garden is no longer. The name comes from the iron gate added in 1849. National Register for Historic Places.

38CH107

Trinity Episcopal Church. Located on Edisto Island, 19th century 1876 one story wooden building with inserted steeple built on the ground level.

38CH108

Heyward-Washington House. 87 Church Street, Built in 1770-72. This three story Georgian town or "double-house" was used by George Washington during his trip south. In 1929 the house came to the Charleston Museum and was restored. National Register for Historic Places.

## CHEROKEE COUNTY SITES

### 38CK1

Green Bethel. Archaic soapstone quarry about four and one half miles north-northeast of Pacolet near Green Bethel School. Quartzite tool found. Excavated by Lowman and Wheatley, 1/ 1970. Lowman and Wheatley's site number 8. (1970, pp. 6-11). Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on USGS Spartanburg Quad Map by Lowman and Wheatley.

### 38CK2

Cherokee Iron Works. Also called Coopersville, ca. 1748 - 1820. Iron works on west bank of Broad River and along Peoples Creek, six mile due east of Gaffney. Furnaces, canal, buildings, dumps found. Site visited by Stanley South and John Combes, 7/ 1970. Nominated for National Historic Sites Inventory.

### 38CK3

Cherokee Iron Works. 1748 Iron Foundry between Broad River and State 50 on canal at Cherokee Ford. Site includes graveyard, office building, tavern, furnace, factory complex, canal. Surveyed by Mr. Stanley A. South, summer, 1970.

## CHESTER COUNTY SITES

### 38CS2

McCollum Mound and House Site. Also called Turkey Creek Mound, Lockhart Mound and Village. Lamar and Savannah mound and village site on the east bank of the Broad River, 1350 feet north of Turkey Creek on land owned by the Lockhart Power Company. Mica ornaments, sherds, sticks, posts, bones, awl, nails, figurine, points, bottle, daub, flakes found. Material in U.S.N.M. and Charleston Museum. Site tested by Dr. Edward Palmer of the Bureau of American Ethnology in 1884. There is an unpublished report by Rogan of the site in the National Anthropological Archives of the Smithsonian Institution (MS No. 2400). Dr. Caldwell has notes on the site. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:CH:1. Its information is from Thomas, 1891. The site was surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards and Mr. D. J. Robertson in 1965 and 1966. It was surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 4/15/1971. Nominated for the National Historic Sites Inventory.

### 38CS3

Fairground Site. Well site on fairgrounds. Pottery parrot found in 1881. Material in U.S.N.M. Mentioned in Dr. Caldwell's notes. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38CS4

Archaic site on and around the road leading to the lower lock of Landsford Canal on Duke Power Company land. Points, bifaces, grinding stone found. Site surveyed by Mr. Paul E. Brockington, 2/6/1970.

### 38CS5

Landsford Canal. Eighteenth century canal west of the Catawba River and east of Highway 327 at the end of Highway 330 east of the town of Landsford. Point, padlock found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Mr. Paul E. Brockington, December, 1969.

### 38CS6

James Bankhead Site. Archaic workshop .3 mile west of State Highway 901 to north of dirt road leading from Hebron Church to Tate's house in the Stover Branch - Little Rocky Creek drainage on Mr. James Bankhead's land. Points, flakes, unifaces, bifaces found. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly in 1970. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

### 38CS7

Archaic site west of Route 901 in the Stover Branch - Little Rocky Creek Drainage ca. 500 yards northwest of Mr. William Tate's house. Points found. Site tested by Mr. John Kelly and Mr. Dan Roberts, fall, 1968. Not investigated by the Institute but site specifically located on Chester County Highway Map by Mr. John Kelly.



38CS8

Archaic site at the end of the old pulpwood road northwest of Mr. William Tate's house, northwest of 38CS7 in the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Site surveyed in 1967 by John Kelly. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS9

Archaic site west of State 901, north of Yadkin Road, northeast of 38CS6 in the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage on Mr. James Bankhead's land. Points, sherds found. Site tested by Mr. John Kelly in 1970. Not investigated by the Institute but site specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by Mr. John Kelly.

38CS10

Archaic site about one fourth mile east of State 901 behind Mr. Austin Young's house in the Hodges Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Core, flake, point found. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly in the fall of 1967. Not investigated by the Institute but site specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS11

Archaic site east of State 901 on a pond on Mr. Austin Young's land in the Hodges Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Flakes, cores found. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly, Fall, 1967. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS12

Archaic site east of State 901, southeast of 38CS10 on Mr. Austin Young's land in the Hodges Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage on the south side of a ridge. Flakes found. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly, Fall, 1967. Not investigated by the Institute but site specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS13

Archaic site east of State 901 behind William Bankhead's house on a dam in a pond. Flakes, point found. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly. Not investigated by the Institute but site specifically located on Chester County Highway Map by Mr. John Kelly.

38CS14

Archaic site east of State 901, south of Austin Young's house on William Bankhead's land in the Hodges Branch - Little Rocky Creek Drainage on a ridge overlooking the pond. Flakes, point found. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly, Fall, 1967.

38CS15

Archaic and Woodland site, one fourth mile west of State 901 behind James Bankhead's house where pulpwood road crosses telephone right of way on an east-west ridge. Flakes, points found. Site surveyed by John Kelly, summer, 1970. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located by John Kelly on Chester County Highway Map.

38CS16

Archaic site west of 38CS15 and State 901 on same side as 38CS15 on James Bankhead's land in the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly, summer, 1970. Not investigated by the Institute but site specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS17

Archaic site west of State 901, west-southwest of 38CS6, across the branch from 38CS43, on Sylvester Bankhead's land in the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly, summer, 1970. Not investigated by the Institute but site specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by Kelly.

38CS18

Archaic site west of State 901 between the two James Bankhead houses in the Hodges Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS19

Archaic site west of State 901, northwest of 38CS17 on Sylvester Bankhead's land in the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by Kelly.

38CS20

Archaic campsite west of State 901 and 375 feet west of 38CS17 on Sylvester Bankhead's land in the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly in 1967. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS21

Archaic campsite west of State 901 and 150 feet northwest of 38CS20 on Sylvester Bankhead's land in the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly, fall, 1967. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located by Kelly on the Chester County Highway Map.

38CS22

Archaic and Woodland site west of State 901 and 900 feet northwest of 38CS19 on Sylvester Bankhead's land in the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly. Not investigated by the Institute but site specifically located by John Kelly on the Chester County Highway Map.

38CS23

Archaic site west of State 901, northwest of 38CS22 on Sylvester Bankhead's land in the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS24

Archaic site west of State 901, northwest of 38CS23 on the north side of the branch, on Sylvester Bankhead's land in the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly, summer, 1970. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS25

Archaic site west of State 901 and north of 38CS22 on road going north. On Sylvester Bankhead's land in the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Point found. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS26

Archaic site west of State 901 in field west of James Bankhead's house in Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on Chester County Map by John Kelly.

38CS27

Archaic site west of State 901, south of 38CS15 on James Bankhead's land in the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Flakes found. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly. Not investigated by the Institute, but site specifically located on Chester County Highway Map by Mr. John Kelly.

38CS28

Archaic site west of State 901 about 150 feet west of 38CS27 on James Bankhead's land in the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Flakes found. Site surveyed by Mr. John Kelly. Not investigated by the Institute but site specifically located on Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS29

Archaic site west of State 901 and north of Hebron Presbyterian Church cemetery in the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Site surveyed by John Kelly. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS30

Woodland and Archaic site west of State 901 and north of 38CS9 on James Bankhead's land in the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Flakes and sherds found. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS31

Archaic and Woodland site west of State 901 behind William Tate's house on the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Points found. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS32

Archaic site west of State highway 901, southeast of 38CS24 on Sylvester Bankhead's land on the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Points and flakes found. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS33

Archaic site west of State 901 and south of 38CS34 on James Bankhead's land on the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Point and flakes were found. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on Chester County Highway Map by Kelly.

38CS34

Archaic site west of State 901 and south of 38CS16 on James Bankhead's land on the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Flakes found. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS35

Archaic site north of Highway 58 on the Little Rocky Creek - Rocky Creek Drainage. Flake and point found. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS36

Archaic and Woodland site north of Landsford Canal recreation area and west of canal on Duke Power Company land on the Catawba River. Points, flakes, sherds found. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS37

Archaic site south of 38CS36 on Duke Power Company land on the Catawba River. Points and flakes found. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS38

Archaic and Woodland site north of Landsford Canal Recreation area on Duke Power Company land on the Catawba River. Points, flakes, sherds found. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS39

Archaic site off Highway 334 west of Catawba River on Duke Power Company land. Points found. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS40

Archaic site north of Landsford Canal Recreation area on Duke Power Company land. Point and flakes found. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically locate on Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS41

Archaic site in suburban area south of State Highway 9 bypass and between U.S. 321 and County 16 on Mr. Rudy Hall's land on the Caney Fork - Sandy River Drainage. In a suburban area. Flakes found. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS42

Archaic site west of State 901 behind Sylvester Bankhead's house on the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. May be part of 38CS6. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS43

Archaic site west of State 901 behind Sylvester Bankhead's house on the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS44

Archaic site north of County 143 and northeast of Mill's house on pulpwood company land on the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Chester County Highway Map by John Kelly.

38CS46

Woodland site three miles northwest of Fort Lawn on Fishing Creek near Landsford Canal on Jimmy Nunnery's land. Points, flakes, sherds found. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CS47

Site off Highway 21, two miles from Fort Lawn and two miles from the Catawba River. Points and flakes found. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CS48

Site on north bank of South Fork Creek, northwest of the highway. Points found. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CS49

Fishdam Ford. Prehistoric and historic fish weir on the Broad River, 100 feet north of the S.C. 72 bridge. Site of Revolutionary War battle. Nominated for the National Register. Surveyed by Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 8/5/1971.

38CS50

Woods Site. Archaic campsite located on Atlantic Richfield Property near Leeds, S.C. One Savannah River point. Site investigated by T. M. Ryan, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, August 1971.

38CS51

Small Archaic camp located north of Route 72. Quartz flakes and one broken Savannah River point. Site investigated by T. M. Ryan, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, August 1971.

38CS52

Fishdam Ford Battlefield. Historic Revolutionary Ware battlefield site located on east bank of Broad River  $\frac{1}{4}$  mile north of S.C. 72. Site investigated by T. M. Ryan, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, August 1971.

38CS53

Historic house ruins. Located near 38CS52. Glass and ceramics. Site investigated by T. M. Ryan, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, August 1971.

38CS54

Historic house ruins near 38CS52 and 38CS53. Site marked by the presence of rotting, saw-cut lumber. Site investigated by T. M. Ryan, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, August 1971.

38CS55

McCollum Fish Weir. V-shaped rock alignment in the middle of the Broad River, 500 feet south of the Lockhart Power Company. Site surveyed by Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 5/1971.

38CS56

Historic site east of 38CS2 and north of Turkey Creek on Lockhart Power Company Land. Concrete foundations found. Site surveyed by Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 6/17/1971.

38CS57

Cane Press. Folk site on northeast side of Highway 25 approximately one half mile from S.C. 121. Mule-driven cane presses observed. Site surveyed by Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 4/1971.

38CS58

Historic house site near 38CS54. Lumber, chimney, ceramics. Site investigated by T. M. Ryan, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, August 1971.

38CS59

Lewis Inn. Located on S.C. 909 off S.C. 72. Built c. 1750, two-story inn of dovetailed logs. Aaron Burr was to have stayed here on his way to Richmond for trial. National Register for Historic Places.

38CS60

Chester City Hall. On the corner of West End and Columbia Street. Four-story brick structure built 1890-91 in the Romanesque Revival style. Contained the opera house as well as city hall offices. National Register for Historic Places.

38CS61

Catholic Presbyterian Church. Located southeast of Chester off S.C. 97 on county road 355. Rectangular homemade-brick building with field stone foundation completed in 1842. In excellent condition with little alteration. National Register for Historic Places.

38CS62

Elliott House. Located north of Richburg on county road 136. Originally a log structure built c. 1770, with later additions. In good condition. National Register for Historic Places.

38CS63

Rocky Mount. Located at Land's Ford Canal. Lock-Keeper's house. European wares. Test excavation by Richard Carrillo, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, June 1972.

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY SITES

38CT1

St. David's Episcopal Church. Church St., Cheraw. Frame structure built 1770-1773 with a frame tower added in early 19th century. National Register for Historic Places.

38CT2

Hall McCallum Site. On an island in Harris's Creek, 200 yards below the Harris Creek Bridge. Charleston Museum site number SC:CF:2. Pots, atlatl weight, points found. Material in Hall McCallum and Gene Waddell collections. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CT3

Site at Boy Scout Camp Coker, five miles west of Society Hill. Charleston Museum site number SC:CF:1. Sherds found. Material in Gene Waddell collection and Charleston Museum collection. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.



## CLARENDON COUNTY SITES

### 38CR1

Fort Watson, also known as Wright's Bluff. Three Archaic, Early Woodland and recent temple and burial mounds, and Revolutionary battle site. One mile northwest of U.S. 15 - 301 near Wildlife Patrol Station on the Santee Wildlife Reserve on the shore of Lake Marion. Lake washing site away. Charleston Museum site number SC:CL:7. Elias Bull's site number 320-23-1, 327-271-1. The Charleston Museum reports a survey by the Smithsonian. It also refers to Lawson, Johnson, 1842, Lossing, 1852, pp. 706-707; The News and Courier, September 10, 1933, "Ft. Watson in Clarendon, captured by Frances Marion, Sunday, November 26, 1950. "Fort Watson Has Pre-Revolutionary History." Site surveyed by Elias Bull. The Charleston Museum fieldwork was directed by Dr. Robert Lunz, 1959 - 1961. R. J. Lyons collected the site in 1959. Ocmulgee has a collection by Kelly from the 6-17-40 survey of the Santee-Cooper Dam. Sherds, points, celts, beads, counters, abraiding stones, daub, shells, hoes, bone, awls, gorget, vessels, effigies found. Material in Charleston Museum, Ocmulgee National Monument, Tommy Hiers, D. M. Mackintosh, Robert LaFaye, Robert Cuthbert, J.V. Peters, and Joe Newark collections. Site surveyed by Mr. Stanley A. South in 1963, and Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings in 1969.

### 38CR2

Deptford site north of Santee River in I-95 cut. Sherds found. Site surveyed by Mr. Stanley A. South in 1965.

### 38CR3

Site on a peninsula and several islands at the northeast corner of Lake Marion on G. T. Floyd's land. Charleston Museum site number SC:CL:1. Points, sherds, iron axe, beads found. Material in Charleston Museum, Gene Waddell, Danny O'Sheen, D. M. Mackintosh, Bob LaFaye collections. Site surveyed by Elias Bull. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38CR4

Pine Island. Site in Lake Marion about seven miles southwest of Summerton on U.S. 15 - 301 and five miles east of U.S. 15 - 301. Charleston Museum site number SC:CL:4. Sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum, Gene Waddell collections. Site surveyed by Elias Bull. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38CR5

Hope Point. Site near 38CR4. Charleston Museum site number SC:CL:5. Material in Charleston Museum, Gene Waddell collections. Site surveyed by Elias Bull. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38CR6

Wet Foot Inlet - also called Prince's Pond. Site is five miles past Santee Church and south to Lake Marion on Prince's Pond Club land. Charleston Museum site number SC:CL:6. Material in Charleston Museum and Bob LaFaye collections. Site surveyed by Elias Bull. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38CR7

Davis Crossroads. Site on Lake Marion, south-southwest of Davis Crossroads and St. James Church and School. Charleston Museum site number SC:CL:3. Material in Gene Waddell, D. M. Mackintosh collections. Site surveyed by Elias B. Bull. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CR8

Waddell's Stretch. Site about three fourths of a mile east of Prince's Pond on Lake Marion. Charleston Museum site number SC:CL:8. Material in Charleston Museum, Gene Waddell collections. Site surveyed by Elias B. Bull. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CR9

Manning Site. Charleston Museum site number SC:CL:9 Points, sherds, found. Material in Charleston Museum, Stuart Mackintosh, Gene Waddell collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CR10

McLeod's Landing. Site on north side of Wyboo Creek 2.5 miles south of Jordan on State 260. Charleston Museum site number SC:CL:10. Material in Charleston Museum, Gene Waddell collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CR11

Workman's Landing. Thom's Creek village midden north of Fort Watson. Charleston Museum site number SC:CL:11. Material in Charleston Museum, D.M. Mackintosh, Robert LaFaye, Gene Waddell collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CR12

Island #1. Site above 38CR11. Charleston Museum site number SC:CL:12. Material in Charleston Museum, Gene Waddell, Don Mackintosh, Robert LaFaye collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CR13

Island #2. Site above 38CR12. Charleston Museum site number SC:CL:13. Material in Charleston Museum, Gene Waddell, Don Mackintosh, Robert LaFaye collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CR14

Prince's Pond. Lamar, Savannah, Jeremy burial site on the Charleston side of the U.S. 15 causeway. Charleston Museum site number SC:CL:14. Elias Bull's site number 14VT2, 9, 820-23-2. Vessels, sherds, bones, shell hoes, points, scraper, pipes, clay balls, hammerstone, gaming disc found. Material in Charleston Museum, Jimmy Skinner, Hungerpillar, Zeigler, LaFaye collections. Site surveyed by Elias Bull. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CR15

Polly Cantey Bay. Southeast on the point into Lake Marion. Charleston Museum site number SC:CL:15. Material in D.M. Mackintosh, Gene Waddell, Robert LaFaye, Charleston Museum collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CR16

Pocotaligo Swamp. Site between Pocotaligo River and U.S. 521. Charleston Museum site number SC:CR:16. Material in Gene Waddell collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CR17

Polly Canty Pond. Site 250 yards south of Polly's Landing on Polly Cantey Pond on Lake Marion. Sherds found. Material in D. M. Mackintosh, Robert LaFaye, Gene Waddell collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CR18

Potato Creek. Savannah, Deptford, Brewton Hill, Wilmington, Irene, Thom's Creek, Santee site on Lake Marion. Charleston Museum site number SC:CL:2. Vessels, sherds, points, shell, bones found. Material in Charleston Museum, Gene Waddell, D. M. Mackintosh, Danny O'Steen collections. Site surveyed by Elias Bull. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38CR19

Persanti Island. Lamar burial site on an island in Lake Marion three miles northwest of Fort Watson. Eroded and depleted by pothunters. Vessels, sherds, bones found. Site surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards in 1963.

38CR20

Site between Manning and Kingstree, 13 miles from Kingstree on the Sumter highway on Mrs. Raymond Harrington's land. Points, sherds, flakes found. Site surveyed by Richard Polhemus in January, 1970.

38CR22X

Part of 38CR3.

38CR23X

Part of 38CR3.

## COLLETON COUNTY SITES

### 38CN1

Parker's Ferry. Historic earthworks on the Edisto River, 9.9 miles southeast of Walterboro and 8.5 miles east of State 64. China sherds brick pile found. Site visited by Dr. Stephenson, 2/17/1969.

### 38CN2

Green Pond Site. Historic earthworks and cemetery 7.4 miles south of Green Pond on County 161 at the upper end of the Chehaw River. Site visited by Dr. Stephenson, 2/17/1969.

### 38CN3

Underwater site in the Ashepoo River, two miles east of Highway 17. Bottles, mug, pitcher, pipes, bone, point found. Material in Lee Spence's collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38CN4

Canady's Bridge. Late Archaic site, 300 yards down the Edisto River from Canady's Bridge. Atlatl weight found. Material in Sammy Lee collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38CN10

Old Colleton County Jail. Historic jail located in Walterboro, S.C. National Register for Historic Places.

### 38CN11

Colleton County Courthouse. Historic brick stuccoed building built in 1820. Located in Walterboro, S. C. National Register for Historic Places.

### 38CN12

Isaac Hayne Hall. Site of the home, burned in 1858 of Isacc Hayne. Located SE of Walterboro, S.C. National Register for Historic Places.

### 38CN13

Pon Pon Chapel. Historic brick church built c. 1832 to replace an older wooden structure at the same site. Is presently in ruins. Located on Parker's Ferry Road. National Register for Historic Places.

### 38CN14

Walterboro Library Society Building. One story frame building built in 1820, which houses the Walterboro Library Society. Located in Walterboro, S. C. National Register for Historic Places.

## DARLINGTON COUNTY SITES

### 38DA1

High Hill Creek. Paleo-Indian, Archaic, Woodland, and Irene site on High Hill Creek ca. four miles north of Florence. Charleston Museum site number SC:DA:1. Flakes, sherds, points, bone, gorget found. Material in Charleston Museum, Gene Waddell, Danny O'Steen, E. N. Zeigler, Tommy Hiers, Robert LaFaye, Tom Edwards, D. M. Mackintosh collections. Charleston Museum surveys directed by Gene Waddell and Robert LaFaye, 11/12/1959 and 4/8/1961. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38DA2

Steer Branch. Site east of U.S. 52 - 401 on Steer Branch. Charleston Museum site number SC:DA:1 DLT-1. Material in Charleston Museum. Site visited by Charleston Museum staff, 3/2/1960. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38DA3

Back Swamp. Site north of fishpond on Ervin Dargan's farm, two miles northwest of Darlington - Florence County line of State 173. Charleston Museum site number SC:DA:3. Material in Charleston Museum, Gene Waddell, Danny O'Steen, Robert LaFaye collections. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38DA4

Cedar Creek. Site east of U.S. 52, one-half mile south of U.S. 15 and U.S. 52 junction below Society Hill. Charleston Museum site number SC:DA:4. Material in Gene Waddell, D. M. Mackintosh, Charleston Museum collections. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38DA5

Long Bluff. Historic town site near Society Hill on the Pee Dee River. Bricks found. Site visited by Dr. Stephenson, 3/1/1970.

### 38DA6

Rectangle Site, also called Williamson Fort. Historic earthworks one-fourth mile south of Williamson Bridge over Black Creek, 200 yards east of county road 35 on Larry Edwards' land. Sword found. Material in Charlie Owens collection. Site visited by Dr. Stephenson, 3/2/1970.

### 38DA7

Mound site across county road 35 from big pond. Sherds and points found. Material in Ned Dargan collection. Site visited by Dr. Stephenson, 3/3/1970.

### 38DA8

Williamson Site. Woodland village or campsite on edge of Pee Dee Swamp near Byrd's Island on Fred Williamson's land. Sherds, points, flakes found. Visited by Dr. Stephenson, 3/2/1970.

38DA9

Tifton Site. Site on Tifton Golf Course, north of High Hill Creek east of State 112. Sherds, points, bones found. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38DA10

Dargan's Pond. Wilmington and Savannah site, east of Ervin Dargan's fish pond just north of dam, two miles from western Florence County line. Sherds, points, scrapers found. Material in Ervin Dargan collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38DA11

Jacob Kelly House. Located on S.C. 12 Kellytown Community. Owned by the Darlington Co. Historical Commission. Originally a one story log house predating 1830, in 1830-1840 additions were made to enlarge it with two two story annexes. National Register for Historic Places.

38DA12

Mose's Place. Site ten miles north of Darlington on Bright Williamson's land near Pee Dee River Swamp. Sherds found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38DA13

New Dam Site. Site one half mile northeast of Big Dam Site on Ervin Dargan's farm. Sherds, points, scrapers found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38DA14

Little Canal Site. Site three-fourths of a mile northeast of Big Dam Site on Ervin Dargan's land. Sherds found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38DA15

Field 16. Site one and on-tenth of a mile southeast of Mechanicsville Road on Ervin Dargan's farm. Sherds found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38DA16

Flora Field. Site one and four-tenths miles southeast of Mechanicsville Road on Ervin Dargan's Farms. Sherds, point found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38DA17

Savannah Field. Site 3/10 mile north-northwest of 38DA3 near a pond. Sherds, points found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

## DILLON COUNTY SITES

### 38DN1

Little Pee Dee. Site 1.5 miles from Fork, S. C. on the Little Pee Dee. Charleston Museum site number SC:DI:1. Material in Charleston Museum. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38DN2

Early Cotton Gin. Located west of intersection of S.C. 917 and 38 near Lotta. Built and located at Berry's Crossroads in 1798. Moved to present location in 1850. National Register for Historic Places.

### 38DN3

James W. Dillion House. 1302 W. Main Street, Dillion. Two story frame house built by the founder of the town of Dillion and namesake of the county. House was moved from original location. National Register for Historic Places.

## DORCHESTER COUNTY SITES

### 38DR1

Site at Miss Glover's Camp on the Edisto River in Givhans State Park. Sherds, point found. Material in Charleston Museum. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38DR2

Four Hole Swamp. Site west of stream at crossing of Highways 78 and 178. Sherds and flakes found. Site surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards.

### 38DR3

Old Dorchester. Historic town site on State land on the Ashley River. Bottles, ceramics, brick found. Material in Lee Spence, Mark David, collections. Site surveyed by Dr. Stephenson and Mr. Stanley South, 11/1968.

### 38DR4

Fort Dorchester. Tabby and brick fort located near 38DR3 on the Ashley River. Test excavations were carried out under the direction of Richard Carrillo, May and June 1972.

### 38DR14

Sprucewood Site, also called Westo Savannah. Historic Westo village site south of State 61, two miles west of Bacon's Bridge turn-off and .9 mile west of Sprucewood housing development. Elias Bull's reference is Smith. Site visited by Dr. Stephenson, 3/8/1970.

### 38DR15

Newington Plantation. 18th c. plantation house ruin located on edge of Town of Summerville, off Bacon's Bridge. Formerly "Lady Blake's House." Remains - brick rows and foundations, china, glass, and brick. Site needs testing.\*: R. L. Stephenson, surveyed 4/24/71. \*Site presently being tested by Richard Polhemus of Institute of Archeology staff, 8/1972.

### 38RD16

Middleton Place. 14 miles northwest of Charleston on S.C. 61. Original house was built in 1755 and consisted of a three story central building with two stroy flankers. The south flanker is all that is left of this structure. Built by Henry Middleton, it was and still is renown for its gardens which contain the first camellias brought to this country in 1785 by Andre Michaux. National Register for Historic Places.



## EDGEFIELD COUNTY SITES

### 38ED1

Site on Willis Place, two miles west of where Highway 430 crosses Turkey Creek. Quartz artifacts, bannerstones found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38ED5

Shell mound opposite Stallings Island on north bank of Savannah River. Charleston Museum Site number SC:ED:5. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38ED6

Fox Creek. Shell deposit on the north bank of the Savannah River at the mouth of Fox Creek on West Point. Charleston Museum site number SC:ED:6. Its reference is Claflin, 1931, pp. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38ED7

Walton's Island. Site on Walton's Island in the Savannah River above North Augusta. Charleston Museum site number SC:ED:1. Their reference is Claflin, 1931. The site was washed away by a flood in 1908. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38ED8

Site on north bank of Savannah River, .3 miles east of C&WCRR crossing. Charleston Museum site number SC:ED:2. Its reference is Claflin, 1931. Site washed away in a flood of 1908. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38ED9

Big Stevens Creek. Shell midden. Charleston Museum site number SC:ED:3. Its information is from Claflin, 1931. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38ED10

West Stevens Creek. Site on west side of Big Stevens Creek at road. Charleston Museum site number SC:ED:4. Its information is from Claflin, 1931. Site almost completely destroyed by road. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38ED11

Pottersville Kiln. Historic kiln site one mile north of Edgefield, east of State 430. Alkaline glazed sherds found. Site surveyed by Stanley South, 4/1970.

### 38ED12

Big Steven's Creek Baptist Church. About eight miles from North Augusta on SC 230. Rectangular clapboard, on fieldstone foundation structure built c. 1776. It has a handhewn interior and is of the "Meeting House Style." Good condition. National Register for Historic Places.

38ED13

Blocker House. Northwest of Edgefield on US 25. Two story clapboard structure built in 1775. Owned by Miss Mary Hughes. National Register for Historic Places.

38ED14

Cedar Grove. Five miles northwest of Edgefield on US 25. Built c. 1790 by J. Blocker, this two story clapboard house contains a private museum. Miss Sally Mae Nicholson owner. National Register for Historic Places.

38ED15

Horn Creek Baptist Church. Located south of Edgefield. Wooden rectangular clap-board structure with fieldstone foundation piers built in 1790. In excellent unaltered condition. Open for special services.

38ED20

Archaic site located on southwest of S-3-34 approximately 1-1½ mile from intersection with US 25. Site surveyed by L. Ferguson. May 1971.

38ED21

Site located approximately .2 mile from intersection with S-3-34 on left side where three creeks converge. Site not surveyed as Strum's (owners) will not allow. Site reported by L. Ferguson, May 1971.

## FAIRFIELD COUNTY SITES

### 38FA1

Blair Bottom. Site near Blair. Sherds found. Site surveyed by Dr. Wm E. Edwards, 9/20/1962. Exact location uncertain.

### 38FA2

Mound near Blair. Metal, glass, sherds, stone, artifacts, historic ceramics found. Site surveyed by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards. Exact location uncertain.

### 38FA3

Harrison's Mound. Lamar village site on west bank of Wateree River at Longtown on Judge Harrison's land. Now under Wateree pond. Vessels found. Site mentioned by Dr. Caldwell. He cites Blanding. The Charleston Museum surveyed the site in 1918. It cites Thomas, 1891, Stuart, 1967, cites Squier and Davis, 1848 and Pepper, 1924. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38FA4

Archaic and Woodland site north of County 52 and west of County 89 on Tom Raines' land on the Hodges Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Sherds found. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

### 38FA5

Archaic site south of County 32 and west of Pope Road on pulpwood company land, on Big Wateree Creek drainage. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

### 38FA6

Archaic site south of County 32 on pulpwood company land on Big Wateree Creek drainage. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

### 38FA7

Archaic site north of County 52 and west of County 89 on the Hodges Branch - Rocky Creek drainage. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

### 38FA8

Archaic site north of County 52 and west of County 89 on the Hodges Branch - Rocky Creek Drainage. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

### 38FA9

Archaic site south of County 32 in Big Wateree Creek drainage on pulpwood company land. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA10

Archaic site north of Highway 32 in the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek drainage on pulpwood company land. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA11

Archaic site west of State 901, south of Sylvester Bankhead's house on the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek drainage. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA12

Archaic site south of County 52 on Towell Williams' land in the Big Wateree Creek drainage. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA13

Archaic site south of County 52 on Towell Williams' land in the Big Wateree Creek drainage. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA14

Archaic site west of State 901 on Sylvester Bankhead's land on the Stover Branch - Rocky Creek drainage. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA15

Woodland site south of State 34 on Edward Stevenson's land in the Jackson Creek - Little River drainage. Points found. Material in Richard and Michael Kelly collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA16

Archaic site west of County 54, north of Jackson Creek in the Jackson Creek - Little River drainage on Edward Stevenson's land. Point found. Material in Richard and Michael Kelly collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA17

Archaic and Woodland site east of County 101 on the Wateree Pond on Duke Power Co. land. Points, flakes, sherds found. Material in John Kelly collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA18

Archaic site west of County 234 between Camp Welfare and Big Wateree Creek on pulpwood company land. Flake found. Material in John Kelly collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA19

Archaic site east of 234 between Camp Welfare and Big Wateree Creek on pulpwood company land. Flakes and historic ceramics found. Material in John Kelly collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA20

Archaic site east of County 234 between Camp Welfare and Big Wateree Creek on pulpwood company land. Flakes found. Material in John Kelly collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA21

Archaic site south of County 32 and west of Pope Road in the Big Wateree Creek drainage on pulpwood company land. Scraper, flakes found. Material in John Kelly collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA22

Archaic site south of County 32 and south of Pope Road in the Big Wateree Creek drainage on pulpwood company land. Points, flakes, scrapers found. Material in John Kelly collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA23

Archaic site south of County 32, southwest of Pope Road in the Big Wateree Creek drainage on pulpwood company land. Point, flakes found. Material in John Kelly collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA24

Archaic site south of County 32, west of Pope Road in the Big Wateree Creek drainage on pulpwood company land. Flakes found. Material in John Kelly collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA25

Archaic site south of County 32, north and south of Pope Road in the Big Wateree Creek Drainage on pulpwood company land. Flakes and point found. Material in John Kelly collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA26

Archaic site south of County 32, southwest of Graham Road in the Big Wateree Creek drainage on pulpwood company land. Point, flakes found. Material in John Kelly collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA27

Archaic site south of County 32 and southwest of Graham Road in the Big Wateree Creek drainage on pulpwood company land. Flakes found. Material in John Kelly collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA28

Archaic site south of County 32 and southwest of Graham Road in the Big Wateree Creek Drainage on pulpwood company land. Point, flakes found. Material in John Kelly collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA29

Archaic site west of County 257 in the Broad River drainage on Ed Stevenson's land. Flakes, cores, scrapers, point found. Material in John Kelly collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA30

Archaic site in northern Parr off County 16 in Broad River drainage on South Carolina Electric and Gas Company land. Points found. Site not investigated by Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA31

Archaic site on either side of State 34 in the Jackson Creek - Little River drainage on Ed Stevenson's land. Material in John Kelly collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA32

Archaic site south of State 34, one fourth of a mile southwest of 38FA31 in the Jackson Creek - Little River drainage on Ed Stevenson's land. Material in John Kelly collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA33

Archaic and Woodland site west of Monticello in the Frees Creek drainage on Charles Burley's land. Material in John Kelly collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Highway Map by Kelly.

38FA34

Site north of County 52 and west of State 200 around Tom Raines' pond in the Turkey Branch - Rocky Creek drainage. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Fairfield County Map by Kelly.

38FA35

Archaic site four miles north of Ridgeway, east of US 21 and north of Dutchman's Creek. Points, flakes, nutting stone found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 6/10/1971.

38FA36

Savannah River (?) site located near Winnsboro, SC. Points and worked chert. Site investigated by George Teague, Institute of Archeology.

38FA37

Archaic site located east of SC 257 near Broad River and Frees Creek. One Guilford midsection (?) and three quartz flakes. Survey by George Teague and John Jameson, February 10, 1972 for South Carolina Electric and Gas.

38FA38

Archaic site located in the Parr Reservoir area. One Morrow Mountain point fragment and quartz flakes. Survey conducted by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February to July 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38FA39

Archaic site located near 38FA38 in the Parr Reservoir Area. One Morrow Mountain point and quartz flakes. Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February to July 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38FA40

Archaic site located near 38FA39 in the Parr Reservoir area. One Savannah River point and quartz flakes. Survey conducted by George Teague of Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February to July 1972, sponsored by the South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38FA41

McMeekin Shelter. Archaic (?) Woodland rock shelter near 38FA42 in the Monticello Reservoir Area. One large quartz core. Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February to July 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38FA42

Archaic site located near 38FA41 in the Monticello Reservoir Area. One point base, biface fragment and three quartz flakes. Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February - July, 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38FA43

Archaic site located near 38FA46 in the Monticello Reservoir Area. One Savannah River base, biface fragment, and flakes. Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February - July 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38FA44

Archaic (?) site located near 38FA30 in Parr Reservoir Area. Slate flake and quartz flakes. Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February - July 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38FA45

Archaic site located near 38FA38 in Parr Reservoir Area. Biface fragments, points and flakes. Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February - July 1972, sponsored by the South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38FA46

Archaic site in Frees Creek Bottom land in Monticello Reservoir Area. Savannah River points and quartz flakes. Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, sponsored by the South Carolina Electric and Gas Company, February - July 1972.

38FA47

Archaic (?) site located east of Frees Creek on the edge of Monticello Reservoir Area. Flakes. Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February - July 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38FA48

Blair Mound. Mississippian mound located on the Broad River north of Enoree River. Sherds, points and flakes. Test excavations were conducted by G. Teague, Institute, in July 1972 sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas.

38FA49

Archaic site located in Parr Reservoir Area south of Terrible Creek. Quartz flakes. Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology. February - July 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38FA50

Archaic site located on the Broad River north of Terrible Creek. Quartz flakes. Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology February - July 1972, sponsored by the South Carolina Electric and Gas Co.

38FA51

Archaic (?) site located in Monticello Reservoir Area. Quartz flakes. Survey by G. Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February to July 1972, sponsored by the South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38FA52

Archaic site located southwest of Weeping Mary Church near the Broad River. Quartz flakes. Survey by G. Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February - July 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38FA53

Archaic site located in Monticello Reservoir Area. One Kirk serrated and flakes.



38FA54

Blink Bonnie. Historic house located northeast of Ridgeway out of Longtown. One and a half story clapboard structure built about 1822. National Register for Historic Places.

38FA55

Century House. Two story brick, Greek Revival style house built about 1853. Located in Ridgeway, SC. National Register for Historic Places.

38FA56

Davis Plantation. Two story frame house, built about 1840 - 50. Located south of Monticello on SC 215. National Register for Historic Places.

38FA57

Old Brick Church. Ebenezer Associate Reform Presbyterian Church, built in 1788. Located on SC 213 in Jenkinsville vicinity. National Register for Historic Places.

38FA58

Little River Baptist Church. Greek Revival style, clapboard church built about 1845 and located on SC 213 north of Jenkinsville. National Register for Historic Places.

38FA59

Ketchin Building. Three story brick building located in Winnsboro, SC. National Register for Historic Places.

38FA60

Rural Point or (Robertson or Doty House). One and a half story clapboard house built in 1852. Located on Old Camden Road, Winnsboro. National Register for Historic Places.

38FA61

St. Stephens Church. Historic church in Ridgeway vicinity. Built in 1854 in the Gothic Revival style. National Register for Historic Places.

38FA62

Valencia. Two story frame house built in 1834. Located Northwest on County road 106 of Ridgeway. National Register for Historic Places.

## FLORENCE COUNTY SITES

### 38FL1

Coker Field. Site southwest of Florence city limits behind the J.B. Smith house. Charleston Museum site number SC:FL:1. Material in Charleston Museum. Site not investigated by the Institute, so exact location uncertain.

### 38FL2

Florence Stockade. Historic site three fourths of a mile south of Florence City Disposal Plant. Charleston Museum site number SC:FL:2. Its information is from "Rebel Prisons", 1865. Material in Charleston Museum, Gene Waddell, E.N. Zeigler, T.G. Hiers, N.D. O'Steen collections. Site not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38FL3

Deep Hole Swamp. Site .3 mile west of Timmons ville on US 76, southwest of swamp. Charleston Museum site number SC:FL:3. Material in Charleston Museum, Gene Waddell collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38FL4

Pee Dee River. Site eleven miles east of Florence on US 76-301 north of "Old Bridge" at Mars Bluff. Site of DuPont Company. Charleston Museum Site number SC:FL:4. Material in Charleston Museum, Gene Waddell, N.D. O'Steen collections. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38FL5

Bay Branch. Site behind a country store, southwest of US 76 and Bay Branch. Charleston Museum site number SC:FL:5. Material in Charleston Museum, Gene Waddell collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38FL6

Black Creek. Site four miles north of Florence on SC 26 on northeast side of Black Creek. Charleston Museum site number SC:FL:6. Sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38FL7

Jeffries Creek. Site .9 mile west of Florence city limits on US 76 on northeast side of Jeffries Creek. Charleston Museum site number SC:FL:7. Material in Charleston Museum. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38FL8

Wallace - Gregg Site. Indian and historic site between Wallace - Gregg School and US 301, west of SC 775 on Gaudy's land. Points, sherds, ground stone, Kaolin pipes found. Material in Wellom's Collection. Site not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

38FL9

Tom Taylor Site. Site three fourths of a mile east of north end of SC 89 at the Country Club of South Carolina on Tom Taylor's land. Points sherds found. Material in Tom Edward's collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38FL10

S. C. Country Club Site. Paleo-Indian, Indian, and historic site at the South Carolina Country Club along Black Creek. Points, sherds, pipes found. Material in Tom Edward's collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38FL11

TEC Site. Site behind Florence-Darlington Technical Center on High Hill Creek, east of US 52. Points, sherds found. Material in Tom Edward's collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38FL12

Barker Site. Points, sherds, found. Material in Barker, Edwards collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38FL13

Hewitt Site. Site west of Sparrow Swamp and south of I-95. Sherds found. Material in Hewitt, Edwards collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38FL15

Snow Island. Irene-Pee Dee cemetery site .08 miles west of Old River Lake near junction of Lynches River and Pee Dee River. Site mentioned by Charleston Museum. Urn and cover, pipe found. Material in Florence Museum. Site surveyed by Mr. T. M. Ryan, 3/6/1971.

38FL16

Savage's Field. Small village or camp on West side of Pee Dee River  $\frac{1}{2}$  mile downstream from SC 175 bridge and .2 mile upstream from Dead Lake. Sherds, stone, etc. Survey by T.M. Ryan, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, June 27, 1971. Not recommended for further work.

38FL17

Pee Dee Landing. Historic house site on bluff at the intersection of Jefferies Creek and Pee Dee River. Historic material. T.M. Ryan surveyed June 27, 1971.

## GEORGETOWN COUNTY SITES

### 38GE1

Rasts Canal Site. Located at proposed location for Access Canal near Litchfield Beach, north of Midway Inlet to the east of U.S. 17. Site was surveyed by Dr. R. L. Stephenson, Director, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology. August 1969.

### 38GE2

Smith Site. Late Woodland village site just west of Highway 17 below the Georgetown/Horry County line. South of road turning west, north of creek on Luther Smith's land. Dr. Edwards' site number SCGe'I. Site excavated by Ahmed and Edwards in the fall of 1963, and July 15, 1965. Sherds, points, grinding stone, glass, shell, wood, historic ceramics found. Material in Jerry Duke's collection.

### 38GE3

Horse Glen Marsh. Off Route 117 near Rest Awhile Food Store at Murrell's Inlet on Glen G. Lawton's land. Sherds and shells found. Site surveyed by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards. Exact location uncertain.

### 38GE4

Site at the Murrell's Inlet Air Force Mooring. Surveyed by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards. Exact location uncertain.

### 38GE5

Cat Island. Sherds, stone artifacts, historic ceramics found. Site surveyed by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards. Exact location uncertain.

### 38GE6

Village site on Hopewell Plantation, one mile west of where U.S. 17-107 crosses the north Santee River. Charleston Museum site number SC:GE:6. Sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum. Site surveyed by Charleston Museum. 4/18-26/1921. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38GE7

Wachesaw Landing. Lamar Village and burial site on Wachesaw Plantation two miles northwest of Murrell's Inlet on SC 62 on the east bank of the Waccamaw River. Plantation owned by William Kimble. Charleston Museum site number SC:GE:7. Its sources are Milling, 1940; The Writers Program, 1946; Bolick, 1946. Site surveyed by Ritter in 1930. Bones, urns, sherds, hammerstones, discoidals, beads, shells, points found. Material in Charleston Museum, Jerry Duke's collection. Site surveyed by Ahmed. Exact location uncertain.

### 38GE8

Sandy Island. Site at junction of Thoroughfare Creek and Waccamaw River. Charleston Museum site number SC:GE:8. Material in Charleston Museum. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38GE9

Site on an island on north Santee River, southeast of US 17-107. Charleston Museum site number SC:GE:1. Material in D. M. Mackintosh collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38GE10

Site two miles due east of 38GE9. Charleston Museum site number SC:GE:2. Material in D. M. and S. Mackintosh collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38GE11

Indian Hill. Site on a plantation between the north and south Santee Rivers. South end starts where Pleasant Creek enters south Santee and the north end is where Six Mile Creek enters the Santee. Charleston Museum site number SC:GE:3. Sherds, shell, bone found. Material in Charleston Museum. Site surveyed by Charleston Museum, 4/18-26/1921. Not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

38GE12

Belle Isle Gardens. Prehistoric and Confederate site on the south shore of Winyah Bay, 3.8 mile south of Georgetown off State 18. Charleston Museum site number SC:GE:4. Mine, axe, cannons, stone, sherds found. Material in Charleston Museum, Gene Waddell collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38GE13

Site 3.8 miles south of Georgetown off SC 18 on Mt. Hope Plantation on Winyah Bay. Charleston Museum site number SC:GE:5. Sherds, points found. Material in Charleston Museum. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38GE14

Litchfield Beach. Historic shipwreck on Mr. Alva Lumpkin's land at Litchfield Beach. Wood and metal found. Site surveyed by Dr. Stephenson 10/1969.

38GE15

Pawleys Island Site. Historic house site located at end of southern causeway from mainland (U.S. 17) first house as you turn left. House surveyed by S. South of Institute, also report written. September 1971.

38GE16

Lachiotte Site. Jeremy shell midden east of Highway 17 on an inlet of Main Creek, three-fourths of a mile below Georgetown/Horry County line. Shells, sherds found. Material in Jerry Duke's collection. Site surveyed by Ahmed, summer 1965. Exact location uncertain.

38GE17

Clambank. Ceramic shell midden located north of Winyah Bay on side of Clambank Creek. Prehistoric and historic material collected. Site surveyed by E. Thomas Hemmings, May 18, 1971.

38GE18

The Bluff Site. A possible trading post site on west side of Greater Pee Dee River on down side of U.S. 701, high ground adjacent to Pee Dee River channel - site has been plowed. Slipware, pot sherds, flakes and projectile points. Site survey by Richard Polhemus, IAA. March 1972.

38GE19

Possible 18th century historic, Woodland, Archaic site located on west side of Great Pee Dee River on down right side of U.S. 701 south of 38GE18 and north of 38GE20, relatively narrow tongue of land with small drainage low area separating. Sherds, shell and flakes. Site survey by Richard Polhemus of the Institute, March 1972.

38GE20

Cain Site. 18th c. historic, Pee Dee, Woodland. West side of Great Pee Dee River on down River side of U.S. 701 south of 38GE19. Sherds, callined human bone, two triangular projectile points, pipe fragments, stoneware and porcelain sherds. Site survey by Richard Polhemus, IAA, March 1972.

38GE21

Hopsewee or Thomas Lynch House. Located south of Georgetown on U.S. 17. Built c. 1740, 2½ story on a tabby scored brick basement. Birthplace of Thomas Lynch, Jr. signer of the Declaration of Independence and delegate to the Continental Congress of 1776. National Register for Historic Places.

38GE22

Prince George Winyah. Located on the corner of Broad and Highmarket Street, Georgetown. Rectangular handmade-brick building built in 1750. National Register for Historic Places.

38GE23

Rice Museum, or Old Slave Market Building. Brick Building built in 1835 and served as the town hall and market. It is now a museum. National Register for Historic Places.

## GREENVILLE COUNTY SITES

### 38GR1

Site on Saluda River at Highway 288. Sherds found. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38GR2

North Fork Mound. Site 22 miles from Greenville on Hendersonville Road, 100 feet from Saluda River on Mr. Hodges' land. Charleston Museum site number SC:GV:2. It quotes Bragg, 1918. Stone tools, flakes found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38GR3

Camp Old Indian. Burial mound ca. five miles north of Tigerville at Boy Scouts of America Camp Old Indian. Charleston Museum site number SC:GV:1. Sherds, stone box burials found. Material in L. L. Stanley, Gene Waddell, Charleston Museum collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38GR4

Cave site on west bank of Reedy River between Fork Shoals and Log Shoals, three fourths of a mile from the road. Metate, postmolds found. Site mentioned by Charleston Museum. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38GR5

Pictographs on Table Rock, four miles north of Oolenoy River near Caesar's Head Mt. on North Carolina boundary. Site mentioned by Charleston Museum. Its information is from Thomas, 1891, and Mooney. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38GR6

Historic charcoal kiln, one fourth mile south of recreation facilities at Paris Mt. State Park. Bullets, historic ceramics found. Site excavated by John D. Combes, 7/7-10/1970.

### 38GR7

Historic cemetery just north of 38GR6 in Paris Mt. State Park. Single row of graves oriented north-south. Nails, screws, pins, hooks and eyes, bones found. Site excavated by John D. Combes, 7/6-10/1970.

### 38GR8

Reedy River Falls, also known as McBee's Mill or Vardry Mills. Historic mill site in Reedy River Park at Camperdown Way and South Main Street in Greenville. Flume cut in rocks of upper falls, foundations exposed. See "Historical Group Told of Progress of Downtown Park," Greenville News, 3/22/1971. Site not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38GR9

A single pelroglyph, maybe Spanish, located on Reedy River off of County 68, 1 mile west of where County 465 enters County 68-take right and next right to the end of that road. In the barnyard of D. H. Sullivan's home. Inspected by R. L. Stephenson, 3/14/72.

38GR10

Campsite along small branch of Reedy River just beyond road extending off County 565, ca. ½ mile from 38GR9.

38GR17

Putnam. A probable campsite located on the farm of Lennon Putnam on the Reedy River. Some lithic material and check-stamped pottery. Site surveyed by T. M. Ryan, 6/12/72.

38GR20

Christ Church. 10 N Church Street, Greenville. Gothic brick structure built 1854. In unaltered excellent condition. National Register for Historic Places.

38GR21

Earle Town House. 107 James Street, Greenville. Two story frame with brick foundation built at least by 1810. Owned by Mrs. A. D. Oliphant. National Register for Historic Places.

38GR22

Greenville City Hall. Corner of Main and Broad Streets, Greenville. Built in 1889 as the United States Court House and Post Office, was bought by the city in 1938. It is of the Romanesque-Revival style. National Register for Historic Places.

38GR23

McBee Methodist Church or McBee Chapel. Located on Main Street, Conestee. This eight-sided brick structure was designed by a local wheelwright, John Adams, and built c. 1842. National Register for Historic Places.

38GR24

Pointsett Bridge. 25 miles north of Greenville near Tigerville on SC 421 over Gap Creek. A massive stone bridge with pointed arches, constructed without concrete in 1820 as part of the State Road from Charleston to North Carolina. National Register for Historic Places.

38GR25

Whitehall. 310 West Earle Street, Greenville. Frame structure built as a summer home for Charlestonians in 1813 by Elias I. Earle. In unaltered excellent condition. National Register for Historic Places.



## GREENWOOD COUNTY SITES

### 38GN1

Gaudy's Post. Colonial trading post and fort ca. .4 miles south of Star Fort (ca. two miles south of Ninety Six) on Star Fort Historical Commission land. Glass, ceramics, nails, bones found. Site excavated by S. South, 1970-71. One of the sites is the IAA Old Ninety Six project. See S, South, 1971.

### 38GN2

Fort Holmes, also site of Williamson's Fort (1775). Revolutionary fort ca. 2,000 feet west of Star Fort on Star Fort Historical Commission land. Bottles, bullets, gun parts, bone, brick, nails, historic ceramics found. Site excavated by S. South, 1970-71. One of the sites in the IAA Old Ninety Six project. See S. South, 1971.

### 38GN3

Star Fort. 1780-81 Fort south of the present town of Ninety Six, east of 248-255 junction. Historic and prehistoric material found. Site excavated by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards, 1961-1965. Excavated by S. South, 1970-71. One of the sites in IAA Old Ninety Six Project.

### 38GN4

Ninety Six. Eighteenth century site of the town of Ninety Six, ca. two miles south of present town of Ninety Six. Historic ceramics, gunflints, nails, pipes, bone found. Site excavated by Stanley South, 1970-71. One of the Old Ninety Six Project sites. See South, 1971.

### 38GN5

Fortification around Ninety Six. Colonial fortification around 38GN4. Historic ceramics, bottles, nails, bones found. Site excavated by S. South, 1970-71. One of his Old Ninety Six Projects sites. See South, 1971.

### 38GN10

Cokesbury. Community 8 miles north of Greenwood at Junction of SC 246 and 254. Has many historic buildings. National Register for Historic Places.

### 38GN11

Enoree Church Site. Site in churchyard. Stone artifacts found. Site surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards, 6/30/1961 and 9/30/1961. Exact location uncertain.

### 38GN12

Site near stream on east side of Ebenezer Baptist Church near Ninety Six, South Carolina. Stone artifacts found. Site surveyed by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards, 6/8/1965. Exact location uncertain.

### 38GN13

Mound near Star Fort, south of the present town of Ninety Six. This is Caldwell's site number 1 and the Charleston Museum's site number SC:AB:2. Caldwell's references are Thomas and Logan, 1859, pp. 214-15. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38GN14

Indian town on west bank of Saluda about one half mile below Swansea's Ferry. Caldwell's site number 3. His information is from Logan, 1859, pp. 212-13. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38GN15

Site on Cedar Springs Golf Course just north of SC 246 between Coronaca and Cokesbury. Steatite bowl fragments found. Material in Thomas C. Cantrell collection. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38GN16

Kirksey Crossroads. Historic kiln site 12 miles north of Edgefield on Highway 25 in Sumter National Forest. Alkaline glazed ware found. Material in Greenwood Museum collection. Site surveyed by S. South, summer, 1970.

38GN17

John Eck Site. Archaic campsite on Hard Labor Creek in the Whitehall area, southwest of Greenwood. Archaic points, sherds, cornerstone fragments, chunky (?) stone and gorget fragment. Site visited by Dr. Robert L. Stephenson, J. Eck, Bill Nance and D. Coleman 3/3/72.

38GN18

Bill Nance Site. Archaic campsite on Hard Labor Creek near 38GN17. Archaic points, chips, scrapers. Site visited by Dr. Robert L. Stephenson, J. Eck, Bill Nance and D. Coleman 3/3/72.

## HAMPTON COUNTY SITES

### 38HA1

Bostick Site. Ceramic village site ca. two miles up Pipe Creek from Savannah River on Mrs. Joe Bostick's land. Sherds, bone, flakes, scraper, point found. Material in Bostick collection. Site tested by John Combes and Dr. R. L. Stephenson, 3/12/1969.

### 38HA2

Stokes Bluff Site. Woodland and Mississippian village on the Savannah River on South Carolina Department Wildlife land. Bones, point, flakes, sherds found. Site surveyed by Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 6/30/1971.

### 38HA3

Bluff Lake. Site located on north bank of Bluff Lake, .8 miles north of Savannah River and 3.3 miles southwest of Brighton, near the boat ramp. Deptford material recovered. Site surveyed by L. Ferguson 6/28/71.

### 38HA10

Site located 2.6 miles south of intersection of US 321 and US 278 in Fairfax. Site is on left side of US 321 and on right side of S-3-68. Owned by Wm. Barnes. Cordmarked material and historic pipe stems. Surveyed by L. Ferguson 7/13/71.

### 38HA11

Site located on east side of S-3-12 approximately 2.6 miles south of intersection of US 321 and US 278 in Fairfax. Southeast of S-3-12 and junction of S-3-68. Wm Brown owner. Cordmarked ceramics, some archaic material one small triangular chipped stone projectile point. Surveyed by L. Ferguson 7/13/71.

### 38HA12

Sand Pit Site. Ceramic village in and around sand pit on Wm. Barnes property between Brunson and Fairfax. Top soil has been removed. Potsherd found during Dr. R. L. Stephenson's visit July 30, 1971. Cordmarked and fabric marked material, archaic material during L. Ferguson survey 7/13/71.

## HORRY COUNTY SITES

### 38HR1

Old Horry County Court House and Jail, Main Street, Conway. Common bond brick buildings built about 1825. National Register for Historic Places.

### 38HR2

Site 1.3 miles northwest of Conway where SC Highway 6 crossed a creek. Charleston Museum site number SC:H0:2. Material in D. M. Mackintosh collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38HR9

Ellsworth Site. Site at Windy Hill Beach. Shells, sherds, historic ceramics found. Site surveyed by Dr. Edwards in 1965. His site number for it was H09. Exact location uncertain.

### 38HR13

Waccamaw village site on US 17, four miles south of its junction with a road to Ocean Drive Beach. Sherds, points, historic ceramics, glass, pipes, spoon, shell found. Material in M. W. Sterling and Smithsonian collections. Information from Dr. Caldwell. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38HR14

Waites Island. Woodland mound on north end of Waites Island at the end of Highway 236. Sherds found. Material in Jerry Duke's collection. Site surveyed by Horry County Historical Society, Spring, 1969. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38HR15

The Battery, also known as Fort Randall. Confederate earthworks site in front yard of house north of end of 236 on the Little River. Material in Jerry Duke's collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38HR16

Morte Arbre Site. Woodland shell midden east of US 17 and west of 559 between Lake Arrowhead and the Intracoastal waterway ca. 10 miles north of Myrtle Beach on Meher Baba Spiritual Center land. Points, shell, sherds, notched stone weight found. Material in Jerry Duke's collection. Site excavated by Jerry Dukes, Spring, 1968. See Dukes, 1968. Site not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38HR17

Long Lake. Also called the Coates Site. Shell midden around rim of Long Lake behind the sand dunes at Briarcliff on Meher Baba Spiritual Center land. Flakes found. Material in Jerry Dukes collection. Site surveyed by Dr. Edwards, 10/26/1963. Exact location uncertain.

38HR18

Ellsworth Garden Site. Woodland site on Briarcliff Acres between US 17 and the Intracoastal waterway ca. 12 miles north of Myrtle Beach on Davis's land. Sherds, points found. Material in Jerry Dukes collection. Site surveyed by Ahmed and by Dr. Edwards. Exact location uncertain.

38HR19

Sandwich Site. Woodland sites at Windy Hill beach east of Point Creek in US 17 road-cut. Sherds, points found. Material in Jerry Dukes collection. Site surveyed by Mrs. Ahmed. Exact location uncertain.

38HR20

Site on point of land in marsh east of US 17 near Point Creek on Windy Hill Beach. Conch shells found. Site surveyed by Ahmed. Exact location uncertain.

38HR21

Big Rise, West. Archaic dune site south of Windy Hill Beach city garbage dump on US 17 north. Points, sherds, historic ceramics found. Material in Jerry Dukes' collection. Site excavated by Erica Fogg-Ahmed. Exact location uncertain.

38HR22

Village site behind Lakewood school, north of Surfside, South Carolina. Sherd, grooved axe found. Material in Jerry Dukes' collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38HR23

Archaic cache just north of US 17 and south of Price's Swamp Run near an artificial lake on Briarcliff Acres. Points, gorget found. Material in Jerry Dukes' collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38HR25

Chestnut Site. Co. 8 miles northeast of Conway on left side of SC 905, opposite grocery store. Prehistoirc settlement. Pottery and projectile points. Excavation being conducted by Dr. Engelmayer of USC-Coastal Carolina 5/20/72.

## JASPER COUNTY SITES

### 38JA1

Indian Hill. Mound in a deep swamp on the Savannah River north of Rattlesnake Ridge. This is a Charleston Museum site. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38JA2

Purrysburg Mound. Site on Savannah River at Purrysburg. This is a Charleston Museum site. Its information is from Mills, 1824, p. 369. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

### 38JA3

Fort Randall. Site on Tilghman Plantation, Cherry Grove, S. C. This is a Charleston Museum site. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38JA4

Billy Goat Hill. Archaic village site at the mouth of the Broad River. Points found. Material in James L. Michie collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38JA5

Refuge Site. Early Woodland site on Little Rock River about 150 yards northwest of Refuge Docks at the Old Manigault Pounding Mill site on the Savannah River National Wildlife Refuge. Important site: Refuge complex helps bridge gap between Thom's Creek and Deptford. Site excavated by A. J. Waring in 1947. Vessels, stone tools, bone tools, shell tools found. See Waring, 1960, pp. 198-208. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38JA6

Site located in road cut on S.C. 461 northwest of S.C. 119. Historic artifacts. Site surveyed by L. Ferguson and W. Breedlove, Jr. 7/13/71.

### 38JA7

Historic site located on highway from Purrysburg to Baker Hill. Site investigated by L. Ferguson and R. Dickens 8/3/71.

### 38JA8

Gillisonville Baptist Church. Located on U.S. 278 in Gillisonville. Greek Revival clapboard structure built in 1838. National Register for Historic Places.

### 38JA9

Roberville Baptist Church. (Black Swamp Baptist Church) Located at intersection of U.S. 321 and county road 26. Built in 1847 and in unaltered - excellent condition. National Register for Historic Places.

### 38JA10

Tuilifinny Site. Woodland and historic site on a hill 150 feet east of Tuilifinny River and I-95. Will be covered by I-95. Sherds, historic ceramics found. Site surveyed by Thomas M. Ryan, 6/7/1971.

38JA12

Archaic site located south of U.S. 17 between Pocatlligo and Tullifinny. Surface collecting and testing advised. Visited by R. L. Stephenson, Director, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology. 5/8/72.

38JA13

Woodland village site located south of U.S. 17 near 38JA12. Projectile points. Visited by R. L. Stephenson, Director, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology. 5/8/72

38JA14

Point South Mound. Woodland site located south of U.S. 17 near 38JA12 and 38JA13. Cord marked sherds and triangular point. Visited by R. L. Stephenson, Director, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, 5/8/72.

## KERSHAW COUNTY SITES

### 38KE1

Camden Historic Site. Colonial town and Revolutionary fortifications within the town of Camden. Owned by Camden District Heritage Foundation. Historic material found. Site excavated by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards, Summer, 1965. Excavated by Alan Calmes of the Camden District Heritage Foundation. See Calmes, 1968. Work still going on.

### 38KE2

Site on the Wateree River off U. S. 51. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38KE3

Site in field above Wateree Mound. Stone and sherds found. Site surveyed by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards in 1965 or 1966. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38KE4

Open site, possible Woodland village located on Mead property. take 341 northwest of Bethune 6 miles between 2 unnamed creeks ("Folly Farm"). Mostly surface flakes of pine wood, slate, quartzite, occasional grit-tempered, cord-marked pottery collected. Projectile points - pottery in Mead collection. Surveyed by G. A. Teague. 10/27/71.

### 38KE6

Belmont Neck. Lamar mound, one and one-half miles southwest of 38KE12 on same side of Wateree River, completely circled by Meander. This is Stuart's site 38KE3. Urns, polished stone discoidal. Material in University Museum, Pennsylvania. See Mills, 1825, Squier and Davis, George Stuart, 1967. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38KE7

Indian Ditch. Ditch and embankment across Wateree River from 38KE12 and 38KE6. This is Stuart's site number 38KE4. His reference is Blanding. See Stuart, 1967. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38KE8

Boykin Site. Lamar Mound on east bank of Wateree River, 2.85 miles south of 38KE12. This is Stuart's site 38KE5. Urns, mica, bones, pipe, bird effigies found. See Blanding, Squier and Davis, 1848, Stuart, 1967. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38KE9

Liberty Hill. Community located on S.C. 97, 20 miles north of Camden. Has many historical structures. National Register for Historic Places.



38KE11

Adamson Mound. Site 400 yards east of Wateree River and 400 yards northwest of Seaboard Railroad Trestle, one mile west of Camden behind Phillips 66 service station on John E. Willet's land. This is Blanding's Item I and Stuart's site number 38KE1. Site mentioned by Charleston Museum. See Squier and Davis, 1848:107; Bierer, 1969:41-2, Stuart 1967: 2-5; Stuart 1970:48-66 and 107-109; Thomas 1894; Caldwell and McCann, 1941. Sherds, daub, urns, beads, gorget, shells, pipes, corncobs found. Material in Michael Trinkley collection. Site visited by Dr. Don R. Sutherland, 5/25/1969, and by Dr. Stephenson, 3/10/1970. Nominated for National Historic Sites Inventory.

38KE12

McDowell Site, also called Chesnut Mounds, Taylor Mounds, Mulberry Mounds. Lamar and Pee Dee village site with temple mound around the mouth of Big Pine Tree Creek on the Wateree River, 2.5 miles south of Camden on Mulberry Plantation. Plantation owned by David R. Williams. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:KE:2. Its references are Thomas, 1891, pp. 107-108, plate 37, #2, and J. W. Powell, 1891, 326-7. It is George Stuart's site number 38KE2. See Stuart, 1967. Vessels, sherds, bone, shell, mica, corncobs, pipe, nails, historic ceramics found. Material in U. S. National Museum, Bob LaFaye, Charleston Museum, Michael Trinkley collections. Site excavated by the Charleston Museum, Summer, 1952. See The Camden Chronicle, July 18, July 25, July 29, 1952. Excavated by Blanding in 1820's. See Squier and Davis, 1848. See also Thomas, 1894; Caldwell and McCann, 1941; Griffin, 1967, pp. 175-191; Kelly, 1970, p. 420; Mills, 1825. Site surveyed by Dr. Stephenson, 3/10/1970. Nominated for National Historic Sites Inventory.

38KE14

Guernsey Site. Also known as Cut-Off Island. Site on west bank of Wateree River, .3 miles east-southeast of Seaboard R.R. trestle opposite old ferry landing, one mile west of Camden. Sherds found. Material in Kohn, Fohl, Stuart collections. See Griffin, 1945 and Stuart, 1970. Site mentioned in Caldwell's notes. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38KE19

Bethune Pottery. Pottery workshop, now in operation one half of a mile east of Bethune, on north side of U.S. 1. Owned by Otto Brown. Pottery in various stages of firing found. Site visited by Stanley South, 4/16/1970.

38KE20

Watts Farm. Early ceramic village on T. K. Watts' farm on Lynch's River near Bethune. Sherds, points, steatite found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38KE21

Piney Bluff. Site near Camden. Vessel found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38KE22

Carter Site. Lamar, Pee Dee midden on Pee Dee just south of I-20 bridge, 200 feet from I-20 and 50 feet from bank in borrow pit. Vessel, sherds found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

## LANCASTER COUNTY SITES

### 38LA1

Mound south of Waxhaw Creek, just above its mouth. Charleston Museum site number SC:L:1. Its references are Mills, 1825, p. 601 and Thomas 1891. Site also mentioned by Caldwell. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38LA2

Open, possible burial area located about 1 mile east of Catawba River, north of recently constructed fish ponds. Should be tested. G. A. Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, 10/11/71.

### 38LA3

Open, prehistoric site located east of Catawba River about  $\frac{1}{4}$  mile on a high hill. Scraper, retouched flake. Surveyed by George A. Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, 10/11/71.

### 38LA4

Open, prehistoric site located on Heath Sutton property, Rt. 2, Ft. Mill, Indianland Township. To east and south of Sutton house. Projectile points. Surveyed by G. A. Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, 10/11/71.

### 38LA6

Open, prehistoric site located  $\frac{1}{4}$  mile east of Sugar Creek and  $\frac{1}{4}$  mile from Steele Creek near Ft. Mill on a rise. Ceramics and flakes and points. No recommendation for work. Surveyed by G. A. Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, 10/11/71.

### 38LA8

Open prehistoric site located at the Van Eyck Ashe Brick Co. Biface fragments, flakes and potsherd. Surveyed by G. A. Teague, 11/16/71.

### 38LA9

Open, prehistoric site located east of Hwy. 521 just north of Twelve Mile Creek bridge in a plowed field. Artifacts in Osborne collection.

### 38LA10

James Crawford Home. Located at Andrew Jackson State Park. Birthplace of A. Jackson and home of Mrs. Jackson's sister. The house existed during the period of 1750-1830. Exact location unsure. National Register for Historic Places.

### 38LA11

Lancaster County Courthouse. 104 North Main Street, Lancaster. A probable Robert Mills design, two story brick structure, built c. 1828. National Register for Historic Places.

### 38LA12

Lancaster County Jail. 208 W. Gay Street, Lancaster. Robert Mills design three story stucco building built 1823. National Register for Historic Places.

38LA13

Waxhaw Presbyterian Church. Northwest of Lancaster off U.S. 521 on County Road 35. Built in 1896 of brick and remodled in 1942. Also the site of the original log building which served as hospital during the Revolution.

## LAURENS COUNTY SITES

### 38LU1

Site on west bank of Reedy River at Tumbling Shoals, south of Highway 76 crossing. Quartz artifacts found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38LU2

Sullivan House. Historic house built 1839. Along U.S. 76 between Princeton and Laurens. On right going toward Laurens just after crossing Reedy R. at Tumbling Shoals. Should be on National Register. Visited by Dr. Robert L. Stephenson 3/14/72.

### 38LU3

Sullivan Mound. Indian temple mound in bottoms of Rabon Creek 1/2 mile east of County Road 312 and 3/4 mile south of U.S. 76. Mound is ca. 30' high by 200' long by 125' wide. Recommend full excavation. Visited by R. L. Stephenson 3/14/72.

### 38LU4

Laurens County Courthouse. Laurens Courthouse Square. Built in 1837-38 of granite ashlar and brick. National Register for Historic Places.

## LEE COUNTY SITES

### 38LE1

Lynches River I. Site 1.4 miles northeast of Lynchburg city limits north of US 76 in a large field on a bluff above Lynche's River. Material in Gene Waddell, Charleston Musuem collections. Charleston Museum site number SC:LE:1. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

### 38LE2

Lynches River II. Site about .5 mile northwest of Lynchburg south of US 76. Charleston Museum site number SC:LE:2. Material in Gene Waddell, Charleston Museum collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38LE3

Rosehill Plantation. Site on east side of a millpond. Rosehill is five miles southwest of Bishopville on US 15, then three miles on SC 441. Sherds, points found. Material in Charleston Museum. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38LE4

Open, prehistoric site located in southern section of park, north of I-20 construction. Potential danger from I-20 construction. PRT collection: Flakes, sherds, and groundstone fragments. Site surveyed by G. A. Teague. 10/12/71.

### 38LE5

Open prehistoric site located in central portion of park , south of Park Loop Road. PRT collection: Flakes and sherds. Site surveyed by G. A. Teague, 10/12/71.

### 38LE6

Open prehistoric site located in northeast quadrant of Park, 150 yards northeast of Park Road. PRT collection: Flakes and sherds. Site survey by G. A. Teague, 10/12/71.

### 38LE7

Open, prehistoric site located in center of park. 10 yards east of road. Flakes and sherds. Site survey by G. A. Teague, 10/12/71.

### 38LE8

Open, prehistoric site located in east section of park, east of adjacent of Park Road. Sherds. Site survey by G. A. Teague, 10/12/71.

### 38LE9

Open, prehistoric site located in northeast boundary of Park and adjacent area. Flakes and sherds. Site survey by G. A. Teague, 10/12/71.

## LEXINGTON COUNTY SITES

### 38LX1

Taylor Site. Paleo-Indian, Archaic, Woodland site near Cayce 0.4 mile west of South Carolina secondary highway 66, 1.1 mile south of Cayce Granite quarry, 0.1 mile north of east-west dirt road. Points, scrapers, flakes found. Material in James L. Michie collection. See Michie, 1966, pp. 123-124. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 9/11/1969.

### 38LX2

Tom's Creek. Archaic, Woodland, historic site on downriver (Congaree) side of Tom's Creek, east of SC 66, six miles from SC 56 on Ernest Hall's land. Charleston Museum site number SC:LX:1 and SC:LX:2. Caldwell's references are Griffin, 1945, pp. 465-476, and Milling. Sherds, flakes, points, historic ceramics found. Material in James L. Michie, Joel Richardson, D.M. Mackintosh, Gene Waddell, R.S. LaFaye, Charleston Museum collections. Site survey by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards. Tested by James L. Michie. Surveyed by Mr. Don R. Sutherland, 8/10/1969, and excavated by U.S.C. Field School, June and July, 1970 under the direction of Mr. Sutherland.

### 38LX3

Archaic and Woodland campsites 2.1 mile down Congaree River from Congaree Creek Bridge 300 yards from road towards river on Mr. G. T. Harmon's land near a pond. Flakes, points, sherds, drill found. Site surveyed by Mr. D. R. Sutherland, 8/10/1969.

### 38LX4

Saluda River Factory. Preceramic and historic site at the end of Seminole Drive, West Columbia, overlooking Saluda River on SCE&G land. Site eroded, stripped, pothunted. Surveyed by Mr. D. R. Sutherland, 8/10/1969.

### 38LX5

Woodland site in a field on Route 129 between Routes 321-76 and Dixiana. Sherds, points, flakes found. Site surveyed by James L. Michie and Paul E. Brockington, 11/30/1969.

### 38LX6

Wrong Way Island. Located near west side of river where Broad and Saluda Rivers join, just below I-26 and Railroad bridge. J. W. Shull, informant, 1/26/72.

### 38LX7

Hook Site. Archaic site on a hill between I-26 and the Saluda River. This is Dr. Edwards' site LX4. Sherds, stone artifacts, large polished carved conch shell found. Site collected by Dr. Edwards, 3,6,8/1961 and in 1964. Site surveyed by Richard Polhemus in 1970.

38LX8

Site in Leesville near the home of the pharmacist at Henry's Drugstore. Stone artifacts found. Site surveyed by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards, 8/5/1960. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

39LX9

Tom Hook Site. Site located on Lepehart Road. Sherds and points in the collection of J. W. Shull. J. W. Shull, informant, 8/25/71.

38LX10

Paleo-Indian site 450 meters upstream from the Congaree bridge connecting Columbia and West Columbia about ten meters west of the river. Bannerstones, pipe, axes, netsinker found. Site surveyed by Robert Wauchope, 10/1937. This is his site 1-LX. See American Antiquity, Vol. 4, #4, April, 1939. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38LX11

Mound near Pelion on Rast's property. Sherds, shell, historic ceramics and tin found. Site collected by Captain Rast in 1960. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38LX12

Cecil Site. Site near Cayce at the junction of a railroad and a stream. Sherds found. Site surveyed by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38LX13

Site near Andrew Hantler's house in Batesburg. Sherds, quartz artifacts found. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38LX14

Walter Kleckley Site. Site located on Mineral Springs Road out of Lepehert. Sherds and points in collection of J. W. Shull. J. W. Shull, informant, 1/24/1972.

38LX15

Site on another hill near 38LX7 between I-26 and the Saluda River. Stone artifacts found. Site surveyed by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards. Surveyed by Richard Polhemus in 1970.

38LX16

Lawrimore's Site. Archaic and Woodland site off Route 215 south of South Congaree on Mr. E. Lawrimore's land. Flakes, sherds, points found. Site excavated by Dr. Edwards and a field crew of U.S.C. students and Archeological Society Members in the winter of 1959-60. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Lexington County Highway Map by James L. Michie.

38LX18

Manning Site. Paleo-Indian and Archaic site on a ridge south of the junction of Six Mile Creek and Congaree Creek on Burrell Manning's land. Points found. Material in Tommy Charles collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on Lexington County Highway map by James L. Michie.

38LX20

Wactor Site. Site ca. five miles northwest of Columbia, 250 feet south of Interstate Highway and east of Saluda River on a dirt road. Points, sherds, shells, fossils found. Site surveyed by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards, 11/1961. Exact location uncertain.

38LX21

Dry Creek. Tom's Creek and historic site one and one half miles above Tom's Creek, 1.5 miles northeast of intersection of Routes 21 and 35 on American Cyanamide Corporation land. Points, sherds, historic ceramics and metal found. Material in Joel Richardson collection. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings in April, 1971.

38LX23

Village site on state road near railroad track on the Congaree River. Bone, shell, sherds, whetstone found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings and Richard Polhemus, 9/23/1970.

38LX24

Historic Shull farm one fourth of a mile from New Lexington County Hospital on northwest side of junction of I-26 and U. S. 1. Point, stone with hole in it found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38LX25

Archaic site on Saluda River about 1,000 yards upstream from mouth of Robb Senu Branch on high ground near Saluda south of I-26 crossing. Points, flakes found. Site surveyed by Richard Polhemus, 7/28/1970.

38LX26

Erhart Village. Archaic and Woodland village site on Mrs. Erhart's land near a lake east of I-20 Route 378 junction. Points, sherds found. Material in Mr. Jimmy Bruno collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38LX27

Goat Island. Historic site on southeast side of Goat Island in Lake Murray on SCE&G land. Historic ceramics found. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on Lexington County Highway map by Brady Weed.

38LX28

Exact location of site unknown. Projectile points and flakes.



38LX29

Exact location of site unknown. Projectile points and flakes.

38LX30

Eighteenth century dwelling on north bank of Congaree Creek ca. one fourth of a mile east of Old State Road and one fourth mile west of Congaree River on Mr. Burrell Manning's land. Glass, Kaolin pipestems, historic ceramics, Indian sherds, and points found. Site endangered by road construction. Surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 12/22/1970.

38LX31

John Fox House. Nineteenth century house site on Fox Street, Lexington. Owned by the Lexington County Historical Society. Historic ceramics, bone, glass found. Site excavated by Richard Polhemus, 1/1971.

38LX32

Site on a hill overlooking west bank of Congaree River, 400 meters upstream from 38LX10. This is Wauchope's site number 2-LX. Points, knife found. Site surveyed by Wauchope in 1937. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38LX33

Site on Dr. Robert Taylor's farm one fourth of a mile from west bank of Congaree River, about two miles below quarry near Cayce. This is Dr. Wauchope's site number 3-LX, surveyed by him in 1922 and December 28, 1939. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38LX34

Site north of road, opposite 38LX33. This is Dr. Wauchope's site number 4-LX. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38LX35

Jeff Hunt Site. Site located at confluence of Congaree and Red Bark Creek. Sherds, and points. Mr. D. H. Sullivan, informant, 3/10/72.

38LX36

Black Creek. Woodland village site on east side of Highway 245, one fourth of a mile north of Black Creek Bridge. Sherds, daub, gunflint, point found. Material in Eddy Williams collection. Site surveyed by Mr. T. M. Ryan, 4/7/71.

38LX38

Thom's Creek village site located on Black Creek northwest of North Fork of Edisto River. Sherds and points. Mr. D. H. Sullivan, informant, 4/4/72.

38LX39

Village site located on Black Creek near land of J. Alvin Clark. Sherds, points, and flakes. Mr. D. H. Sullivan, informant, 4/4/72.

38LX41

Percy Site. Archaic site located at end of Osage Avenue. Fragments of large steatite vessel. Investigated by T. M. Ryan, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, 6/1/72.

38LX52

Early Woodland (?) site near Congaree River off Bluff Road. Check-stamped sherds, and biface fragments. Site investigated by G. Teague and J. Jameson, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, 3/24/72.

## MARION COUNTY SITES

### 38MA1

Dead River. Site north of a small creek, east of a road running east from SC 766, four miles north of SC 766 - US 76 junction east of Marion. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:MA:1. Material in Charleston Museum, Gene Waddell, N. D. O'Steen collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38MA2

Burial site on the Little Pee Dee River near Finley's Fishing Camp on Mr. McKenzie's land. Site 1.2 miles south of US 76, turnoff 3.8 miles east of Mullins. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:MA:2. Sherds, points, bones found. Material in Charleston Museum. Charleston Museum Expedition led by W. H. Ritter, 7/2/1937. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38MA3

Woodland Site. Exact location unknown. Nineteenth c. ceramics and glass, projectile points, flakes and sherds.

### 38MA4

Archaic village site east of Route 25 between Routes 249 and 64 on Mr. Duncan MacIntyre's land. Points, sherds, flakes, atlatl weights found. Material in James L. Michie collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on Marion County Highway Map by James Michie.

### 38MA5

Woodland village site 200 yards behind mound at Wateree Deer Club on the Pee Dee River on Camp Mfg. Co. land. Collapsed vessels and firepits found. Material in James L. Michie collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on Marion Co. Highway Map by James L. Michie.

### 38MA6

Burial mound at the end of Route 248 at the Wateree Deer Club on the Savannah River on Camp Mfg. Co. land. Sherds found. Site not investigated by Institute but specifically located on Marion Co. Highway Map by James L. Michie.

### 38MA7

Archaic site between Catfish Creek and Route 34. Stone artifacts found. Material in James L. Michie collection. Site not investigated by Institute but specifically located on Marion County Highway Map by James L. Michie.

### 38MA8

Archaic site west of Route 34, north of Catfish Creek. Stone artifacts found. Material in James L. Michie collection. Site not investigated by Institute but specifically located on Marion Co. Highway Map by Michie.

### 38MA9

Archaic site east of Rts. 34 and 249 intersection, west of Catfish canal. Stone artifacts found. Material in James L. Michie collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Marion County Highway Map by James L. Michie.

38MA10

Archaic site at the southwest end of Route 903 near Catfish Canal. Stone artifacts found. Material in James L. Michie collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Marion County Highway Map by James L. Michie.

38MA11

Archaic site at the southeast end of Route 903 on Smith Swamp. Stone artifacts found. Material in James L. Michie collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Marion County Highway Map by James L. Michie.

38MA12

Archaic site between Catfish Canal and Route 25, south of US 76, west of Catfish Creek. Points, sherds found. Material in James L. Michie, Tom Edwards collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Marion County Highway Map by James L. Michie.

38MA13

Archaic site east of Marion, north of Route 19 and south of Smith Swamp. Stone artifacts found. Material in Michie collection. Site not investigated by Institute but specifically located on Marion Co. Highway Map by Michie.

38MA14

Catfish Creek #1. Archaic site north of Marion on the east bank of Catfish Canal. Points, pottery found. Material in James L. Michie, Tom Edwards collections. Site not investigated by Institute but specifically located on the Marion County Highway Map by James L. Michie.

38MA15

Catfish Creek #2. Archaic site on the east bank of Catfish Canal north of Marion at west end of Route 475. Points, sherds, grooved stone found. Material in J. L. Michie and Tom Edwards collections. Site not investigated by Institute but specifically located on Marion Co. Highway Map by J. L. Michie.

38MA16

Catfish Creek #3. Archaic site on east bank of Catfish Canal west of Route 501 and north of Marion. Points, sherds found. Material in James Michie, Tom Edwards collections. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Marion County Highway Map by James Michie.

38MA17

Spring Branch #1. Archaic site just west of where Route 263 crosses Catfish Canal. Points, sherds found. Material in Tom Edwards collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on Marion County Highway Map by James L. Michie.

38MA18

Woodland site just west of Route 9 and north of where it crosses a swamp. Points, sherds found. Material in J. L. Michie collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on Marion County Highway Map by Michie.

38MA19

Spring Branch #2. Site east of Catfish Canal, south of SC 263 towards west end of Spring Branch. Points, sherds found. Material in Tom Edwards collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Marion County Highway Map by Gene Waddell.

38MA20

Spring Branch #3. Site east of Catfish Canal, south of SC 262. Points, sherds found. Material in Tom Edwards collection. Site not investigated by Institute but specifically located on Marion Co. Highway Map by G. Waddell.

38MA21

Spring Branch #4. Site between 38MA19 and 38MA20. Points, sherds found. Material in Tom Edwards collection. Site not investigated by Institute but specifically located on Marion County Highway Map by Gene Waddell.

38MA22

Pee Dee #1. Prehistoric and historic site north of US 76-301 on east bank of Pee Dee River above railroad on John Hanna's land. Points, sherds, pipes, glass found. Material in Tom Edwards collection. Site not investigated by Institute but specifically located on Marion Co. Highway Map by Gene Waddell.

38MA23

Pee Dee #2. Historic Indian site north of 38MA22 on bluffs on either side of US 76-301. Sherds found. Material in Tom Edwards collection. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on the Marion County Highway Map by Gene Waddell.

38MA24

Archaic site east of Route 263 just north of where it crosses Catfish Canal. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on Marion County Highway Map by James L. Michie.

38MA25X

Grice's Ferry. Site on Little Pee Dee River. Clay object found. Material in Dr. Frank Sanders collection. Site not investigated by Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38MA26

Wahee Village Site. Woodland village site, 200 yards east of Pee Dee River, 7.5 miles south of Pee Dee, .3 mile below Oxbow Lake on International Paper Company Land. Sherds, flakes found. Site surveyed by T. Ryan, 6/27/71.

38MA27

Homestead Site. Woodland village site east of Pee Dee River behind abandoned farmhouse at the end of a series of dirt roads west of SC 25, 1.5 miles south of SC 64-SC 25 junction. Sherds, flakes, historic ceramics found. Site surveyed by Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 3/7/1971.

38MA28

Pitch Pot #1. Archaic and Woodland site, .04 miles west of end of pavement on SC 25 (1.5 miles south of SC 64-SC 25 junction). Points, drill, flakes, sherds found. Site surveyed by Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 3/6/1971.

38MA29

Pitch Pot #2. Archaic and Woodland site south of dirt road, one mile west of S.C. 25, 1.5 miles south of S.C. 64 - S.C. 25 junction. Points, flakes, sherds found. Site surveyed by Thomas M. Ryan, 3/6/1971.

38MA30

Dead Lake. Woodland and historic site, Old Pee Dee Oxbow Lake, seven miles south of Pee Dee, S. C. Site 4.5 miles down dirt road west off S.C. 25. Turnoff, 1.5 miles south of S.C. 64 - S.C. 25 junction. Sherds, pipes, historic ceramics found. Site surveyed by Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 3/6/1971.

38MA32

Mario #1. Woodland campsite on Catfish Creek, 1.5 miles east-south-east of Dickerson Island, 1.5 miles northwest of Tabernacle School, 1.6 mile north-northeast of Kirton Cemetery. Points, sherds found. Site surveyed by Thomas M. Ryan, March 17, 1971.

38MA33

Mario #2. Woodland campsite on east bank of Catfish Creek, 300 feet northeast of 38MA32. Sherds, flakes, uniface found. Site surveyed by Thomas M. Ryan, 3/17/1971.

38MA34

Beverly Swamp. Early Woodland village on Wahee Neck, .8 miles south of Upper Wahee Cemetery, .9 miles northwest of Baker Lake. Sherds, flakes, scraper found. Site surveyed by Thomas M. Ryan, 3/17/1971.

38MA35

Cedar Site. Early Woodland village site on Wahee Neck on high ground bordering Beverly Swamp. Site .95 miles south of Wahee Cemetery on International Paper Company land. Sherds, historic ceramics found. Site surveyed by Thomas M. Ryan, 3/16/1971.

38MA36

Irish Site. Late Archaic and Woodland campsite on high ground on east bank of Pee Dee River, 1.6 miles northeast of Yellow Lake on International Paper Company land. Soapstone, sherds, point, flakes found. Site surveyed by Thomas M. Ryan, 3/16/1971.

38MA37

Turtle Site. Woodland campsite on high ground on east bank of Pee Dee River, 1.7 miles northeast of Yellow Lake on International Paper Company land. Sherds found. Site surveyed by Mr. Thomas M. Ryan, 3/16/1971.

38MA38

Zion Site. Woodland village on high ground on east bank of Pee Dee River. .3 miles south of 38MA27, .1 mile north of 38MA37 on International Paper Company land. Sherds, scraper, flakes found. Site surveyed by Thomas M. Ryan, 3/16/1971.

38MA39

New Road Site. Archaic campsite .8 miles north of Dickerson Island, 1.7 miles west-southwest of St. Timothy Church on the north end of an erosional island. Flakes, point, scraper, cobbles found. Site surveyed by Thomas M. Ryan, 3/17/1971.

38MA40

Paul Site. Woodland campsite on high ground 1.35 miles west-southwest of St. Timothy Church. Sherds found. Site surveyed by Thomas M. Ryan, 3/17/1971.

38MA41

Timothy Site. Archaic and Woodland campsite on high ground overlooking Pitch Pot Swamp .3 miles east of Dickerson Island, 1.6 miles north-northeast of Baker Lake, 1.6 miles southwest of St. Timothy Church. Sherds, points, flakes found. Site surveyed by Thomas M. Ryan, 3/17/1971.

38MA42

Hood Site. Archaic and Woodland campsite west of Smith Swamp, .5 mile southwest of Durant Cemetery. Site .95 miles south of U.S. 76 - U.S. 501 junction on U.S. 501. Points, sherds, flakes found. Material in Norton collection. Site surveyed by Thomas M. Ryan, 3/18/1971.

38MA43

Fire Tower Site. Early Woodland camp on bluff along Nigger Lake Run .2 miles from Highway 378-908 junction, .2 miles from Firetower. Sherds, flakes found. Site surveyed by Thomas M. Ryan, 3/18/1971.

38MA44

Graves Lake. Early Woodland camp on Bluff north of Graves Lake, south of Highway 378. Sherds, flakes found. Site surveyed by Thomas M. Ryan, 3/18/1971.

38MA45

Maple Swamp. Early Woodland site .7 miles east of Crooked Lake. Site .1 mile southwest of second road northwest of Maple Swamp Bridge on Highway 378. Sherds, flakes found. Site surveyed by Thomas M. Ryan, 3/18/1971.

38MA46

Lower Wahee Neck. Woodland village east of Pee Dee River in a swamp on International Paper Company land. Flakes, sherds, historic ceramics found. Site surveyed by Thomas M. Ryan, 8/5/1971.

38MA47

Powell Site. Woodland village on Wahee Neck north of a creek on International Paper Company land. Sherds, flakes, historic ceramics found. Site surveyed by Thomas M. Ryan, 8/5/1971.

## MARLBORO COUNTY SITES

### 38ML1

Byrds Island. Site opposite Byrds Island on the Pee Dee River north of Highway 34. Charleston Museum site number SC:MB:1. Material in Gene Waddell collection. Site not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38ML2

Site north of Crooked Creek, west of SC 912, one mile north of SC 912 - US 15 junction. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:MB:2. Material in Gene Waddell collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38ML3

Powe Site. Pee Dee village site southeast of Cheraw on highest terrace of Pee Dee River opposite the mouth of Thompson's Creek, 1.5 miles from old US 1 on James Powe's land. Sherds, points found. Site excavated by Mr. Ernest Lewis of the University of North Carolina. Tested by Thomas E. P. Hyatt of U.S.C., October 1969-March 1970. See Lussier and Hyatt, 1970. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38ML4

Open site, probably multi-component, possible village site in a later period. Located near confluence of Naked Creek and Great Pee Dee River, where a "cache" of 60 lanceolate-form artifacts was found by Alan McIntyre in his collection. Visited by G. Teague, 9/16/71.

### 38ML5

Jennings-Brown House. 121 South Marlboro Street, Bennettsville. Two story frame house built in 1800-50 by Dr. E. W. Jones. Has been moved from its original location on East Main Street. National Register for Historic Places.

### 38ML6

Magnolia. 508 East Main Street, Bennettsville. Two story frame house built in 1853 with barn and slave quarters in the rear. Owned by Mr. and Mrs. Wm. L. Kinney. National Register for Historic Places.

### 38ML7

Peques Place. North of Wallace off US 1 on county road 266. Built c. 1770, two story frame house with out buildings. Site of prisoner exchange during the Revolutionary War. National Register for Historic Places.



McCORMICK COUNTY SITES

38MC1

John De La Howe School. Nine miles northwest of McCormick. Founded in 1765 by Dr. John De La Howe as an orphanage and working farm. Now under the management of the State. National Register for Historic Places.

38MC2

Guillebeau Home. SE of Willington off SC 81. Frame structure built on the double house plan c. 1764. In good condition. National Register for Historic Places.

## NEWBERRY COUNTY SITES

### 38NE1

Archaic site on St. Luke's Road (also called Stockman Road) 6.1 miles west of its junction with SC 391, 150 meters past gate just south of Bush River bridge on Mr. Charles Lack's land. Points, flakes, mano and metate, nutting stone, drill found. Material in Edgar Jones collection. Site surveyed by Dr. Don R. Sutherland, 5/25/1969.

### 38NE2

Saluda Old Town. Site at Southern Railroad stop on the Saluda River south of SC 50. Charleston Museum site number SC:NE:2. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38NE3

Village site three miles west of Newberry on east bank of Bush River on Harmon's land. Charleston Museum site number SC:NE:1. Sherds, axes, drill-sockets, points, pipes found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38NE4

Archaic campsite one mile north of SC 34 on west bank of Little River on Catawba Timber Company land. Flakes, points found. Material in D. H. Sullivan collection. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 1/23/1971.

### 38NE5

Silverstreet Site. Archaic workshop and hunting camps .3 miles southwest of Silverstreet on north bank of Saluda River and west bank of Little River on Champion Plywood Land. Points, flakes, bifaces, scrapers, historic material found. Material in Charles Sullivan collection. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 1/24/1971.

### 38NE6

Archaic site in bottomlands on west bank of Broad River near Peak, S.C. within sight of, and above, Parr Shoals Dam. This is Dr. Robert Wauchope's site number 1-Nb. Steatite net-sinkers and bowl fragments, hammerstones, points found. Site surveyed by Dr. Wauchope. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38NE7

Archaic site located on the edge of Parr Reservoir near 38NE14 and 38NE11. One Morrow Mountain base and flakes. Survey conducted by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February to July 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

### 38NE8

Archaic site located on north site of estuary on Broad River in Parr Reservoir Area. Quartz flakes and one Guilford blank (?). Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology, February to July 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38NE9

Archaic site located on south side of Cannon's Creek just west of Broad River in the Parr Reservoir Area. One slate Savannah River Point, quartz core and two possibly worked gneissic stones. Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February - July 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38NE10

Archaic site located on north side of Cannon's Creek just west of Broad River in Parr Reservoir Area. Quartz flakes and Guilford point. Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February - July 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38NE11

Archaic site located at the foot of Parr dam. Projectile points, and flakes. Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February - July 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38NE12

Archaic site located in Parr Reservoir Area. One Morrow Mountain point and flakes. Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February - July 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38NE13

Open prehistoric site located on Heller's Creek in Parr Reservoir Area. One Morrow Mountain point and flakes. Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February - July 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38NE14

Open prehistoric site located in Parr Reservoir Area. Flakes and a Morrow Mountain point base. Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February - July 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38NE15

Archaic site located on west side of Broad River north of Enoree Creek. Flakes. Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February - July 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38NE16

Fish trap (?) located in Broad River on shoals just south of Henderson's Island. Survey by George Teague, Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, February - July 1972, sponsored by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company.

38NE17

Opera House. On the corner of Boyce and Nance Streets, Newberry. Of Gothic design, built in 1881. In altered good condition.

38NE18

Old Courthouse. 1207 Caldwell Street, Newberry. Built in 1852 in the Greek Revival style, with stuccoed-brick. In unaltered, excellent condition.

## OCONEE COUNTY SITES

### 380C1

Keowee Town. Cherokee town site on west bank of Keowee River just south of Nimmons Bridge on Duke Power Company land. Part of Keowee-Toxoway Project. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 380C11. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Sites by Counties." Site also mentioned by Charleston Museum. Points, sherds, pipestones found. Material in Ferguson, Welborne, Charleston Museum collections. Site surveyed by John D. Combes in 1966, excavated by Dr. Edwards, Spring, 1968. Site now under reservoir.

### 380C2

Desolation Site. Woodland, Mississippian, Colonial site two miles downstream from Nimmons Bridge on west side of river on a slope. Duke Power Company land. One of the Keowee Reservoir Project sites. Sherds found. Site tested by Bernard Golden, Summer, 1967. Now under Keowee Reservoir.

### 380C3

Robinson Bottoms. Also called Toxoway. Cherokee town site on west bank of Keowee River across from Estatoe River mouth, below Chapman's Bridge in Robinson Bottoms on Duke Power Company land. One of the Keowee Reservoir Project sites. Sherds, house-patterns found. Site excavated by Don Robertson, Summer, 1968.

### 380C4

Shalom Site. On west bank of Keowee River a few hundred feet southwest of 380C2, two miles downstream from Nimmons Bridge on Duke Power Company land. One of the Keowee Reservoir Project sites. Tested by Bernard Golden, Summer, 1967. Now under water.

### 380C5

Cherokee village site north of Tugalo River, 1500 feet below Barton Creek. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 380C13. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties." Site now under Hartwell Reservoir.

### 380C6

Cherokee village site north of Tugalo River, 3000 feet above Grill Creek. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 380C14. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties." Site now under Hartwell Reservoir.

380C7

Clemson Site. Woodland village site near earth dam, on new Clemson University tennis courts. Sherds, steatite pipe, historic ceramics found. Site surveyed by Stanley South and Thomas M. Ryan, 6/16/1971.

380C8

Cane Creek. Deptford, Cherokee site east of Highway 16, southeast of Cane Creek Bridge on southeast edge of Mudd Pond. Duke Power Company land. One of Keowee Reservoir Project sites. Sherds, quartz artifacts found. Site surveyed by Kenneth Chafin, Summer, 1967. Now under Keowee Reservoir.

380C9

Craig Bottoms. One of Keowee Reservoir Project sites, surveyed in 1967.

380C10

Village site on north bank of Tugalo River above GA59 bridge. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 380C18. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties." Site now under Hartwell Reservoir.

380C11

Woodstock village site on west bank of Chauga Creek, 2000 feet below Toxoway Creek, at the edge of Hartwell Reservoir. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 380C19. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties."

380C12

Woodland village site north of Tugalo River, 3000 feet below Prather's Bridge. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 380C12. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties." Site now under Hartwell Reservoir.

380C13

Mound on northeast bank of Tomassee Creek, one mile north of Tomassee Knob. This is Dr. Caldwell's site number 380C6. His reference is Thomas. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

380C14

Shallow Ford. Cherokee town site at the Shallow Ford Bridge on the Keowee River on Duke Power Company land. One of Keowee Reservoir Project sites. Site tested by Joseph Milligan and Paul Brockington in 1968. Now under water.

380C15

Cherokee village north of Tugalo River, 2000 feet above Grill Creek. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 380C15. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties." Site now under Hartwell Reservoir.

380C16

Cherokee village site on north side of Tugalo River, one mile below Southern Railroad Bridge. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 380C16. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties." Site now under Hartwell Reservoir.

380C17

Cherokee village site north of Tugalo River, one half mile below U.S. 123 crossing. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 380C17. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties." Site not under Hartwell Reservoir.

380C18

Chatooga Old Town. Cherokee town upriver from Russell Bridge. One of the Keowee Reservoir Project sites. Surveyed by John D. Combes, 7/24/1968. Point, flakes, sherds, gaming stone, bone found.

380C19

Town Hill. Lamar site between Knox Creek and Crane Creek. This is Dr. Caldwell's site number 380C3. His references are J. R. Swanton, DeSoto Commission, p. 200. Possible site of Xnala. Sherds, quartz artifacts, hammerstone found. Material in U.S.N.M. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

380C20

Seneca. Also called Esseneca. Cherokee village site of small mounds. West side of Seneca River opposite Clemson College on the edge of Hartwell Reservoir. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 380C20. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties." Site mentioned by Charleston Museum. Sherds, stone artifacts found. Material in Robert Cuthbert collection. This is Dr. Wauchope's site number 1-Oc. He says it is one half mile south of Clemson on the east side of the Seneca River. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

380C21

Cherokee village site north of Tugalo River, 4000 feet above Chauga Creek. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 380C28. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties." Site now under Hartwell Reservoir.

380C22

Cherokee village site north of Tugalo River, 3500 feet above Prather's Bridge. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 380C22. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties." Site now under Hartwell Reservoir.

380C23

Old Quartz Industry workshop and campsite on S.C. 244 southeast of Friendship Church. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 380C23. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties."

380C24

Cherokee village site north of Tugalo River opposite Big John Branch on edge of Hartwell Reservoir. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Site number 380C29. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties."

380C25

Woodland village site on west bank of Keowee River one and one half miles above Little River. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project Site number 380C25. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties." Site now under Hartwell Reservoir.

380C26

Old Quartz Industry village site east of Seneca River below Blue Ridge Railroad crossing. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 380C26. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties." Site also mentioned by Charleston Museum. Now under Hartwell Reservoir.

380C27

Old Quartz Industry campsite and workshop west of Seneca River above Coneross Creek. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project Site number 380C27. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties." Site now under Hartwell Reservoir.

380C28

Mound on north bank of Whetstone Creek, two miles above junction west of Chatooga River. Site mentioned by Dr. Caldwell. His reference is Thomas, 1891. Site also mentioned by Charleston Museum. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

380C29

Mound on west bank of Keowee River, three miles above junction west of Little River. This is Dr. Caldwell's site number 380C9. His reference is Thomas, 1891. Site also mentioned by Charleston Museum. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

380C30

Cherokee village site on the north bank of Tugalo River on first stream above Zimmerman Branch on edge of Hartwell Reservoir. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 380C30. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties."



380C31

Cherokee site on north side of Tugalo River above Doyle Creek. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 380C31. See his Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties." Site now under Hartwell Reservoir.

380C32

Site on a hill on the east bank of Coneross Creek, one half mile below Richland. This is Dr. Caldwell's site number 380C8. His sources are Thomas; Bartram, pp. 327, 328; Bushnell, 1919, p. 63. Site also mentioned by Charleston Museum. Surveyed by Thomas M. Ryan, 5/12/1971.

380C33

Cherokee village site north of Tugalo River opposite Toccoa Creek. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 380C33. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties." Now under Hartwell Reservoir.

380C34

Site on north side of Tugalo River below Timmerman Branch on edge of Hartwell Reservoir. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 380C32. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archeological Sites by Counties."

380C35

Earle Mound. Located on north side of Tugalo River north of Chauga Creek. Description from National Anthropological Archives. Smithsonian Institution.

380C36

Alexander-Hill House. On SC 201 off US 183 on the shoreline of Lake Keowee. Built in 1831 by Pleasant Alexander, sheriff and postmaster at Old Pickens. Has been removed from its original site. Owned by Duke Power.

380C38

Prather's Bridge. On county road 160, southwest of Westminster over the Tugaloo River. Wooden bridge constructed prior to the Civil War.

380C39

Village Creek. Located at the fork of Village Creek and East Village Creek. This might be "the Village" mentioned by Hawkins in 1795. Site visited by T. Ryan, 6/13/72.

380C40

Stumphouse Tunnel. Five miles north of Walhalla on SC 28. Begun in 1850s a series of tunnels which were never completed. Owned by Pendleton Distric Historical and Recreational Commission.

380C43

Oconee Station. Historic site. Surveyed by John D. Combes in 1968.

380C45

Mound at Keith's Quarter at extreme head of Little River. Dr. Caldwell mentions this site. His information is from Thomas, 1891. Site also mentioned by Charleston Museum. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

380C46

Mound on Richland Creek, two miles above Richland. This is Dr. Caldwell's site number 380C7. His reference is Thomas, 1891. Site also mentioned by Charleston Museum. Thomas M. Ryan visited this site in May, 1971 and says the dam across Richland Creek has either destroyed the site, or submerged it under the reservoir.

380C47

Chauga. Cherokee and Etowah mound and village site at Fort Madison (Mathison?) on north bank of Tugalo River at junction with Chauga Creek. This is Dr. Caldwell's site number 380C1. One of his Hartwell Reservoir Project Sites. His reference is Thomas, 1891. He says work has been done here by the University of Georgia and by the Tsali Institute. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties." and Caldwell, 1953. Site also mentioned by Charleston Museum. Now under Hartwell Reservoir.

380C50

Historic Cherokee site near Jocassee. Part of Duke Power Company Keowee-Toxoway Project. Site excavated by John D. Combes, June, 1970. Sherds, shot, flakes, points, glass, historic ceramics found.

380C51

Keep Out Site. Woodland site near Jocassee. Part of Duke Power Company Keowee-Toxoway Project. Sherds, point found. Site surveyed by John D. Combes, June, 1970.

380C52

Woodland site near Jocassee. Part of Duke Power Company Keowee-Toxoway Project. Sherds, points, flakes, hammerstone found. Site tested by John D. Combes, June, 1970.

380C53

Trailer Site. Woodland site in Jocassee Valley on Thompson River just above juncture of Whitewater. One of Duke Power Company's Keowee-Toxoway Project sites. Sherds, biface, flakes found. Site tested by John D. Combes, June, 1970.

380C54

Archaic and Woodland site on west side of Thompson River opposite 380C50 on Alexander Land's property near Jocassee. Part of Duke Power Company Keowee-Toxoway Project. Site tested by John D. Combes, June, 1970.

380C55

Rock Mound. Cherokee rock cairn on hill above Fort Prince George. Part of Duke Power Company - Keowee-Toxoway Project. Tested by John D. Combes, June, 1970. Sherds, rocks, beads, buckle, bones found. Material in W. Williams collection.

## ORANGEBURG COUNTY SITES

### 380R1

Site on north Edisto River at Highway 74 bridge, nine miles west of Orangeburg. Stone artifacts, flakes, sherds found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

### 380R2

Clyde Stroman Site. Early Archaic and historic fort or trading post (?) site. Located three miles south of Orangeburg. European material as well as Indian material. Site investigated by Richard Polhemus and Robert Parler, Jr., 1/23/72.

### 380R3

Site in Santee State Park, 150 yards west of landing. Sherds, points found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

### 380R4

Eutaw Springs Island #2. Site on an Island in Lake Marion near Eutaw Springs. This is Charleston Museum site number SC:OR:4. Site surveyed by Elias Bull. Material in Mackintosh, LaFaye, Charleston Museum collections. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

### 380R5

Burial Island #3. Burial site on an island in Lake Marion near Eutaw Springs. Charleston Museum site number SC:OR:5. Surveyed by Elias Bull. Material in Mackintosh, LaFaye, Charleston Museum collections. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 380R6

Between Site. Site on an island in Lake Marion near Eutaw Springs. Charleston Museum site number SC:OR:6. Surveyed by Elias Bull. Material in Mackintosh, LaFaye, Charleston Museum collections. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 380R7

Lucky Strike. Site on an island in Lake Marion near Eutaw Springs. Charleston Museum site number SC:OR:7. Surveyed by Elias Bull. Material in Mackintosh, LaFaye, Charleston Museum collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

### 380R8

Edisto Site. Site in stream running from large reservoir south of North, South Carolina to the south bank of the North Edisto River. Charleston Museum site number SC:OR:1. Material in Gene Waddell, Charleston Museum collections.

380R9

Site on Lake Marion beach from south side of US 15 bridge across Santee Reservoir to 1st inlet. Charleston Museum site number SC:OR:2. Material in Gene Waddell, Charleston Museum collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

380R10

Eutaw Springs Island #1. Site on an island in Lake Marion near Eutaw Springs. Surveyed by Elias Bull. Charleston Museum site number SC:OR:3. Material in Mackintosh, LaFaye, Charleston Museum collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

380R11

Archaic campsite 5.5 miles from Rowesville on SC 117 on Hubert Collier's land. Steatite and clay discs and perforated objects found. Material in Sammy Lee's collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

380R12

Foxhole Point. Historic site on the shore of Lake Marion near Eutaw Springs. Elias Bull site number 820-47-5. Pipes, sherds found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

380R13

#12 Island. Historic site on shore of Lake Marion near Eutaw Springs. Elias Bull site number 820-47-6. Sherds, pipes found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

380R14

Old Town of Ferguson. Site near Eutaw Springs on the shore of Lake Marion. Surveyed by Elias Bull. Sherds found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

380R15

Skeleton Island. Site on the shore of Lake Marion near Eutaw Springs. Elias Bull site number 820-17-3. Gaming discs found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

380R16

State Park Site. Site in State park on northwest shore of Lake Marion. Elias Bull site number 820-47-1. Sherds found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

380R17

Battle Island, also called Delta Island, Nelson's Ferry. Site near Eutaw Springs off the coast of Lake Marion. Elias Bull site number 820-47-2. Sherds, pipes, shot, metal, glass, historic ceramics found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

380R19

Site is a village or encampment located on the banks of a small creek northwest of Eutawville. Grit-tempered, cord-marked pottery. Site located by Leland Ferguson, 5/28/72.

380R20

Site located east of Eutawaville on an island in Lake Marion. Pottery  
Site located by Bill Christensen, October 1971.

## PICKENS COUNTY SITES

### 38PN1

Fort Prince George. Eighteenth century fort, 100 yards east of Keowee River, 20 yards south of county road 157 at Nimmon's Bridge on Duke Power Company land. This is one of the Keowee Reservoir Project sites. Excavated by John D. Combes, 1966 to 1968. This is Dr. Caldwell's site 38PK2, revised to SC:Pi:2, in his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archeological Sites by Counties." This is Charleston Museum site number SC:Pi:1. Its reference is Thomas, 1891. Bayonet, stones, points, sherds, glass, historic ceramics, shot, nails, etc. found. Material in Steele, Few, Pickens County Museum, Ron Bost, Table Rock State Park, Charleston Museum collections. Site now under Keowee-Toxoway Reservoir.

### 38PN2

I.C. Few Site, also called Mound site. Burial site on east side of Keowee River, north of Nimmons Bridge on Duke Power Company land. Bones, gorgets, shell beads, sherds found. Material in Few, Welbourne collections. One of the Keowee Reservoir Projects. Excavated by Dr. Roger T. Grange, summer, 1967. Site now under Keowee Reservoir.

### 38PN3

Woodland village site on east side of Keowee River below Six Mile Creek. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 38Pi3. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties." The Charleston Museum mentions this site (calls it a mound on Indian Hill). Its reference are Mills, p. 68, Thomas, 1891. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38PN4

Rock Turtle Site. Historic Cherokee site on bottomland south of 38PN1 on east side of Keowee River. One of the Keowee Reservoir Project sites. Sherds, bones, historic trade material found. Site excavated by Prentice Thomas and Bernard Golden under Dr. Edwards, summer, 1967. Report by Richard Polhemus at the 1970 Historic Sites Conference. Site now under Keowee Reservoir.

### 38PN5

Old Quartz Industry village site on east side of Keowee River above Kelly Creek. This is Dr. Caldwell's Hartwell Reservoir Project site number 38Pi4. See his "Hartwell Reservoir Inventory of Archaeological Sites by Counties."

### 38PN6

Hanover House, or St. Julien - Ravenel House. Located on the Clemson University Campus. One and one half story frame house built in 1714-16 and moved to Clemson in 1940's. Owned by State of South Carolina. National Register for Historic Places.

38PN7

Old Stone Church. Off US 76 1½ miles north of Pendelton at intersection of county road 37. Made of natural fieldstone, this rectangular building was begun in 1797 and completed in 1802. National Register for Historic Places.

38PN20

Hope I. Archaic site on upper terrace of Keowee River on bend above dam site on Duke Power Company land. One of Keowee Reservoir Project sites. Tested in 1967 by Bernard Golden and Kenneth Chafin. Projectile points found. Site now underwater.

38PN21

Hope II. Cherokee site west of 38PN20 on floodplain of Keowee River on bend above dam site. Duke Power Company land. A Keowee Reservoir Project site. Tested by Kenneth Chafin, 1967. Now under Keowee Reservoir.

38PN22

Wild Cherry Site. Woodland site north of Crow Creek at Bridge, south of Fort Prince George on a rise. Duke Power Company land. A Keowee Reservoir Project Site. Sherds, acorns, nuts found. Site excavated by Bernard Golden, summer, 1967. Now under Keowee Reservoir.

38PN23

Tree Nursery Site. Deptford site on Highway 11 at entrance to Piedmont Nursery on Duke Power Company land. A Keowee Reservoir Project site. Sherds found. Material in George Welborne, Paul Bowie collections. Site excavated by Joseph Milligan and Paul Brockington, summer 1968. Now under water.

38PN34

Cherokee burial site behind I.C. Few house, east of 38PN1 on Duke Power Company land. Bone, sherds, nail found. A Keowee Reservoir Project site. Surveyed by John Combes in 1968. Now under Keowee Reservoir.

38PN35

Cherokee site between Saluda and Colenoy Rivers. This is Dr. Caldwell's site number 38PK1. His references are the DeSoto Commission, J. R. Swanton 1943. Sherds, core, steatite bowl fragments, points, drill found. Material in U.S.N.M. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38PN36

Bean Field. Site on east bank of Keowee River, north of 38Pi2. A Keowee Reservoir Project Site, surveyed in 1967. Now under Keowee River.

38PN37

Earthworks at Fort Hill on east bank of Keowee River, four miles below Twelve Mile Creek. This is Dr. Caldwell's site 38OC10. His references are Thomas, 1891; and James Mooney. Site also mentioned by Charleston Museum. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.



## RICHLAND COUNTY SITES

### 38RD1

Davis Site. Occupation area along Seaboard Railroad cut, 200 yards south of US 1 and 300 yards northeast of Satchel Ford Road in Columbia. Sherds, bones found. Site surveyed by Dr. Stephenson and Mr. Sutherland, 11/1968.

### 38RD2

Pole Bridge Creek Northeast. Site in field northeast of dirt road where it crosses Pole Bridge Creek between SC 48 and SC 46 near Hopkins. Charleston Museum site number SC:Ri:2. Material in Gene Waddell, D. M. Mackintosh, Charleston Museum collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38RD3

Zoo Site. Indian site between I-26 and Greystone Blvd. exit, 100 yards from Saluda River. Points, sherds, flakes found. Site not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38RD4

Greenhill Mound. Lamar site in the Congaree Swamp, twelve miles below Columbia on the Congaree River on Liberty Life Insurance Company land. Mound one fourth of a mile long and 200 yards wide, twenty feet high, in three layers. Sherds, daub, bone, glass, historic ceramics, brick, points, gorget, beads, flakes, axe, shell cup, shell ring, nails, vessels, celts, spade, knives, pestle, dipper found. Material in Leland Ferguson, John M. Bateman, LaFaye, Charleston Museum, Michael Trinkley, University of North Carolina, U.S.N.B. collections. Site surveyed by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards in July, 1958 and March 1959 by Leland Ferguson, 9/13/1969. Excavated by the Charleston Museum, 5/26, 28/1925. See Buchanan, 1925. This is Ferguson's site number SOC 218. Charleston Museum site numbers SC:KE:l, SCRD5, SCR14. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

### 38RD5

Mackintosh Site. Site near Blythewood. Wood chips collected by Dr. William E. Edwards, 10/21/1963. Exact location uncertain.

### 38RD6

Site on pond irrigation areas at Clemson Livestock Lab in Pontiac. Sherds found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

### 38RD7

Site on Broad River near Prison Farm. Stone artifacts found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38RD8

Located in West Columbia. Material donated and site located by R. J. Lyons.

38RD9

Calhoun St. Dump. Site at 1716 Calhoun Street, Columbia, in Mr. and Mrs. Thomas' yard. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38RD10

Pole Bridge Creek. Field southwest of dirt road crossing Pole Bridge Creek between SC 48 and SC 46 near Hopkins. Charleston Museum site number SC:R1:1. Material in Gene Waddell, D. M. Mackintosh, LaFaye, Charleston Museum collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38RD11

Zion Pilgrim Church. Site northeast of Zion Pilgrim Church between SC 48 and Pole Bridge Creek near Hopkins. Material in Gene Waddell, LaFaye, D. M. Mackintosh, Charleston Museum collections. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38RD12

Pipe Line Site. A small camp, located on east side of Congaree River, southwest of Gist and Heyward Street in Columbia. Sherds, flakes, 1 broken quartz point. Site located by Thomas M. Ryan, 8/4/71.

38RD13

Bottle Dump. Historic site beneath Seaboard Coastline Railroad Trestle on Lincoln Street, south of Pendleton. Bottles, ceramics found. Material in King collection. Site surveyed by Stanley South, 2/28/1970.

38RD14

Laurens St. Dump. Historic site at corner of Laurens and Senate St. in Columbia. Bottles found. Material in Bays collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38RD15

Haincoat Creek. Woodland site at Highway 601 and Bluff Road on Mr. Manning's land, two miles from Congaree River. Points, sherds, flakes, bones found. Site surveyed by Richard Polhemus and Paul Brockington. 7/15/1970.

38RD16

Horatio Site. Site mentioned in George Stuart's Master's Thesis.

38RD17

Taylor St. Dump. Historic site at southwest corner of Taylor and Lincoln Street in Columbia. Jugs, bottles found. Material in Carter Bays collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38RD18

Nipper Creek. Archaic site six miles north of Columbia on Route 215, one fourth of a mile north of Nipper Creek, one half mile east of Broad River on Mrs. Williamson's land. Points, grinding slab, handstone, plummet, flakes found. Material in Frank Green collection. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 12/21/1970.

38RD19

Site on northwest bank of Cedar Creek and northeast bank of Congaree River, near their confluence about 13 miles from Columbia near Adams Pond. This is Robert Wauchope's site number 5-Ri. Surveyed by him in 1939. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38RD20

Site on a hill on east bank of Saluda River, three miles north of Columbia behind a filling station. This is Dr. Robert Wauchope's site number 1-Ri. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38RD21

Site on first terrace on east bank of Saluda River, three miles north of Columbia across railroad track from 38RD20. This is Dr. Wauchope's site number 2-Ri, surveyed by him in 1922. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38RD22

Site opposite 38RD21 on west bank of Saluda, upstream and across a branch and slough. This is Dr. Wauchope's site number 3-Ri, surveyed by him in 1922. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

38RD23

Site 300 yards downstream from 38RD22 on a higher hilltop near railroad. This is Dr. Wauchope's site number 4-Ri, surveyed by him, 12/27/1939. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38RD24

Physical Ed Site. Historic site excavated by workmen where the new U.S.C. Physical Education building is being built at Wheat and Marion Streets. Milled stone found.

38RD25

Site located on west side of Sims Building at the end of Bull Street, Columbia. Chippings, points reported in the collection of Jim Green. Site reported by Jim Michie, 7/22/71.

38RD26

H. G. Thomas Site. Site located on Fort Jackson property.

38RD27

Archade Site. Late 19th early 20th c. well site located in the basement of the Archade Building on Main Street, Columbia. 20th c. ceramics, glass. Site investigated by Richard Polhemus 10/2/71.

38RD39

Hampton-Preston House. 1615 Blanding Street, Columbia. Built in 1818 by Ainsley Hall and sold to Wade Hampton. Owned by State of South Carolina. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD40

Horry-Guignard House. 1527 Senate Street, Columbia. Built prior to 1813 by Peter Horry, this two story wooden house with slightly sunken basement, now houses the Columbia Music Festival Center. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD41

Kensington Plantation House. c. 8 miles east of Eastover. Wooden house on raised brick of the Second Empire style. Construction was begun in 1851 and completed in 1853. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD42

Lace House or Robertson House. 803 Richland Street, Columbia. Palladian classic style two story house built in 1854 with cast iron fencing from whence it gets its name. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD43

Lorick-Baker House or Preston C. Lorick House. 1727 Hampton Street, Columbia. Two story stuccoed-brick home built prior to 1840 by A. S. Johnson. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD44

Picriccorn House or Hale-Elmore-Seibels House. Two and one half story house built c. 1797. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD45

State House. Main Street, Columbia. Begun in 1855 and completed in 1902. Designed by John R. Niernsee. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD46

Supreme Court. Northwest corner of Gervais and Sumter Streets, Columbia. Originally the U.S. Post Office built in 1917 - 21 and was bought and remodeled by the State in 1969-71. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD47

State Hospital. 2100 Bull Street, Columbia. Robert Mills design, Greek Revival begun in 1822. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD48

Millwood. Garner's Ferry Road, Columbia. Built by Col. Wade Hampton II, the original home was built in 1815-30 and burned in 1865. Now in ruins. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD28

Archaic and Early Woodland site south of Columbia on Congaree River. Reported by Richard Polhemus, 10/24/71.

38RD30

Site located on Holly Hill Lumber Co. land. Ceramic and points in the collection of W. T. Barron. Site visited by N. S. Ayres, and D. R. Sutherland, 3/5/72.

38RD31

Ainsley Hall Home. 1616 Blanding Street. Two story brick structure on an elevated basement, designed by Robert Mills, and built in 1823. Owned by Richland County Historic Preservation Commission. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD32

Arsenal Hill or Palmetto Iron Works and Armory. 1800 Lincoln Street, Columbia. Works built in 1850 for the making of ornamental iron, was converted for the war cause. Owned by the City of Columbia. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD33

Caldwell-Hampton-Bayston House. 829 Richland Street, Columbia. Three story clapboard Greek Revival style house built c. 1820 - 30. Owned by Richland County Historical Preservation Commission. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD34

Chestnut Cottage. 1718 Hampton Street, Columbia. Built c. 1855-60, is a 1½ story frame house of the Neo-Classic cottage style. Home of May Boykin Chestnut, author of Diary from Dixie. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD35

DeBruhl-Marshall House. 1401 Laurel Street, Columbia. Greek Revival style two story house with full basement built in 1820. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD36

First Baptist Church. 1306 Hampton Street, Columbia. Brick, Greek Revival style church built in 1859 and added to in 1941 and 1949. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD37

First Presbyterian Church. 1324 Marion Street, Columbia. English Gothic built in 1854. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD38

Governor's Mansion. 800 Richland Street, Columbia, S.C. Brick structure built in 1855 for barracks of Arsenal Academy. Since 1879 has served as the governor's mansion. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD49

Sylvan Building. 1500 Main Street, Columbia. Built in 1870 of the III Empire design for the Central National Bank. Owned now by Sylvan Realty Corporation. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD50

Trinity Episcopal Church. 1100 Sumter Street, Columbia. English Gothic Revival style, designed in 1840 and built in 1845 - 94. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD51

Washington Street United Methodist Church. 1401 Washington Street, Columbia. Red brick Victorian Gothic style built 1872. National Register for Historic Places.

38RD56

Giraffe House. On Columbia Zoological Park in field just south of Giraffe and Sabel House. Quartz chips, undecorated ceramics and biface. Survey by T. M. Ryan, 6/1/72.

38RD57

Peedee site located on Bates old River east of US 601 three fourths of a complete complicated stamped vessel. Found by Mr. B. Cantey. 7/5/72.

38RD58

Wilson House. 1705 Hampton Street, Columbia. Built by Joseph R. Wilson in 1872 and the Wilson home until 1875. National Register for Historic Places.

## SALUDA COUNTY SITES

### 38SA1

Watkins Point. Archaic site at Watkins Point on Lake Murray, one and one half mile below Highway 391. Points, flakes, ground stone, scrapers found. Site surveyed by Don Sutherland, 4/17/1969. Also mentioned by Dr. Caldwell.

### 38SA2

Archaic dwelling site in the backyard of James P. Carson in Ridge Spring Mano, point found. Material in Ken Chitwood collection. Site surveyed by Don Sutherland, 8/2/1969.

### 38SA3

Henry Pennington Site. Site one fourth of a mile south of Pennington House, four and one fourth miles north of Saluda, east of Route 39. Quartz artifacts found. Material in Jemmy Wills collection. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

### 38SA4

Roxie Crawford Site. Site on south bank of Saluda River, 11 miles north of Saluda, three and one half miles below Buzzards Roost Dam. Stone artifacts found. Site surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards, 6/8/1965. Exact location uncertain.

### 38SA5

Site in a field four and one half miles north of Saluda just west of Route 39 on Mrs. Gene Lott's land. Stone artifacts found. Site surveyed by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards, 6/8/1965.

### 38SA6

Cotton Site. Site on Columbia Road 500 yards from Saluda River in a field. Site mentioned by Dr. Caldwell. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.

### 38SA7

Corn Site. Site on Columbia Road 500 yards from Saluda River across road from 38SA6. Site mentioned by Caldwell. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38SA8

Elevated Site. Site at junction of Saluda River and Road to Columbia. Site mentioned by Dr. Caldwell. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38SA9

Archaic to Historic village site on Hagood farm 10 miles north of Saluda, now owned by A. W. Minchew. Site north of Saluda River, west of Terrapin Creek, east of Tanyard Creek. Points, sherds, flakes, chunky stones, glazed earthenware sherd found. Material in Minchew collection. Site visited by A. R. Kelly of the University of Georgia, Dr. Stiles of the Museum of the American Indian. Site thought to be site of Saluda Old Town (see Meriwether, 1940, p. 118) but no evidence found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 1/29/1971.

38SA10

Site cut through by highway from Batesburg to Saluda. Site four and one half miles west of Batesburg on west bank of Clouds Creek. This is Dr. Wauchope's site number 1-Su, surveyed by him, 7/9/1939. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location is uncertain.



## SPARTANBURG COUNTY SITES

### 38SP1

Price's Post Office, also called The Price House. Historic site east of SC 200, west of SC 86, south of their junction; north of Ferguson Creek, northwest of South Tyger River, 2.4 miles southeast of Switzer. Site includes house, servant's quarters, cold cellar, wells. Historic ceramics, hinge, hammer, gun parts, dispensary bottles, nails, bones, buttons, bullets, bricks, glass found. Site excavated by Stanley South, Summer, 1970 (See South, 1970).

### 38SP2

Old Anderson Mill Site. Site five miles west of Spartanburg on the Tyger River. Quartz artifacts found. Site surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards, 12/12/1964. Exact location uncertain.

### 38SP3

Graveyard near site of Hampton family massacre, south of Highway 29 just west of Culler-Jackson. Buttons, buckles, bullet, bones found. Site excavated by the Spartanburg Gem and Mineral Society, 2/1964. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38SP11

Frozen Pup Quarry. Also called Dead Dog Spread, Triangle Site #1 Archaic soapstone quarry, one and one eighth of a mile north  $118^{\circ}$  east from intersection of Bethesda Road and Emma Cudd Road on A. C. Nicholl's land. One of the Wofford Soapstone Quarries Project Sites. Carved bowls found. Site surveyed by Wofford crew in 1969. See Overton, 1969, Lowman and Wheatley, 1970. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on U.S.G.S. Spartanburg Quad map by Overton.

### 38SP12

Mud Flats. Archaic soapstone quarry site three fourths of a mile north  $160^{\circ}$  east from the confluence of the Pacolet River and Lawson Fork Creek on Canal Wood Company land. This is one of the Wofford Soapstone Quarries Project Sites. Surveyed by Wofford crew in 1969. See Overton, 1969, Lowman and Wheatley, 1970. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on U.S.G.S. Spartanburg Quad map by Overton.

### 38SP13

Pacolet River Site. Archaic soapstone quarry site three fourths of a mile north  $145^{\circ}$  east from the confluence of the Pacolet River and Lawson Fork Creek on Canal Wood Company land. One of the Wofford Soapstone Quarries Project sites. Surveyed by Wofford crew in 1969. See Overton, 1969, Lowman and Wheatley, 1970. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on U.S.G.S. Spartanburg Quad map by Overton.

### 38SP14

Rediscovery Acres. Archaic soapstone quarry site  $7/8$  mile north  $85^{\circ}$  east from the confluence of the Pacolet River and Lawson Fork Creek on R. D. Halford's land. One of the Wofford Soapstone Quarries Project Sites. Surveyed by Wofford crew in 1969. See Overton, 1969, Lowman and Wheatley, 1970. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on U.S.G.S. Spartanburg Quad map by Overton.

38SP15

Munn's Site. Site near Landrum where highway crosses Pacolet River. Points, cores, bifaces, flakes, sherds found. Site surveyed by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards and Don Robertson in 1966. Exact location uncertain.

38SP16

Revolutionary War cemetery near Fair Forest on Tyger River. Bone, mica, flakes found. Site surveyed by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards, 11/2/1964. Exact location uncertain.

38SP17

Stephens Site #1. Archaic soapstone quarry site southeast of Glendale northwest of Richland Creek, east of Route 775. Bowls found. One of the Wofford Soapstone Quarries Project sites. Surveyed by Wofford crew in 1969. See Lowman and Wheatley, 1970. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on U.S.G.S. Spartanburg Quad map by Lowman and Wheatley.

38SP18

Stephens Site #2. Archaic soapstone quarry four and one fourth miles northwest of Pacolet. One of the Wofford Soapstone Quarries Project sites. See Lowman and Wheatley, 1970. Site not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on U.S.G.S. Spartanburg Quad map by Lowman and Wheatley.

38SP19

Cemetery Site. Archaic soapstone quarry four and one fourth miles northwest of Pacolet, east of 38SP18. One of the Wofford Soapstone Quarries Project sites. See Lowman and Wheatley, 1970. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on U.S.G.S. Spartanburg Quad Map by Lowman and Wheatley.

38SP20

Hammett Grove. Archaic soapstone quarry site three fourths of a mile south of Hammett Grove Church, east of Pacolet River. One of the Wofford Soapstone Quarries Project sites. See Lowman and Wheatley, 1970. Not investigated by the Institute but specifically located on U.S.G.S. Spartanburg Quad map by Lowman and Wheatley.

38SP21

Archaic site located on large hill north of confluence of Pacolet River and Lawson Fork Creek. Soapstone Carvings. Site reported by Rick Edens, 3/12/71, as a part of the Wofford Soapstone Quarry Project.

38SP22

Walnut Grove Plantation. Revolutionary house located south of Spartanburg. Built c. 1765 by Charles Moore in the Georgian Style. Has been restored.

38SP23

Ray Price Quarry. Archaic site located near Richland Creek southeast of Glendale. Fragments of soapstone bowl. Site visited by R. L. Stephenson, Director of the Institute of Archeology and Anthropology and Ray Price, 7/5/72.

38SP24

Jamie Seay House. Darby Road off Crescent Ave., Spartanburg. Built c. 1770 - 1800, originally a one story wooden rectangular house which was later added on to. National Register for Historic Places.

38SP25

Camp Hill or Smith House. South of Glenn Springs on SC 215. Three story clapboard house built c. 1835 in the Greek Revival style. National Register for Historic Places.

38SP26

Evens-Bivings House. 563 North Church Street, Spartanburg. Two story Greek Revival style house built c. 1854.

38SP27

Foster's Tavern. 191 Cedar Spring Road, Spartanburg. Built c. 1801-1808 by Anthony Foster of homemade bricks and was a favorite stage coach stop for John C. Calhoun.

## SUMTER COUNTY SITES

### 38SU1

Woodland site 14 miles south of Camden, 1.5 miles north of Horatio on north bank of Rafting Creek just west of bridge. Sherds, points found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 8/31/1969.

### 38SU2

Early Woodland site in Black River Swamp near intersection of Highway 376 and road to Mayesville. Points, sherds found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38SU3

Site on Meek Creek and Wateree River, near Horatio. Sherds found. Site surveyed by Dr. William E. Edwards, 10/23/1966. Exact location uncertain.

### 38SU4

Santee River Site #1. Artifacts collected by Dr. W. E. Edwards and crew in late 1950s or early 1960s. Glass and ceramics.

### 38SU5

Site on North Main Street in Sumter, one half mile from center of town. Sherds found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38SU6

Mound in Wateree Swamp near Sumter on C. A. Jackson's land. A circular levee on a natural knoll. Site mentioned by Caldwell. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38SU7

Sumter Site. Site in a field west of Rocky Creek and south of US 76, three miles west of Mayesville. Material in Gene Waddell, Charleston Museum collections. Mentioned by Charleston Museum. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38SU8

Canoe Site. Site near Horatio on Wateree River bank on Mrs. Martha White's land. Dugout canoe found. Site excavated by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards, 10/ and 11/1966. See Gettys, 1969.

### 38SU9

Millford Plantation. Site between Tavern Creek and King Road about five miles west of Pinewood, north of New Zion Church. Sherds, pipe found. Site surveyed by Elias Bull. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain. National Register for Historic Places.

### 38SU10

Jameson Site. Woodland site located six miles south of Sumter, S.C. Sherds. Site located by John Jameson, 12/20/71.

38SU11

Borough House. South of Old Garner's Ferry Road, 14 miles west of Sumter. Built c. 1758 of pisé de terre. Wings and a wooden central section and numerous out buildings. National Register for Historic Places.

## UNION COUNTY SITES

### 38UN1

Pinckneyville. Historic site at the confluence of the Pacolet and Broad Rivers. Owned by the Union County Historical Foundation. Visited by Dr. Stephenson, 4/15/1970.

### 38UN2

Blackstock Mound. North bank of Tyger River east of SC 56. Site mentioned by Caldwell. Also by Charleston Museum. Its references are Logan, p. 215, and Thomas, 1891. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38UN3

Blackstock Battlefield. Revolutionary War battlefield on south bank of Tyger River on Spartanburg County Line. Bones found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38UN4

Lockhart Canal. Early nineteenth century canal at Lockhart near the Broad River on power company land. Almost obliterated by modern canal. Site surveyed by Dr. Stephenson, 4/15/1970.

### 38UN5

Sawtooth rock fishweir across Broad River 50 yards above SC 215 Bridge. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38UN7

Archaic campsite six miles west of Carlisle in a field between SC 72 road 87, Tyger River, and Seaboard Airline. Points, flakes found. Site surveyed by Dr. E. Thomas Hemmings, 6/10/1971.

### 38UN8

Cross Keys House. Southwest of Union on SC 49. Built in 1812-14 by Barrum Bobo in the Georgian Colonial style. It is in unaltered excellent condition. National Register for Historic Places.

### 38UN9

Herndon Terrace. North Pinckney Street and Catherine Street, Union. Greek Revival style with stuccoed brick columns. Built 1845-48.

### 38UN10

Padgett's Creek Baptist Church. Two miles east of Cross Keys on SC 18. Built 1844, plain wooden, two story rectangular building over slightly raised brick supports.

### 38UN11

Rose Hill. Nine miles southwest of Union off US 176. Three story stucco-covered house. Now property of the State. Investigated by Richard Carrillo of the Institute of Archeology and Anthropology.

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY SITES

38WG1

Willtown. Eighteenth century townsite 79° 26' 45" west 33° 37' 25" north on Black Mingo Creek. Bricks, historic ceramics, glass, pipes found. Material in Mac Jenkinson collection. Site surveyed by Paul Brockington. 4/20/1970.

38WG2

Site near Snow Lake and Moody Island on Neal L. Huggins' land. Point, flakes, sherds found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38WG3

Site eight miles southeast of Johnsonville on the Pee Dee River at the edge of Staple Lake. Sherds, flakes, glass found. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38WG4

Thorntree or Witherspoon. In Fluitt-Nelson Memorial Park, Kingstree. Built 1749 by James Witherspoon. Moved from original site. National Register for Historic Places.

## YORK COUNTY SITES

### 38YK1

Site on bluff on north bank of Catawba River just east of bridge on highway going from Rock Hill to Fort Mill. This is Dr. Wauchope's site number 1-Yk. Surveyed by him 12/10/1939. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38YK2

Site on bluff on Catawba River  $\frac{1}{4}$  mile downstream from 38YK1. This is Dr. Wauchope's site number 2-Yk. Surveyed by him 12/10/1939. Not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38YK3

Site on bottomlands across Catawba River from 38YK2. This is Dr. Wauchope's site number 3-Yk. Surveyed by him 12/10/1939. Not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38YK4

Village site in bottomlands between Catawba River and 38YK3. This is Dr. Wauchope's site number 4-Yk. Surveyed by him December 10, 1939. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38YK5

Village site one half mile downstream from 38YK4 on the Catawba River. This is Dr. Wauchope's site number 5-Yk. Surveyed by him 12/10/1939. Not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38YK6

Site on southwest bank of Fishing Creek northwest of highway from Chester to Rock Hill. This is Dr. Wauchope's site number 6-Yk. Surveyed by him 12/10/1939. Site not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38YK7

White House. 258 East White Street, Rock Hill. Two story frame house built c. 1832-42. Log cabin at the rear predates this structure. National Register for Historic Places.

### 38YK11

Rock shelter five miles south of York  $80^{\circ} 23' 04''$  west  $35^{\circ} 0'$  north. A Wofford Rock Shelters Project site. See Howle, Varner and Venters, 1969. Site not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

### 38YK12

Rock shelter ca. five miles south of York, S.C.  $81^{\circ} 23' 04''$  west  $35^{\circ} 01'$  north. A Wofford Rock Shelters Project Site. See Howle, Varner, and Venters, 1969. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.



38YK13

Rock shelter 50 yards east of 38YK12. A Wofford Rock Shelters Project site. See Howle, Varner, and Venters, 1969. Site not investigated by Institute so exact location uncertain.

38YK14

Rock shelter north of Whitesides Farm, east of Buckhorn Creek. A Wofford Rock Shelters Project Site. See Howle, Varner, and Venters, 1969. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38YK15

Rock shelter northeast of 38YK14. A Wofford Rock Shelters Project site. See Howle, Varner, and Venters, 1969. Site not investigated by the Institute so exact location uncertain.

38YK16

John Larance Site. Site on Catawba River ca. one and one half miles west of Buster Royal Bridge. Stone artifacts, sherds found. Site surveyed by Dr. Wm. E. Edwards. Exact location uncertain.

38YK17

Open prehistoric site southeast of Bank Street in Rock Hill. Sherds-- plain and incised design, porcelain, green glass. Site located by G. Teague. 11/15/1971.

38YK18

Old Fort Mill. Historic fort site located west of Brickyard Road outside town limits, Rock Hill. Site located by G. Teague, 11/16/71.

TOTALS OF RECORDED ARCHEOLOGICAL SITES  
IN SOUTH CAROLINA, BY COUNTY

Abbeville (AB)	44	Darlington (DA)	16	Lee (LE)	9
Aiken (AK)	31	Dillon (DN)	3	Lexington (LX)	36
Allendale (AL)	55	Dorchester (DR)	7	McCormick (MC)	2
Anderson (AN)	27	Edgefield (ED)	14	Marion (MA)	45
Bamberg (BM)	7	Fairfield (FA)	62	Marlboro (ML)	7
Barnwell (BR)	12	Florence (FL)	16	Newberry (NE)	18
Beaufort (BU)	82	Georgetown (GE)	23	Oconee (OC)	50
Berkeley (BK)	63	Greenville (GR)	15	Orangeburg (OR)	19
Calhoun (CL)	19	Greenwood (GN)	14	Pickens (PN)	15
Charleston (CH)	99	Hampton (HA)	6	Richland (RD)	52
Cherokee (CK)	3	Horry (HR)	15	Saluda (SA)	10
Chester (CS)	61	Jasper (JA)	13	Spartanburg (SP)	20
Chesterfield (CT)	3	Kershaw (KE)	15	Sumter (SU)	11
Clarendon (CR)	33	Lancaster (LA)	11	Union (UN)	10
Colleton (CN)	9	Laurens (LU)	4	Williamsburg (WG)	4
				York (YK)	<u>14</u>

TOTAL 1103

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## IDENTIFICATION OF ARCHEOLOGICAL RESOURCES OF SOUTH CAROLINA

### ARCHEOLOGICAL RESOURCES

Archeological resources are those remains of human occupation, prehistoric or historic, that may be found on or beneath the surface of the ground by careful, scientific excavation. They may be the remains of prehistoric Indian occupations such as chipped stone tools, pottery, bone tools, shell or other implements or other artifacts. They may be remains of campfires, the post holes where wall posts of houses or palisades once stood, underground storage or refuse pits, fragments of food remains, or other evidence of prehistoric Indians having been there. They may be above ground remains such as earthen mounds, trails, agricultural fields, etc.

These prehistoric archeological resources are grouped and classified in various ways by the archeologist to analyse their historic and cultural meaning. These groupings may be by cultural content, by socio-economic groups, or by time periods. In South Carolina these resources, or archeological sites, extend throughout all or nearly all of the time span of man's occupation of the New World, and embrace a distinctive series of socio-economic patterns or "ways of life". They range from the simplest Early Man sites of 10,000 or more years ago, when man depended, in part, on large game animals for his economic existence; through the Archaic hunting and gathering period; the beginnings of agriculture; the development of major agricultural economy, and ceremonial centers; to the times of historic contact with the European colonists.

Archeological resources may also be historic, non-Indian sites of European or African origin. These begin with the sites of the earliest Spanish, French, and English explorers of the 16th century and extend to modern times. They include fortifications, houses, communities, shipwrecks, trails, farms, cemeteries, churches, slave quarters, and the structures as well as artifacts that are found at these sites. Historic sites, more often than prehistoric sites, contain above-ground ruins, as for example, historic houses, tombstones, or fortifications some of which may be in well preserved condition. Even with these, however, there are sub-surface archeological remains that require excavation in order to interpret the story of the site. Also, historic sites have the added advantage that there are usually some contemporary documents that help describe and explain the site.

Whether historic or prehistoric, these archeological resources are the remains of human occupation and they lie on or beneath the surface of the ground. They are the physical remains that can be excavated, measured, studied, and interpreted by careful and competent archeologists to tell the story (or at least some of the story) of how and when these people lived in

this particular place, why they changed their ways of life, and what their relationships to their environment may have been. Once these remains are disturbed, either by archeological excavation or construction projects or by any other means, the evidence of their existence is forever destroyed. It is essential, then, that any disturbance of these remains be done with the utmost archeological skill and with the best techniques, to recover the most possible information. The archeologist's excavation is destructive of the actual remains, but he records and saves the evidence that he excavates and can interpret it into a cohesive story of the site. The untrained digger, the construction project, or any other disturbance of the surface of the ground destroys the evidence without saving the information.

An archeological site, then, is a place where archeological resources exist and where in order to understand our past to the fullest, careful archeological excavation by fully trained, competent archeologists must be made to recover the shreds and patches of the story of our past. As used in this summary, it is a place where archeological excavation has been done, is being done, or may be expected to be done in the future, as a means of increasing our knowledge of the people who lived at that specific place at that specific time.

#### THE INVENTORY OF SITES

The archeological resources of South Carolina are abundant. There is probably not a square mile in the state that does not contain some fragment of the story of man's occupation of the state. There are actually thousands of prehistoric and historic sites to be considered. Some are of very minor significance, others are of very major significance, and the majority are somewhere between these two extremes of importance to the story of the state.

The Institute of Archeology and Anthropology of the University of South Carolina has been established to locate, identify, define, and excavate these sites, and to interpret their meaning within the overall story of 10,000 or more years of South Carolina's history. One of the major goals of the Institute is to develop a state-wide inventory of the sites that exist. This is being done concurrently with excavations of selected ones of these sites that require immediate excavation for one reason or another. The inventory, therefore, progresses slowly but constantly. The small but competent staff of trained archeologists in the Institute is constantly adding to the inventory, searching specific areas for sites, recording specific sites reported, and testing and analysing materials from those sites.

Archeological research began in South Carolina about a century and a half ago with Dr. Blanding's excavations in some mounds on the Wateree River in the 1820s. Since then, though, there has been only spotty attempts at archeological research in the state until recent years. A dozen or two sites were sampled or partially excavated, some with adequate techniques and records, others without. The Charleston Museum records were the best effort toward an inventory of sites, but these records concentrated primarily in the vicinity of Charleston County.

In 1968, the Institute began a systematic inventory of sites within all parts of the state. The Charleston Museum kindly loaned their records for duplicating, and all other sources of site data from institutions within the state and from outside the state were brought together to develop the inventory. As many of these sites as has been feasible to check on the ground have been examined, and some have been tested. Some large areas have been broadly searched for sites. Some small areas have been intensively searched. Local collectors have brought in data about sites and when possible, these have been checked on the ground. Other sites have been added to the inventory from references in the historic documents and when possible, these have been investigated. As a result of all of this, the Institute now has more than 1,100 archeological sites recorded in the inventory.

This may seem like a large number of sites, but it is really only a beginning. After four years of effort to develop this inventory of archeological resources of South Carolina, only a small percentage of the total area of the state has been intensively investigated. It is not yet possible to answer such a simple question as "Will this particular construction project (or that one) damage any archeological resources?" With few exceptions, a realistic answer can be given only after an on-the-ground search of that particular area that has been indicated for the particular construction project. The very nature of archeological sites, being mainly beneath the surface of the ground, makes even areas where some investigation has taken place, still open to question as to what archeological resources might be revealed by excavation.

The accompanying list of sites and the map indicating the county locations of these, provide more of an index of the amount of archeological work that has been done in each county than of the archeological resources that exist in each.

#### SPECIFIC SITE LOCATIONS

It will be noted that none of these sites is precisely pinpointed as to locality. Sites are listed only as within each county. This is necessary as a means of protecting the known sites from unauthorized digging by well-meaning but untrained "relic collectors". If the locations of these sites were made public, there would be but very little time pass before someone would be digging into them and thus destroying what little remains there are of these past ways of life. In order to protect the sites, their locations must remain confidential until there is some means available to properly investigate them by trained archeologists.

#### CONSTRUCTION PROJECT PROCEDURES

The procedure that must be adopted by any agency with any kind of construction project that changes the surface of the ground is to inquire about that specific area by letter to the Director of the Institute of Archeology and Anthropology, University of South Carolina, Columbia, South Carolina 29208. This will result in a search of the inventory records for

known sites in that specific area and a letter listing the sites, if any, that are on record. It will, with few exceptions, also be required that a ground-search of the area be made for additional sites before the project begins the ground-surface alterations.

#### SUMMARY

In summary, then, it is emphasized that many kinds of archeological resources exist in South Carolina, both of the prehistoric and historic eras.

An inventory of these resources is being developed by the Institute of Archeology and Anthropology of the University of South Carolina. That inventory is barely more than begun, even though more than 1,100 sites are on record.

Specific site locations are not and cannot be indicated in order to protect these non-renewable archeological resources from being vandalized.

The procedure for any agency anticipating a construction project, is a letter to the Director of the Institute indicating the specific area of concern. Known site locations in this area will be reported to the agency probably with recommendations for further search in the area.

It is to be emphasized that a lack of sites presently on record does not indicate that none exist. With few exceptions A QUALIFIED ARCHEOLOGIST MUST INSPECT EVERY PROJECT before or during construction. The longer the lead time before construction, the less chance the archeologist has of interfering with that construction.

The following list of sites by county, the tabulation of kinds of sites for the whole state, and the state map indicate the latest information from the Institute as of July 1, 1972.

Robert L. Stephenson  
Director and State Archeologist  
Institute of Archeology and  
Anthropology  
University of South Carolina  
Columbia, South Carolina 29208



SITE TYPES IN SOUTH CAROLINA

Abbeville (38AB)

4 prehistoric sites	2 Woodland fish camp sites
1 village site	1 Mississippian? village site
1 mound	3 historic house ruins
1 stone circles	3 historic buildings
1 stone cairn	5 Unidentified
3 fish weir	
1 prehistoric fish camp site	
14 Archaic camp sites	Total: 44 sites
4 Woodland sites	

Aiken (38AK)

2 prehistoric sites	1 historic ruin
1 village site	1 historic watering place
1 camp site	1 historic pottery
1 sand mound	17 Unidentified
1 mound	
1 cache	Total: 31 sites
2 Archaic sites	
2 fort-trading post ruins	

Allendale (38AL)

3 village sites	2 Woodland village sites
2 mounds	1 historic ruin
2 shell middens	38 Unidentified
1 quarry	
2 flint workshops	Total: 55 sites
4 Archaic sites	

Anderson (38AN)

3 Archaic camp sites	20 Unidentified
1 Mississippian village site	
3 historic buildings	Total: 27 sites

Bamberg (38BM)

1 Archaic site	4 Unidentified
1 historic house	
1 Confederate earthwork	Total: 7 sites

Barnwell (38BR)

- 1 prehistoric village
- 2 historic buildings
- 9 Unidentified

Total: 12 sites

Beaufort (38BU)

- 2 Village sites
- 3 mounds
- 3 Wilmington mound sites
- 1 Irene burial mound
- 2 burial mound sites
- 2 Temple mound sites
- 2 shell enclosures
- 2 shell rings
- 1 early ceramic shell ring
- 14 shell middens
- 2 early ceramic shell middens
- 4 Wilmington shell middens
- 2 Irene shell middens
- 5 Archaic sites
- 2 Woodland sites
- 3 Mississippian sites

- 2 ceramic occupation areas
- 3 Multi-component sites:
  - Late Archaic to Early Woodland
- 1 Multi-component site:
  - Early Woodland to Mississippian
- 1 Multi-component site:
  - Archaic to historic
- 1 historic boat
- 1 historic rice mill
- 1 historic intertidal peat deposit
- 7 historic ruins
- 1 historic cemetery
- 7 historic buildings
- 7 Unidentified

Total: 82 sites

Berkeley (38BK)

- 6 Indian sites
- 1 burial mound
- 1 burial
- 4 Multi-component sites:
  - prehistoric to historic
- 12 historic sites
- 3 historic ruins
- 2 historic mounds

- 6 historic buildings
- 6 historic Indian sites
- 22 Unidentified

Total: 63 sites

Calhoun (38CL)

- 1 possible mound
- 2 Archaic sites
- 1 Woodland site
- 4 Multi-component sites:
  - Archaic to Woodland
- 1 Multi-component site:
  - prehistoric to historic
- 1 historic ruin

- 1 Revolutionary War earthwork
- 8 Unidentified

Total: 19 sites

Charleston (38CH)

5 village sites  
3 camp sites  
5 mounds  
9 shell rings  
15 shell middens  
1 Wilmington site  
1 ceramic occupation site  
1 Multi-component site:  
    prehistoric to historic  
1 historic Indian burial site  
1 historic site  
5 historic fort sites  
8 historic ruins

7 historic buildings  
1 historic seawall shell midden  
1 historic ship wreck  
1 historic train track  
1 fossil bone deposit  
33 Unidentified

Total: 99 sites

Cherokee (38CK)

1 Archaic soapstone quarry  
2 historic iron works

Total: 3 sites

Chester (38CS)

1 mound  
31 Archaic sites  
4 Archaic camp sites  
1 Archaic workshop site  
1 Woodland site  
2 fish weir  
6 Multi-component sites:  
    Archaic to Woodland

5 historic ruins  
4 historic buildings  
1 historic cane press  
1 historic canal  
1 Revolutionary War battlefield  
3 Unidentified

Total: 61 sites

Chesterfield (38CT)

1 historic building  
2 Unidentified

Total: 3 sites

Clarendon (38CR)

1 Archaic workshop site  
1 Woodland site  
1 Deptford site  
1 Thom's Creek village midden  
2 Lamar burial sites  
1 Multi-component site:  
    Archaic to Woodland

1 Multi-component site:  
    prehistoric to historic  
24 Unidentified

Total: 32 sites

Collenton (38CN)

1 Late Archaic site	1 Unidentified
2 historic earthworks	
4 historic buildings	Total: 9 sites
1 historic ruin	

Darlington (38DA)

1 Woodland village site	1 historic building
1 Wilmington Savannah site	10 Unidentified
1 Multi-component site: paleo-Indian to Mississippian	Total: 16 sites
1 historic earthwork	
1 historic ruin	

Dillon (38DN)

1 historic cotton gin	
1 historic building	Total: 3 sites
1 Unidentified	

Dorchester (38DR)

1 historic Westo village site	2 Unidentified
1 historic town	
1 historic fort	Total: 7 sites
2 historic ruins	

Edgefield (38ED)

1 mound	5 Unidentified
2 shell middens	
1 Archaic site	Total: 14 sites
1 historic pottery	
4 historic buildings	

Fairfield (38FA)

3 mounds	9 historic buildings
1 rock shelter	4 Unidentified
41 Archaic sites	
1 Woodland site	Total: 62 sites
3 Multi-component sites: Archaic to Woodland	

Florence (38FL)

1 camp site	1 historic ruin
1 Irene-Pee Dee cemetery	10 Unidentified
2 Multi-component sites: prehistoric to historic	Total: 16 sites
1 historic site	

Georgetown (38GE)

1 village site	4 historic buildings
1 ceramic shell midden	1 possible trading post site
1 Jeremy shell midden	1 canal
1 Late Woodland village site	8 Unidentified
1 Lamar village site	Total: 23 sites
3 Multi-component sites: Archaic to historic	
1 historic ship wreck	

Greenville (38GN)

1 pictograph	1 historic charcoal kiln
1 petroglyph	1 historic cemetery
1 camp site	1 historic mill
1 cave site	Total: 15 sites
2 mounds	
5 historic buildings	
1 historic bridge	

Greenwood (38GR)

1 village site	1 trading post
1 mound	1 historic pottery
2 Archaic camp sites	3 Unidentified
3 historic fortifications	Total: 14 sites
2 historic towns	

Hampton (38HA)

2 ceramic village sites	
1 Woodland Mississippian village site	
3 Unidentified	Total: 6 sites

Horry (38HR)

2 village sites  
1 shell midden  
1 Archaic cache  
1 Archaic dune site  
2 Woodland sites  
1 Woodland mound  
1 Woodland shell midden

1 Waccamaw village  
1 historic building  
1 historic earthworks  
3 Unidentified

Total: 15 sites

Jasper (38JA)

2 mounds  
2 Archaic sites  
3 Woodland sites  
1 Multi-component site:  
    Woodland to historic  
1 historic site

2 historic buildings  
2 Unidentified

Total: 13 sites

Kershaw (38KE)

2 mounds  
1 midden  
1 ditch and embankment  
2 Lamar mounds  
1 early ceramic village site  
1 possible Woodland village site

1 historic fort  
1 historic pottery  
1 historic town  
4 Unidentified

Total: 15 sites

Lancaster (38LA)

1 mound  
1 burial site  
5 prehistoric sites

4 historic buildings

Total: 11 sites

Laurens (38LU)

1 temple mound  
2 historic buildings  
1 Unidentified

Total: 4 sites

Lee (38LE)

6 prehistoric sites  
3 Unidentified

Total: 9 sites

Lexington (38LX)

2 village sites  
1 mound  
3 Archaic sites  
2 Woodland sites  
1 Paleo-Indian site  
1 Thom's Creek village site  
4 Multi-component sites:  
    Paleo-Indian to Woodland  
2 Multi-component sites:  
    Paleo-Indian to historic

2 Multi-component sites:  
    Archaic to Woodland  
3 historic ruins  
1 historic building  
14 Unidentified

Total: 36 sites

Marion (38MA)

1 prehistoric site  
2 burial sites  
14 Archaic sites  
17 Woodland sites  
3 Multi-component sites:  
    Archaic to Woodland  
1 Multi-component site:  
    Woodland to historic

1 historic Indian site  
6 Unidentified

Total: 45 sites

Marlboro (38ML)

1 Pee Dee village site  
1 Multi-component site:  
    prehistoric to historic  
3 historic buildings

2 Unidentified

Total: 7 sites

McCormick (38MC)

2 historic buildings

Total: 2 sites

Newberry (38NE)

2 village sites  
1 fish trap  
11 Archaic sites  
1 Archaic workshop  
1 Archaic camp site

2 historic buildings

Total: 18 sites

Oconee (380C)

3 village sites  
6 mounds  
1 Old Quartz Industry workshop  
1 " " " village  
1 " " " camp  
5 Woodland sites  
1 Lamar site  
19 Cherokee village sites  
1 " rock cairn  
1 Multi-component site:  
Archaic to Woodland

1 Multi-component site:  
Woodland to historic  
2 historic buildings  
1 historic bridge  
1 historic tunnel  
6 Unidentified

Total: 50 sites

Orangeburg (380R)

1 burial site  
1 Archaic camp site  
1 village site  
1 Multi-component site:  
Archaic to historic

2 historic sites  
13 Unidentified

Total: 19 sites

Pickens (38PN)

1 earthwork  
1 burial site  
1 Archaic site  
2 Woodland sites  
1 Deptford site  
3 Cherokee sites  
1 Cherokee burial site

1 Old Quartz Industry village site  
1 historic fort  
2 historic buildings  
1 Unidentified

Total: 15 sites

Richland (38RD)

1 camp site  
1 Archaic site  
1 Woodland site  
1 Pee Dee site  
1 Lamar site  
1 Multi-component site:  
Archaic to Woodland

2 historic sites  
4 historic dumps  
22 historic buildings  
18 Unidentified

Total: 52 sites

Saluda (38SA)

2 Archaic sites  
1 Multi-component site:  
Archaic to historic

7 Unidentified

Total: 10 sites



Spartanburg (38SP)

9 Archaic soapstone quarries  
1 Archaic site  
6 historic buildings  
1 historic mill  
2 historic cemeteries

1 Unidentified  
Total: 20 sites

Sumter (38SU)

1 mound  
3 Woodland sites  
2 historic buildings

1 canoe  
4 Unidentified  
Total: 11 sites

Union (38UN)

1 mound  
1 fish weir  
1 Archaic camp site  
1 historic ruins  
4 historic buildings

1 Revolutionary War battlefield  
1 historic canal  
Total: 10 sites

Williamsburg (38WG)

1 historic building  
1 historic ruin  
2 Unidentified

Total: 4 sites

York (38YK)

2 village sites  
5 rock shelters  
1 historic fort

5 Unidentified  
Total 14 sites

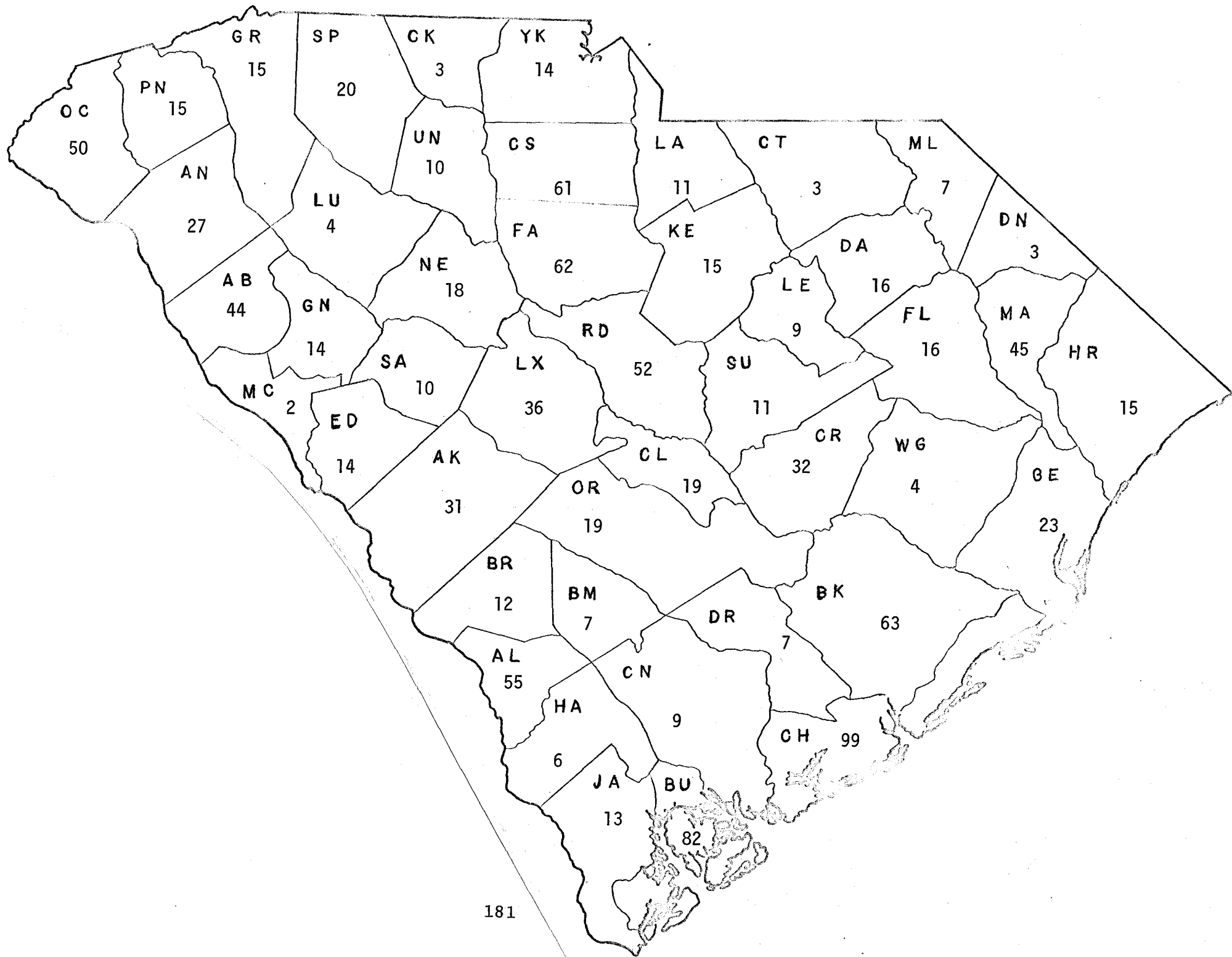
# WHOLE STATE TOTALS

7	fish weir	2	shell enclosures
2	rock cairn	6	rock shelters
1	pictograph	1	cave site
1	petroglyph		
1	stone circle		
2	cache		
26	<u>village sites</u>	28	<u>sites</u>
2	Old Quartz Industry village sites	7	prehistoric sites
3	ceramic village sites	123	Paleo-Indian
5	Woodland village sites	3	Archaic sites
1	Pee Dee village site	3	ceramic occupation sites
1	Thom's Creek village site	45	Woodland sites
1	Lamar village site	5	Mississippian sites
19	Cherokee village sites	3	Cherokee sites
1	Waccamaw village site	2	Deptford sites
		2	Lamar sites
		1	Pee Dee site
		1	Wilmington
7	<u>camp sites</u>	1	Thom's Creek site
1	Old Quartz Industry camp site	1	Wilmington Savannah site
36	Archaic camp sites	1	earthworks
2	Woodland camp sites	1	ditch and embankment
1	<u>quarry</u>		<u>Multi-component sites</u>
10	Archaic soapstone quarry sites	24	Archaic to Woodland
		6	Archaic to historic
2	<u>workshop sites</u>	1	Paleo-Indian to Mississippian
3	Archaic workshop sites	1	" " to Woodland
1	Old Quartz Industry workshop site	1	" " to historic
		2	Woodland to Mississippian
6	<u>burial sites</u>	3	Woodland to historic
2	Lamar burial sites		
1	Cherokee burial site		
1	Irene-Pee Dee burial site		
36	<u>mounds</u>		
3	Wilmington mounds		
1	Woodland mound		
2	Lamar mounds		
1	historic mound		
3	<u>burial mounds</u>		
1	Irene burial mound		
3	temple mounds		
11	<u>shell rings</u>		
1	early ceramic shell ring		
35	<u>shell midden</u>		
1	Woodland shell midden		
1	Jeremy shell midden		
3	early ceramic shell midden		
2	Irene shell midden		
4	Wilmington shell midden		

- 19 historic sites
- 124 historic buildings
- 39 historic ruins
- 2 historic ship wrecks
- 2 boats
- 1 watering place
- 2 bridges
- 2 iron works
- 1 train track
- 1 tunnel
- 3 canals
- 4 pottery
- 3 cemetery
- 4 towns
- 1 charcoal kiln
- 18 fortifications
- 4 trading posts
- 2 battlefields
- 4 dumps
- 1 seawall shell midden
- 1 intertidal peat deposit
- 1 fossil bone deposit
- 1 Indian burial
- 7 Indian sites
- 1 Westo village site

331 Unidentified

Total: 1103 sites in South Carolina



SOUTH CAROLINA  
ARCHEOLOGICAL SITES ON THE  
NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

P = Prehistoric Site

H = Historic Site

Abbeville

1. Burt (Stark) House (38AB48) -H-
2. Abbeville Opera House (38AB49) -H-
3. Trinity Episcopal Church (38AB50) -H-

Aiken

4. Fort Moore (38AK4 & 38AK5) -P & H-

Allendale

5. Lawton Mounds (38AL11) -P-
6. Red Bluff Flint Quarries (38AL14) -P-

Anderson

7. Ashtabula (38AN30) -H-
8. Johnson-Morris Cottage (38AN31) -H-
9. Woodburn Plantation (38AN32) -H-

Bamberg

10. Rivers Bridge State Park (38BM10) -H-
11. Woodlands (38BM11) -H-

Barnwell

12. Church of the Holy Apostles (38BR15) -H-
13. Old Presbyterian Church (38BR16) -H-

Beaufort

14. Sea Pines Shell Ring (38BU7) -P-
15. Ford's Skull Creek Shell Ring (38BU8) -P-
16. Hasell Point Site (38BU20) -P-
17. Little Barnwell Island (38BU23) -P-
18. Indian Hill Site (38BU25) -P-
19. Chester Field (38BU29) -P-
20. The Anchorage (38BU81) -H-
21. William Barnwell House (38BU82) -H-
22. John A. Cuthbert House (38BU83) -H-
23. Sheldon Church (38BU84) -H-
24. Tabby House (38BU85) -H-
25. John Mark Verdier House (38BU86) -H-

Berkeley

- 26. Middleburg Plantation (38BK38) -H-
- 27. Childsbury and Strawberry Chapel (38BK51) -H-
- 28. Medway (38BK56) -H-
- 29. Pompion Hill Chapel (38BK57) -H-
- 30. White Church (38BK58) -H-
- 31. St. James Church (38BK59) -H-

Calhoun

- 32. Fort Motte (38CL1) -H-

Charleston

- 33. Site of Charles Towne (38CH1) -H & P-
- 34. Hanckel Shell Ring (38CH7) -P-
- 35. Horse Island Shell Ring (38CH14) -P-
- 36. Buzzard's Island Shell Ring (38CH23) -P-
- 37. Auld Mound Shell Ring (38CH41) -P-
- 38. Fig Island Shell Ring (38CH42) -P-
- 39. Mackintosh Mound (38CH45) -P-
- 40. Castle Pinckney (38CH76) -H-
- 41. Blake Tenement (38CH80) -H-
- 42. Bleak Hall Plantation (38CH81) -H-
- 43. Brick House (38CH82) -H-
- 44. Branford-Horry House (38CH83) -H-
- 45. Fenwick Hall (38CH84) -H-
- 46. Fire-proof Building (38CH85) -H-
- 47. Edisto Island Presbyterian Church (38CH87) -H-
- 48. Edisto Church (38CH86) -H-
- 49. Exchange and Provost (38CH88) -H-
- 50. Christ Church (38CH89) -H-
- 51. Citizen and Southern National Bank of S. C. (38CH90) -H-
- 52. College of Charleston (38CH91) -H-
- 53. DuBose-Hayward House (38CH92) -H-
- 54. Middleton Plantation (38CH93) -H-
- 55. Citadel (38CH94) -H-
- 56. Old Courthouse, Mt. Pleasant (38CH95) -H-
- 57. Old House Plantation (38CH96) -H-
- 58. Powder Magazine (38CH97) -H-
- 59. Presbyterian Manse (38CH98) -H-
- 60. Thomas Rose House (38CH99) -H-
- 61. Nathaniel Russel House (38CH100) -H-
- 62. Edward Rutledge House (38CH101) -H-
- 63. William Seabrook House (38CH102) -H-
- 64. Simmons-Edwards House (38CH103) -H-
- 65. St. James-Santee Episcopal Church (38CH104) -H-
- 66. Col. John Stuart House (38CH105) -H-
- 67. Sword Gate House (38CH106) -H-
- 68. Trinity Episcopal Church (38CH107) -H-
- 69. Heyward-Washington House (38CH108) -H-

Cherokee

70. Cherokee Iron Works (38CK2) -H-

Chester

71. McCollum Mound (38CS2) -P & H-  
72. Fishdam Ford (38CS49) -P-  
73. Landsford Canal (38CS5) -H-  
74. Lewis Inn (38CS59) -H-  
75. Chester City Hall (38CS60) -H-  
76. Catholic Presbyterian Church (38CS61) -H-  
77. Elliott House (38CS62) -H-

Chesterfield

78. St. David's Episcopal Church (38CT1) -H-

Clarendon

79. Santee Indian Mound and Fort Watson (38CR1) -P & H-

Colleton

80. Old Colleton County Jail (38CN10) -H-  
81. Colleton County Courthouse (38CN11) -H-  
82. Issac Hayne Hall (38CN12) -H-  
83. Pon Pon Chapel (38CN13) -H-  
84. Waltherboro Library Society Building (38CN14) -H-

Darlington

85. Jacob Kelly House (38DA11) -H-

Dillon

86. Early Cotton Gin (38DN2) -H-  
87. James W. Dillon House (38DN3) -H-

Dorchester

88. Old Dorchester (38DR3) -H-  
89. Middleton Place (38DR16) -H-

Edgefield

90. Big Steven's Creek Baptist Church (38ED12) -H-  
91. Blocker House (38ED13) -H-  
92. Cedar Grove (38ED14) -H-  
93. Horn Creek Baptist Church (38ED15) -H-

Fairfield

- 94. Blink Bonnie (38FA54) -H-
- 95. Century House (38FA55) -H-
- 96. Davis Plantation (38FA56) -H-
- 97. Old Brick Church (38FA57) -H-
- 98. Little River Baptist Church (38FA58) -H-
- 99. Ketchin Building (38FA59) -H-
- 100. Rural Point (38FA60) -H-
- 101. St. Stephen's Church (38FA61) -H-
- 102. Valencia (38FA62) -H-

Florence

- 103. Snow Island (38FL15) -P & H-

Georgetown

- 104. Hopewee (38GE21) -H-
- 105. Prince George Winyah (38GE22) -H-
- 106. Rice Museum (38GE23) -H-

Greenville

- 107. Christ Church (38GR20) -H-
- 108. Earle Town House (38GR21) -H-
- 109. Greenville City Hall (38GR22) -H-
- 110. McBee Methodist Church (38GR23) -H-
- 111. Poinsett Bridge (38GR24) -H-
- 112. Whitehall (38GR25) -H-

Greenwood

- 113. Ninety Six and Star Fort (38GN1-5) -H-

Jasper

- 114. Gillsonville Baptist Church (38JA8) -H-
- 115. Robertville Baptist Church (38JA9) -H-

Kershaw

- 116. Camden Fortification (38KE1) -H-
- 117. Adamson Mounds (38KE11) -P-
- 118. McDowell Site (38KE12) -P-

Laurens

- 119. Sullivan House (38LU2) -H-

Lexington

- 120. Fox House (38LX31) -H-



Marlboro

- 121. Jennings-Brown House (38ML5) -H-
- 122. Magnolia (38ML6) -H-
- 123. Peques Place (38ML7) -H-

McCormick

- 124. John De La Howe School (38MC1) -H-
- 125. Guillebeau Home (38MC2) -H-

Newberry

- 126. Opera House (38NE17) -H-
- 127. Old Courthouse (38NE18) -H-

Oconee

- 128. Alexander-Hill House (38OC36) -H-
- 129. Prather's Bridge (38OC38) -H-
- 130. Stumphouse Tunnel (38OC40) -H-
- 131. Oconee Station (38OC43) -H-

Pickens

- 132. Hanover House (38PN6) -H-
- 133. Old Stone Church (38PN7) -H-

Richland

- 134. Ainsley Hall (38RD31) -H-
- 135. Arsenal Hill (38RD32) -H-
- 136. Caldwell-Hampton-Boyston House (38RD33) -H-
- 137. Chestnut Cottage (38RD34) -H-
- 138. De Bruhl-Marshall House (38RD35) -H-
- 139. First Baptist Church (38RD36) -H-
- 140. First Presbyterian Church (38RD37) -H-
- 141. Governor's Mansion (38RD38) -H-
- 142. Hampton-Preston House (38RD39) -H-
- 143. Horry-Guignard House (38RD40) -H-
- 144. Kensington Plantation (38RD41) -H-
- 145. Lace House (38RD42) -H-
- 146. Lorick-Baker House (38RD43) -H-
- 147. Picriccorn House (38RD44) -H-
- 148. State House (38RD45) -H-
- 149. Supreme Court (38RD46) -H-
- 150. State Hospital (38RD47) -H-
- 151. Millwood (38RD48) -H-
- 152. Sylvan Building (38RD49) -H-
- 153. Trinity Episcopal Church (38RD50) -H-
- 154. Washington Street United Methodist Church (38RD51) -H-
- 155. Wilson House (38RD58) -H-

Sumter

- 156. Milford Plantation (38SU9) -H-
- 157. Borough House (38SU11) -H-

Spartanburg

- 158. Price House (38SP1) -H-
- 159. Walnut Grove Plantation (38SP22) -H-
- 160. Seay (Jammie) House (38SP24) -H-
- 161. Camp Hill (38SP25) -H-
- 162. Evins-Bivings House (38SP26) -H-
- 163. Foster's Tavern (38SP27) -H-

Williamsburg

- 164. Thorntree (38WG4) -H-

York

- 165. White House (38YK7) -H-

Note: Numbers 4, 16, 17, 18, 72, 103, and 119 are sites  
pending recognition as Historic Places.