

THE DAILY EQUATOR-DEMOCRAT.

FOR OUR COUNTRY'S BEST INTEREST.

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KEY WEST, FLA., THURSDAY, APRIL 25, 1889.

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EQUATOR-EL ECUADOR 1886 by C. B. PENDLETON

GOTHAM'S POLE WAR

Our Correspondent Tells of Mayor Grant's Tyranny.

WOES OF THE BENEVOLENT CAPITALIST.

Failure of the Ungrateful Tax-Payers to Appreciate Jay Gould's Shade Trees—Cable-Gait Puts in a Pathetic Plea—Keppler Hard at Work on Some Centennial Cartoons.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Tyranny has spread its hated banners over America's fair metropolis the past week. The teachings of history seem ever destined to be disregarded, and the mighty warnings which glare eternally from her pages are lost on Mayor Grant. Two courses were open to him, and he has elected to wield the vast power bequeathed him by the citizens in crushing the poor, long-suffering monopolist. It is in vain that the I. S. M. has endeavored to rise in the world—presses, pulpits and people have unitedly grabbed him by the slack of his patient breeches and pitched him into the gutter. What though this gutter be a splendid Fifth Avenue mansion replete with Occidental splendor—metaphorically and for our purpose it is the dirtiest gutter in Gotham. Every class has its champion—except him. Charge a public official with being the poor monopolist's friend and he will sue you for \$50,000 damages. Hunted, pursued and foully attacked, has the meek monopolist no rights which the public are bound to respect? At least he is still a human being. Admit that Mayor Grant.

Little by little, after years of patient toil, the I. S. M. succeeded in erecting hundreds of tall poles on our different thoroughfares. He did this noble work pro bono publico. Knowing the absence of verdure on these arid streets, he humanely pursued his task, in order that the thoughtless tax payer might revel in the cooling shade. Some mean ingrates say that these unsightly philanthropists built the poles to sustain numerous death dealing wires of the electrical sort, and reap a profit of 20 per cent. When these foul charges came to the ears of the persecuted benefactors they hurried them back in the face of the accusers. When told about the shade business the public laughed heartily and said that there was too much blundered shade already, and that some of their companions had deconstructed the poles. The blundered shades on account of them. Mayor Grant joined the cry, and when asked to order the poles down, he acquiesced in the outrage and notified the monopolists to alter their unfortunate poles and wires as soon as convenient.

As was expected, smarting from the blow, poor Messrs. Gould and ilk refused. They were warned, but to no purpose. The merry chunk, chunk of the axe is now heard on every street corner, as the poles plunk, plunk on pavement. And yet, while the tears of the I. S. M. are laying the dust on Broadway, a prominent citizen is heard to say: "Make the chips fly, Mayor Grant. It is a long time since New Yorkers have seen a public officer teach insolent private corporations that they can be kept within bounds. Cut the wires and pull down the poles. The streets of New York belong to the people, and boodles is not yet supreme, although there are some folks who seem to think otherwise. We have no tears for the companies that have fought the authorities and the law by every means in their power, crying and groaning one day and snarling like dogs the next. They have had their fun, and again. They have deluged every level of public opinion within their reach. They have exhausted the resources of the legal profession. They have humiliated the officials who sought to enforce the law.

"The people are with you, Mayor Grant. Fear from the streets every pole that is not protected by law. The time for words is past."

It is next to impossible to get into Joseph Keppler's studio in the Puck building. A bearded German at the door tells all answers that Mr. Keppler is too busy to see. It is only one card of invitation that he will even take inside the door. To the rest he says: "Call in two weeks."

Mr. Keppler's rush is caused by preparation for the gigantic display which the Germans are going to make in the centennial park. There will be about fifty-five great tableaux mounted on wagons, and his work is to make designs for each of these. The designs consist of a military, mechanical, historical, and a trade. Mr. Keppler sketches each design roughly, and explains the minutiae to some other artist, who fills in the details, colors it, and submits it to Mr. Keppler.

Mr. McSwyny has organized an Italian club, which he will bring out at a big concert hall. This ball will be a much bigger thing than the ball of Mr. McAlister, and will cost \$100,000 on the same evening. The Italian club are already selling tickets for the ball. Mr. McSwyny's committee of arrangements for the banquet and ball includes Judge McAdams, Col. Cockerill, Chief Justice Ames J. Cummings and Frank B. Thayer. The official list of Mr. McSwyny's 400, which he published Sunday, is full of O'Haras, O'Shanneghs, Connellys, Sullivans and Macs.

Astronomy in the South.
ATLANTA, Ga., April 19.—The discourse of the famous astronomer and scientist, Professor J. Colton Lynes, on "The Life of a World," has provoked much admiring comment everywhere. Atlanta is forging rapidly to the front as an intellectual center, and the fact of her being the residence of several well known painters, musicians and scientists, is calculated to lend her additional prestige as a city.

There was little change in the strike situation at St. Paul yesterday. The strikers resorted to the expedient of frightening the horses by putting firecrackers under their heels, with some success.

AN AGONIZED WOMAN.

Jessie Gurley, Alleged Kidnapper of Annie Redmond, Convicted.

CHICAGO, April 22.—When the jury in the case of Mrs. Jessie Gurley, charged with kidnapping little Annie Redmond, returned a verdict of guilty, and fixed her punishment at five years in the penitentiary, she became a pitiable object to behold.

"Oh, my God! I live long years before I can see the grave of my little baby," she wailed. Here I am with five years' penitentiary on my head and all because of that wretched Gurley. Oh, my God! five years before I can see my baby's grave. But I will not give in. Not for anybody. I will fight this thing now, and there are friends enough of Jessie Driscoll and her family before she ever knew Gurley to see that the right is done."

This was all that Mrs. Gurley would say. She was in a hysterical, or at least, a highly excited condition, the whole court to the jail after the jury had returned its verdict. The baby referred to was an infant born in the jail, and the passionate cry of the mother which prompted the woe proved the intensity of her suffering.

In jail she was seen and asked what her real feelings were about the result of the trial. She said again and again: "It is all that man Gurley. Oh! if all were known. Here I am with five years' penitentiary on my head and all because of that wretched Gurley. Oh, my God! five years before I can see my baby's grave. But I will not give in. Not for anybody. I will fight this thing now, and there are friends enough of Jessie Driscoll and her family before she ever knew Gurley to see that the right is done."

A Monopoly in Plate Glass.
PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 22.—The Pittsburgh Plate Glass company has purchased for \$1,500,000 the Ford City Plate Glass works. They already own two immense factories, and the acquisition of the third gives the corporation a practical monopoly of the industry in the United States. The three glass factories are all in the Allegheny valley, near Pittsburgh. Combined they have a production of 500,000 feet plate glass per month. Capt. J. B. Ford, from whom the Ford City works were bought, is one of the heaviest stockholders in the Pittsburgh company. He is the pioneer of the industry in the United States, and he made the first piece of plate glass at New Albany, Ind., over manufactured in America, fourteen years ago. He got for it \$5.00 per foot. Now he gets \$1 per foot for a better quality, and makes money at that.

Tragedies in a Chicago Suburb.
CHICAGO, April 22.—H. H. Angell, an old and respected resident of Oak Park, hanged himself yesterday morning at his residence. No cause for his act is definitely known, but it is suspected that financial troubles may have been at the bottom of it. Mr. Angell was a coal dealer, and business had been very poor for some time past. He leaves a wife and several grown-up children.

Later the day told of a poorly dressed woman was found in a vacant house in Oak Park. The indications were that she had killed herself by taking poison. Her little child, 2 or 3 years of age, was found crying near the corpse. The woman was a female, demented creature, who had been observed rambling about the neighborhood for several days.

A Wealthy New Orleans Beggar.
NEW ORLEANS, April 22.—Felicie Viart, aged 72, a professional beggar, died here a couple of days ago of debility, in an old shanty in the rear of the town, where she had lived for over twenty years, in the most abject poverty. The coroner discovered hidden around her shanty \$38,500, of which \$2,500 was in gold, secreted in an old flowerpot in the yard, and \$36,000 in gold bonds, stocks and securities, concealed in the wall. The woman was believed to be in destitute circumstances. She came here from France, and her only relatives and heirs live in Paris.

Placed in the Hands of a Receiver.
ELGIN, Ill., April 22.—The affairs of the Western Card company have been placed in the hands of W. K. Hoagland, as receiver, at the instance of the First National bank of this city, upon judgment notes aggregating \$35,000. The company was organized by Henry W. Adams, and incorporated, he being president and C. J. Shultz secretary. Among the heavy stockholders is A. M. T. Dodson. The concern has been on the down grade for some time, but Mr. Adams states that the assets will be twice as much as the liabilities.

The Bohemian Oats Case.
MARSHALSTOWN, Ia., April 22.—The Bohemian oats case, which has consumed the entire time of the court for a week, has been finished, the jury finding for the defendant—the maker of the note. This was brought as a test case to see if the farmer who bought these high priced oats and gave his note was compelled to pay. The court decides that he is not, as the contract was a gambling one and the notes are not collectable. This decision will bring happiness to many farmers in Iowa, as thousands of dollars are involved in it. The plaintiff will appeal.

Lovesick Young Man Suicides.
VALPARAISO, Ind., April 22.—Albion Skinner, a well known young man of this city, committed suicide at the home of a young lady with whom he was spending the evening, just north of the city. He had proposed to her several weeks since, and she had not given him an answer. He insisted upon her decision, and because she would not answer, remarked that life had no charms for him, and placed a revolver to his head and fired into his brain. Death resulted instantly.

A Gang of "Bootleggers" Unearthed.
WATERLOO, Iowa, April 22.—Local officers claim to have discovered the headquarters of a gang of "bootleggers," as the terms are going to make in the city in this city that has been working all the small towns in this section. While one man is on the road another remains in this city and receives the liquors, which are smuggled from Dubuque by an Illinois Central railroad brakeman.

Struck Copper at Duluth.
DULUTH, Minn., April 22.—Workmen excavating for the foundation of the Temple theatre on East Superior street, at a depth of ten feet struck what is said to be a rich vein of copper, the ore being fully as pure as that in the Calumet and Hecla. The vein is ten feet wide.

WILL BE PEACEFUL.

No Complication Expected at the Coming Conference.

BISMARCK CHATS WITH BRITAIN'S AMBASSADOR.

The Government Has Already Declared Itself as Favoring Autonomy—Statement of the Cologne Gazette Rated as False—Messrs. Bates and Sewall Acceptable.

BERLIN, April 22.—A pourparler was held to-day between Count Herbert Bismarck and Sir Edward B. Malet, the British ambassador, who are both members of the international conference appointed to arbitrate upon the Samoan question.

The statement published in the Cologne Gazette to the effect that the nomination of Mr. Sewall as disbursing officer of the American commissioners to the conference, together with the appointment of Mr. Bates as a member of the commission, indicated an unfriendly attitude on the part of the government of the United States concerning the proposed terms of settlement to be deliberated upon by the commission, although copied in the Berlin journals, is discredited by the British minister and the German authorities. On the contrary, it is already sufficiently well understood in government circles here that all the American commissioners have been instructed to stipulate for, in the terms of settlement to be decided upon by the conference is that none of the treaty powers shall exercise any domination hereafter over the islands, that the maintenance of the supreme authority of the native government shall be regarded as an essential condition of any agreement between the United States and Germany in the matter, and that the policy pursued by the American representatives at Apia during the recent emette be clearly set forth to the commission. The German government having already declared itself in favor of a policy of strict neutrality, no apprehensions whatever are entertained here as to the threatened international complications which certain quarters assert are more than likely to arise between the German and American governments during the discussion of the terms of settlement of the Samoan question.

A TIGER SCALPS A BEAR.

Series of Animal Fights in a Philadelphia Menagerie.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 22.—An exciting scene occurred the other night in connection with the transfer of a menagerie from the local museum to the summer quarters of the proprietor, George Peck. Rip Van Winkle, a bear, was in a vicious mood, and was put in a cage near a Bengal tiger. The former pushed his nose into the tiger's cage, and was attacked by the latter, which tore off the bear's scalp and chewed up one of his paws, and drew him half way into his own cage. It was not until the bear was fairly dismembered that the tiger could be forced to let go his hold. In the meantime a leopard managed in some way to get into the cage of a wolf while the attendants were busy separating the bear and the tiger. Before the second fight was quelled, the wolf had been killed and the leopard badly injured that he may die. Mr. Peck was struck by the enraged tiger and an attendant named Patterson was badly scratched. Their injuries, however, are not serious. The bear died from the injuries received in the encounter.

Death of a Monstrous.
LANCASTER, Pa., April 22.—Levi Stauffer has just died at his home, near Goodville, after having been bed-ridden for fifty-three years. When a boy of 10 years he went swimming in the Conestoga river, and contracted rheumatism. His body and mind became paralyzed, and remained so to the time of his death. His body was that of an ordinary 10-year-old boy, with the head of a full grown man. He had to be fed like a new-born babe, and was just as helpless.

Criminal Carelessness Charged.
JOLIET, Ills., April 22.—The coroner's jury in the Santa Fe railway disaster which occurred at Lorenzo last week, have just rendered a verdict in which gross criminal carelessness is charged against the conductor, Fred Hughes, and the engineer, Frank Converse. It is reported that the sheriff of this county has gone to Chillicothe to arrest the men, and that they will be indicted and tried for the killing of Miss Winslow and the Hart family.

Frightful Death of a Mill Hand.
TIPTON, Ind., April 22.—A frightful accident occurred near Windfall, in this county, in which Joseph Coons, a mill hand, lost his life. He was running the edging saw in B. E. Clifford's mill, and while attempting to cross the carriage he slipped and fell upon the large saw. The saw struck just below the left hip, penetrating the right side and entering the head. He was saved through and through, from the hips to the lower base of the skull. He leaves a wife and children.

An Alleged Horse-Thief's Good Luck.
DENVER, Colo., April 22.—John F. Pierce several years ago came to Colorado from Circleville, Ohio, after leading a wayward life, which was continued in this state till one day he was found in a gang of horse-thieves. Although he asserted his innocence, he was sentenced to a term of years in the state prison. Last night word was received that his father had died, leaving \$100,000 to him. Efforts will be made to secure a pardon for him.

Wants Both Lover and Wealth.
GALESBURG, Ills., April 22.—Anna W. Stilson has begun proceedings in the circuit court of Knox county to have the will of her father, the late Capt. J. F. Stilson, set aside. The captain was one of Galesburg's wealthiest citizens, and shortly before his death made a will in which it was provided that Anna should get only \$100 if she married T. E. Singer, to whom she is engaged. She will not accept her offer.

Col. John Jay Philbrick interviewed as to the Effect of the New Quarantine on the Morgan Line.

Our reporter called upon Col. John Jay Philbrick this morning for the purpose of getting his views in regard to the new quarantine laws which will take effect May 1st, between this city and Havana, which will not permit any vessel to remain over night at Havana without being placed under quarantine on arriving in Key West.

"What will be the effect of the new quarantine espionage, between this city and Havana, upon the Morgan Steamship Line and the manufacturing interests of Key West," inquired the reporter.

"It will have a most serious effect," replied Col. Philbrick, "both to the Morgan Line and the manufacturing interests of this city. If the laws are strictly enforced the Morgan Line of steamers will lose all of its freight and passenger business between Havana and Key West, and between Key West and New Orleans, inasmuch as the Morgan Line will be driven out of the field, for their steamers can not discharge and embark its freight in so short a time; hence that line will be compelled to run their steamers direct from New Orleans to Havana, without touching at Key West. And the result will be to divide the business of the Morgan Line between the Plant and Mallet Lines and the Key West Line."

"A large proportion of the cigars manufactured in Key West," continued Col. Philbrick, "are sold on the Pacific Slope and in the North-western States and Territories, and the Morgan Line, furnishes the quickest and cheapest means of reaching those points, the cigars remaining in the hands of one company (the Morgan Line) from Key West to San Francisco. And this line now carries to those points, from Key West, from a quarter to a half-million cigars every week. Mr. H. G. Galt ships about one-half of the output from his large factories here via that line; Messrs. Koonsberger, Falk and Mayer, ship fully one-half of their output via it, and Messrs. El Pino & Bros., Toledo, Soira, and a number of other large Key West manufacturers ship largely to the territories mentioned above, via the Morgan Line. And the cutting off of this line from Key West will compel these manufacturers to ship via the way of New York—a distance of 3,000 miles greater—and will necessitate a heavy loss, both in direct expenses of freight and the delays of shipments."

"Direct communication with New Orleans will be cut off as a result of this unjust law," continued Col. Philbrick, "for the Morgan Line will be compelled to take off her steamers between that city and Key West. This will be a big loss to this company, yet Key West will be the greatest sufferer. It will have the effect to close up, or partially close, several large factories that are now working busily on cigars. There can be no doubt but that what every word Col. Philbrick says is true, and we respectfully submit his words to the careful consideration of our readers. Key West cannot afford to lose this vast trade that she now enjoys from the Pacific Slope and the North-western States and Territories, and which is only made possible by the cheap and rapid transit of the Morgan Line of steamers. Who does this quarantine law benefit? That is the question for us to consider!"

The Return of Ignatz Reinitz.
The return of Mr. Ignatz Reinitz, the Maiden Lane cigar man, is thus chronicled by the New York Times, of Tuesday last: "When the Servia steamed up to her dock on Monday morning, having on board Ignatz Reinitz, there was a large party of his old 'business' friends there to bid him welcome to the land which he knew so well, and from which he could not tear himself away. Ignatz stepped down the gang plank, with a sprightly step, accompanied by his valet, Detective McCusky. After considerable shaking of hands with his many friends the party started for the Hotel de Tombs, at which Ignatz will make headquarters while in the city. During the march to the hotel the party was preceded by a band which played the inspiring march, 'The Money I Left Behind Me.' During the afternoon of Monday he, paid his respects to Judge Martine, who fixed his bond at \$12,500, in default of which he returned to his hotel. When questioned as to how he enjoyed his trip abroad, Ignatz replied that it had not been altogether a pleasant one—in fact quite the reverse. He said he was met by distinguished officials on his arrival in Europe, and they were with him constantly. He did not like the hotel accommodations in London. The room he occupied reminded him very much of those in Cuba from the fact that there were no windows. It was nothing but iron bars. It was not his intention to return to Cuba, but an intimate friend of his from the United States had persuaded him to do so."

Don't Get Caught.
This spring with your blood full of impurities, your digestion impaired, your appetite poor, kidneys and liver torpid, and whole system liable to be prostrated by disease—but get yourself into good condition, and ready for the changing and warmer weather, by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. It stands unequalled for purifying the blood, giving appetite, and for a general spring medicine.

PEERLESS DYES ARE THE BEST.

Daily Weather Bulletin.
WAR DEPARTMENT, Signal Service, U. S. A., Key West, April 25, at 7:33 a.m., local time 8 a.m., 75th meridian time. Observations are taken at the same moment of time at all stations.

PLACE	Barometer	Thermometer	Wind	Direction	State
OBSERVATION.					
New York	30.08	58 SE	14	00	Cloudy
Hatteras	30.04	64 SE	00	00	Cloudy
Charleston	29.96	70 SW	00	00	Cloudy
Jacksonville	30.00	70 W	01	01	Fair
Titusville	30.04	66 NW	00	00	Clear
Jupiter	30.00	72 NW	10	12	Cloudy
Key West	30.04	76 N	10	00	Clear
Delmar Key	30.06	72 W	8	00	Cloudy
Pensacola	30.06	68 N	14	00	Cloudy
New Orleans	30.18	60 NW	14	00	Clear
Galveston	30.24	70 NE	14	00	Clear
Corpus Christi	30.24	70 W	6	00	Clear
Dodge City					

H. BOTZ, Observer.

UNIQUE SPECTACLE.

The Gongs will Strike and the March Commences.

ALL THE BOOMERS ARMED TO THE TEETH.

One Man Gets all His Whiskey and Brandy Stolen—Crooks and Confidence Men on Hand—Furniture Being Shipped—Immense Stage Outfit to Transport the Mob.

ARKANSAS CITY, April 22.—Capt. Hayes has set his watch exactly with the railroad clocks, and as soon as his watch indicates noon, on Monday, the signal will go up for the boomers to start. Three miles of road from Arkansas river along Pence trail is in a frightful condition, and is most discouraging for the settlers. But these men are not made of stuff to turn back. Difficulties of all kinds are met and overcome. The most neighborly feeling exists, and each renders the others all the assistance possible. A boomer got stuck in the mud, and twenty offers of help were volunteered. The wagon was freed from the mud, and the boomer went on rejoicing. The settlers began to help each other, and woe to the settler who attempts to create disturbance. The boomers will start altogether, with the troops in front of them. It will be a sight not often presented before in America—a thousand or more settlers marching toward homes under the regulations of the war department. The settlers here are of a remarkably good class. Most of them have comfortable outfits. The sounds of the violin and banjo played from many of the tents, and the tenants have newspapers and Oklahoma literature in sight, reading all the time. Everybody seems to be for himself rather than for the mob. Jealous and suspicious of others than united by bonds of friendship.

Some experienced frontiersmen say that there will be no trouble of any sort at Lisbon, while others say it cannot be predicted. After Monday the soldiers cannot act, except on request of the civil authorities, so the deputy marshals will have to do pretty much all the work of preserving order.

One town site company will leave here tomorrow for Lisbon, which will consist of at least 500 men. The Rock Island stage line outfit, consisting of 100 horses and 45 stages, left yesterday for Pad Creek, to get in readiness for the rush. Capt. Woodson, of the Fifth cavalry, says he will search every outfit to make sure that there is no liquor of any description taken into Oklahoma. If he finds he will prevent no less than a dozen men, who are camped here, will all the way from a 16-gallon keg to ten barrels of whiskey, who intend opening saloons in Oklahoma.

A bank was organized here to-day by prominent capitalists, which will open for business on the 22d at Lisbon.

AT KANSAS CITY.

A Rough-Looking Crowd Pouring Through the Entire Section.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 22.—"Standing room only" would not have been a truthful sign at the Union depot this morning, for even standing room was occupied. Every train brought in Oklahoma colonists by the hundred. They came from all parts of the north and east. All were the same in one respect—they were armed to the teeth. Among the throng were thirty Italians, fresh from Castle Garden, ugly looking and armed and equipped for any emergency. They went out on the Rock Island train with the eighty New Yorkers who arrived yesterday.

Drs. E. B. Thorne and William Genett, of Cambridge, Mass., arrived this morning on the Hannibal and St. Joseph on their way to Guthrie with a couple of apothecary outfits. They carry with them a tent, on which is painted the legend, "Apothecary." The boomers from the Atlantic states are not accompanied by any women or children. A large number of Illinois colonists arrived on the Rock Island. The women were catlike, polite, bonny and carried enormous baskets filled with edibles. Two brothers met in the depot, both bound for Oklahoma. Neither, before this meeting, knew of the other's intention of settling in the new country. One was going by way of the Rock Island to Caldwell; the other by the Santa Fe to Arkansas City. Both concluded to go to Caldwell. The Fort Scott and Gulf train from Memphis brought in a large number of colonists from Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia and other southern states. They were tall, rough-looking men, and were armed with revolvers. They carried no rifles.

The Santa Fe and Rock Island trains to Arkansas City and Caldwell went out of the depot crowded to the platforms. The depot directors know butly two cities now. They know a settler the other they put to their eyes on him, and before he has time to ask the question they say:

"The train to Caldwell is on the third track, and the train to Arkansas City is on the fourth track."

A scrawny looking man from Iowa complained that the depot officials that someone had stolen jug of whiskey, rum and brandy from him, with which he intended to set up a saloon as soon as he reached the territory.

For the past two days the majority of the boomers went to Arkansas City, but to-day the tide turned towards Caldwell. A large number of crooks and confidence men are at the Union depot. C. A. Brock, Montpelier, Vt., reported to Sgt. Burns that he had been swindled by a confidence man out of \$20. The swindler gave Brock a bogus check for \$750 to hold as collateral security for \$200 with which he intended to pay a freight bill. A number of men were arrested on suspicion as confidence men, but were released, as nothing could be proven against them.

At El Paso (Texas) firm is in the city buying a large stock of furniture to ship to Oklahoma, and a Kansas City hardware firm has sent men into the new country to sell hardware, and a piano company has sent goods ahead of the ready for the first farmers. A German restaurant man of this city proposes to start the first restaurant in the new country, and is busy buying his goods. Among his purchases were 500 pounds of Bologna sausage and 1,000 pounds of cold ham.

Odd Fellows' Opera House.

SATURDAY EVE. APRIL 28, AT 8:15 P. M.

Miss Nettie Guion

WILL GIVE AN INTERESTING PROGRAM CONSISTING OF

Pathetic and Humorous Selections, Ballads and Songs, In Costume, Etc.

TICKETS 25 & 50 Cts., on Sale at Warren's Drug Store.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS FOR HAVANA.—Having been informed by the Spanish Consul in this city, that steamers for Havana, from this date will have to pay 40 cts. for every passenger that they carry, notice is given that the rate of fare to Havana by the Plant Line will be for

Cabin \$10.65
Storage 5.65
Key West, April 18, 19 Agent.

FOUND.—On the South Beach between the street car station and the bath house, a valuable article of jewelry. The owner can have the same by applying at this office and state what they have lost. It

FOR RENT.—A first class upright piano, Eaton St., next door to the "Centennial store." (4-10-11.)

TAX NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that I am now prepared to receive City Taxes for the year 1888. Tax payers will find me at my office from 9 a.m. to 1 p. m. and from 3 to 5 p. m.

Wm. N. Watson, City Tax Collector
4-19-28.

FACTORY TO LET.—The large and well located new Cigar Factory on Whitehead street, known as the "Cigarette" Factory, can be rented cheap. It has a capacity for three hundred cigar makers. The best of lights. A new elevator has recently been placed in the building. For further particulars apply to

Shoes, Shoes.—Save your money by buying the celebrated Monroe Bros. & Co's shoes, for gentlemen, ladies and children. All branded with our name are warranted. Accept no other. 1yr.

\$75.00 to \$250.00 A MONTH can be made working for us. Agents preferred who can furnish a horse and give their whole time to the business. Spare moments may be profitably employed also. A full catalogue of goods and prices sent on request. J. F. JOHNSON & CO., 119 Main St., Richmond, Va. Free mind about sending stamp for reply. Come quick, yours for D. E. J. & Co. 4-13-28.

NOTICE.—Island City Lodge No. 9, I. O. G. O., meets every Monday, 7 1/2 p. m. at G. H. Hall over Samuel Roberts store. All members are requested to be prompt in attendance. PHILIP THOMPSON, Chief Templar, Geo. B. Phillips, Secretary, Feb. 6, 1889.

A SECOND OKLAHOMA.

A Town in Western North Carolina Which is an Industrial Product.

NEW YORK, April 22.—An Asheville, N. C., special to the Press, from its traveling correspondent, describes the new city of Nebo, N. C., as being one of the marvels of southern progress. He declares it is destined to be a rival to Birmingham and Sheffield.

"The Oklahoma rush is to be set down as a more arbitrary craze, which is bound to the west when actual conditions of the soil commences. The boomers will soon awake from a fool's paradise and seek other homes. Probably no section of the Union is so rich in natural resources as North Carolina. Not even the state of Alabama can boast of ore and marbles of such superior fibre and quality as this state, and yet it is comparatively an unsettled tract. Scarcely an acre of this magnificent mining territory has heretofore been developed. The development of Oklahoma is nothing to it."

"Three men planned Birmingham and made it a flourishing city; in the hands of a single man Anniston, Ala., was moulded to her present proportions, and here, surrounded by mines and timber, an infant city is thriving where, two months ago, almost utter solitude reigned."

Nebo City is not even down on the map, but the saw mills work as merrily as the cotton gin. Two large cotton mills go on as industriously and it begins to pour in as rapidly as it if it were the oldest established city on the continent. One railroad is already being built, and in a year another one may evolve.

A company of capitalists have begun the sale of lots already, and it begins to look as if certain gems in the brilliant galaxy of southern cities had better look to their laurels. Nebo City is on the upward path.

Don't forget to attend the entertainment to be given at the Odd Fellows Opera House, next Saturday night by Miss Nettie Guion, the famous pathetic and humorous elocutionist and nightingale. Miss Guion has come to us with the highest endorsements of the leading dailies of this country, and her performance at the Opera House a few evenings ago fully sustained their indorsements. Every body should hear her.

A simple flower may be shelter for a troubled soul from the storms of life. A simple remedy, Warner's Log Cabin EXTRACT will ease pain, thus giving relief to every troubled soul. All druggists keep it.

Cheap Hats
A large supply of Memorandum Tablets, 5 and 10 cts each, just received by 1-23-1

WIZARD OIL
Cures Headache, Neuralgia, Sore Throat, Gout, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Lameness, etc.
RHEUMATISM
Sold by Druggists, 50c and \$1.00. Some Book Mailed Free. Address: HAMILTON WIZARD OIL CO., CHICAGO.

G. S. WAITE'S COLUMN.

WE ARE NOT BRAGGING
When we say that We are Prepared to show the FINEST, FULLEST

—AND—

FANCIEST STOCK

—OF—

Men's and Boys Clothing and Gent's Furnishing Goods on this Island. We expect that you will put our claim to the test, and stand prepared to prove every point that we claim in favor of our goods over all others. FIGURES are the FIRST and FINAL TEST, other things being equal, and we TRIUMPH IN THIS TEST AS THE CHAMPIONS OF CHOICE, CHEAP GOODS.

Do not fail to see our stock before making your purchases, and you will admit all that we claim.

G. S. WAITE,

Cor. Duval & Wall Sts.

(Dec. 10, 1888.)

THE RICHARD'S

THE EQUATOR-DEMOCRAT.

KEY WEST, FLA., APRIL 25, 1889.

EQUATOR PUBLISHING CO.
Publishers and Proprietors.Office, in Equator Building, Front St. cor-
ner of Duval. Telephone 36.SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
One Year, \$10.00 (Three Months, \$3.00)
Six Months, \$5.00 (One Month, \$1.00)
All Subscriptions Strictly in Advance.Published by carrier every evening except Sunday
at Twenty-Five Cents per week.
Local Advertisements at the rates prescribed by law.
Singles for advertising are payable monthly, and are
due one day after the 10th of the month.Entered at the Post Office, at Key West, Fla.,
as second-class matter, October 2, 1888.

AN UNGROUNDED FEAR.

We have heard, and still hear of grave fears being expressed of incompetent, nay, possibly, tricky men being selected for members of the new commission. We confess to having no such fears as long as the selections are made as we proposed to make them; in fact it would be almost impossible to get a majority of the new Board that were impure men, selected as they are to be by the strongest representative bodies of the island and from among their number. Men in Key West are too well known, and stand too favorably in the commercial and business world for us to find many such men as some profess to dread. The honesty and sincerity of our people, of all parties and of all shades of opinions in advocating a measure like this; in consenting to be disfranchised, that a possible greater good may come of it, shows that the inspiration that moves them, is of a higher and nobler order than for such sordid motives to inspire them. The men interested in the movement and who have carried it through to fruition are the business men and professional men of the city; to charge them in a body or even singly with efforts to control it for base purposes, shows itself false upon its face. Any man with genius enough to manipulate or even to attempt to control a partisan convention, has enough brains to know that to control the recommendation or nominations of those two bodies would end in signal failure. We do not pretend to say for an instant that every man selected will give universal satisfaction, or against nothing nothing will be said, but we do say and we mean it, that no bad man, or dangerous man will be recommended or appointed, much less a majority of such.

Christ himself was inveighed against, and Washington was often accused of being a traitor to his country, and therefore it is likely that ensure will find something against every man selected, but it is always remarked that the man who finds no good in his fellow man, is one who is not to be conserved but plied. We have a few, only a few such here. They needn't worry, they will not be on the new Commission, yet there will be good men selected.

"WASHINGTON WANTS."

In an editorial of recent date, under the above head, showing the growth of journalism in New York during the past century, the World, in that city says that, "in that primitive weekly newspaper, the New York Packet, there appeared in May, 1789, just after the inauguration of George Washington as President, the following advertisement:

"A cook is wanted for the family of the President of the United States. No one need apply who is not perfect in the business and can bring indubitable testimonials of sobriety, honesty and attention to the duties of the station."

"A coachman who can be well recommended for his skill in Driving, attention of Horses and for his honesty, sobriety and good disposition would likewise find employment in the Family of the President of the United States."

It is interesting to note that the custom now so universal of advertising "Wants" in the newspaper was adopted by the Father of his Country. If this sensible business method of communication needed as official and dignified historic precedent to sanction it, surely none more conclusive could be found than that furnished by Washington in advertising for a cook and a coachman, both of whom he soon secured.

In nothing in the wonderful growth of this city and of the country better illustrated than in the development of the newspaper press within a hundred years. The difference between the New York of 1789 and 1889 is not greater than the difference between the scant little four-page weekly bulletin of that early time and the World of to-day. The packet printed a dozen or twenty "Want" notices in a week. The World printed last week 16,847.

Should President Harrison, during his coming visit, advertise in our columns for a cook and a coachman, it would require a platoon of policemen to regulate the applicants that would besiege his hotel. For the World is the recognized "Want" Directory, and to cook or drive for the President is still a coveted honor."

GIVE US YOUR HAND, BROTHER.

Very many in Key West without regard to politics, (except those who want the office) are very fond of Dr. J. V. Harris, the Collector of Customs there, and entertain the hope that President Harrison will permit him to remain. Dr. Harris is as much respected in his old Mississippi home for his splendid qualities of head and heart, as he is in Florida.—Times-Union.

Right you are, brother, and the doctor is equally admired in Key West as in his old Mississippi home, and what is more has the confidence of all, both Democrats and Republicans, and we are morally certain that the straightforward, courteous, businesslike manner in which he has conducted the affairs of his office will insure for him a stay in the Custom House until the time for which he was appointed shall have expired.

First Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson is dismissing Democratic postmasters of the fourth class, all over the country at the rate of 180 per day. The Civil Service with a vengeance.

The anticipated trouble over the Oklahoma settlement has already begun in earnest, and scenes of violence and bloodshed in the territories are of daily occurrence.

HUMANE SOCIETY.

We clip the following article in relation to a Humane Society, and recommend it to the careful consideration of our readers. If there is a city in the world that stands in need of a Humane Society, that place is Key West, and we do hope that our people will take active steps at once looking to the forming of such. The Times-Union says:

The need of a society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, has become so patent, that a number of citizens have taken the matter in charge, and with the aid of our State Legislators, hope to affect a prompt cessation of the acts of cruelty witnessed daily in Florida and particularly in Jacksonville.

A society of this kind was organized here a few years ago, but the power of arrest being delegated to policemen, who were not made officers on account of any humane feelings they were supposed to entertain, acts of cruelty were never abated, and with sentiments of regret, those who were foremost in their attempts to make the organization a success, were doomed to disappointment, and to-day the merciful man will involuntarily start as he hears the crack of the whip with the stinging lash, while the drays are flying past at full speed on the street.

A meeting will be held at 4 o'clock this afternoon at Library Hall to take the proper steps to bring the matter before the Legislature, with the desire that a bill formulated to meet the present demands of the case, shall be passed at the present session. One of the principal features of this bill empowers designated officers of a society for prevention of cruelty to animals, to make arrests whenever the law is violated, and it will thoroughly eradicate this evil for which our locality is notorious.

The humane people of Jacksonville should be well represented at this meeting, as it will carry weight with the appeal which is to be made for the dumb creatures all around us.

HAS KEPT HIS PROMISES.

The Washington correspondent to the Louisville Courier Journal says that "some Democrats in the country are inclined to think at present that Mr. Benjamin Harrison is going to make an exceedingly fair and excellent President, having the goodwill of the whole country at heart. Just suspend your opinion for a little while gentlemen, for the President of the United States is a little narrow-minded partisan, and before he has been in office a year you will know it. In the meantime, every Democratic railway mail clerk in the civil service may as well make up his mind that he will be dismissed. And, as a matter of fact, all Democrats in the employ of the government will have to go. There is going to be a close, narrow-gauge Administration, and it is the wise Democrat that asks and expects no favors."

We do not believe it. Thus far President Harrison has made a good President and filled all of his promises in regard to Civil Service Reform, as far as possible; and we prefer to believe that he intends to "hew to the line, let the chips fall where they may."

The Equator-Democrat will ever be found ready to give justice to a public servant, even though he be a Republican President.

We should consider well the selection of men for the new Commission. We will entrust to their hands the weal or woe of the place, for five years. They should be men of judgment and at the same time of action, reliable, get progressive. We are wedded to no single man or set of men, all we ask is for a Board, who above all things, shall have the prosperity, the health and improvements of this city at heart.



The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enjoy good health.

At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and we ask you to try Hood's Peculiar Sarsaparilla. It strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. The peculiar combination, proportion and preparation of the vegetable remedies used give to Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiar power. No other medicine has such a record of wonderful cures. If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be deceived by any other brand. It is a Peculiar Medicine, and is worthy your confidence.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Two Houses and Lot For Sale.
Situated on the corner of Olivia street and Windsor Lane, 100 feet square. Has two houses on the corner and a dwelling adjoining. For particulars apply at this office. April 16-24.

PEERLESS DYES

Prof. L. Pendleton, Physician and Surgeon.
Office at Pendleton's Drug Store, Office Hours 7 to 9 a. m., and from 2 to 5 p. m.

JEFFERSON B. BROWNE
ATTY. AT-LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC
Office in the Post Office.
Oct. 13th

D. R. C. KEMP,
Surgeon Dentist.
Office—Over Porter & Ridgels Drug Store, Simonton street, corner Eaton Key West Fla.

A. McCORMY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
MIAMI, DADE COUNTY, FLA.

EXAMINATION of Land Titles Specialty. Prompt attention given to Collections. Taxes paid for delinquent.

FREDDY'S TIME TABLE.

Result of His Endeavor to Save Two Hours a Day by System.

My little nephew ran across, somewhere, a paragraph which said that anybody could save at least two hours of waste time a day by running on a time table. Freddy brought the chapter to me and asked what it meant. I told him. I advised him to make out a time table for himself and try running on it for a few days. He said he guessed he would. In a day or two he submitted the following to me:

A. M.
6:45 to 7—Gettin' up.
7 to 7:30—Bath and gettin' ready for breakfast.

8:30 to 8:45—Breakfast.
8:45 to 9:30—Prayers.
9:30 to 10:30—Hard study.
10:30 to 11:30—Start for school.

11:30 to 12—Study and rest.
12:30 to 1—Gettin' up (a fellow must have some fun in life).
1:30 to 2—Study and rest.

2:30 to 3:30—Study for lunch.
3:30 to 4:30—Study.
4:30 to 5—Sloos of things. Playin' ball mostly.

5:30 to 6—School again. Tuffest part of the day.
6:30 to 7—School over. Fun begins.

7:30 to 8—Baseball. Biskette ridin'. Goin' to walk (sometimes with a girl). Sittin' and skatin' in winter. Flyin' kite. Bothin' the dog. Peanuts. Goin' to ride with pa. Shoppin' with ma (we don't know it beforehand). Kandy. In bad weather readin'. Sloos of other things.

8:45 to 9—Dinner (grate time for me).
9:30 to 10—Nothing much. Don't feel like it.
10:30 to 11—Pa gets out with paper, an' reads sunthin' aloud.

11:30 to 12—Must begin to study.
12:30 to 1:30—Kiddin' against it.
1:30 to 2:30—Study.
2:30 to 3:30—Group to bed.

3:30 to 4:30—Windin' Waterbury watch.
4:30 to 5:45—Undressin' and gettin' into bed.
5:45 till mornin'—Grate big times with dreams, but a fellow can't stop to enjoy them much. Wonder why dreams can't hang on more like real things.

P. S.—Ware do those two extra hours cum in!—Phrenological Journal.

Something Appropriate.
Miss Agnes W. asks you your friend to stop scribbling for us!

"She can't, Mr. Phersy; the poor girl is dumb."
"Well, what's the matter with one of Mendelssohn's songs without words?"—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Not in Their Set.
Mrs. Tiptop—I see you have new neighbors, James. Are they society people?

James (Mrs. Tiptop's servant)—Guess not, ma'am. I heard the man of the house comin' home last night with his arms full of newspapers and magazines.

Not an Old Master.
Visitor to Butler who is showing him through the picture gallery of the old mansion.—That's a fine portrait. Is it an old master?

Butler—No. That's the old missus.—Boston Courier.

A Valuable Voice.
Mrs. Vox—My husband has a magnificent voice, and it supports our whole family.
Mrs. Caller—A tenor singer, I presume.
Mrs. Vox—No, he calls out carriage numbers at an uptown theatre.—New York Sun.

A Genuine Surprise.
Madden—Are you the fellow that stole my umbrella?

Snagitt—Yes, why? Do you want it?
Madden (aghast)—No, no, keep it, and I'll send over the cover today.—The Epoch.

A Sentence Commuted.
"I thought, young man, that I told you not to stir out of the yard today," said a stern parent, "and here you are down town."

"Ma'am has commuted my sentence to doin' errands for her."—Hartford Post.

Literature's Decline.
Great Publisher (looking over a manuscript)—Your language is not as flowing as formerly.

Great Author (unapologetically)—I wrote that on a typewriter.—Philadelphia Press.

The Composition of a Face.
Tubbs—I flatter myself that honesty is printed on my face.

Grubbs—Well—er—yes, perhaps—with some allowance for typographical errors.—Burlington Free Press.

Lots Like Him.
Wales—I suppose women are all alike. My wife is always coming to me for money.

Albert—What does she do with it?
Wales—She doesn't do anything with it—I never give her any.—Boston Beacon.

He Even Reads the P. S. Twice.
No young woman can write a letter without a postscript, but the young man who gets the letter never seems to mind.—Journal of Education.

How George Won Her.
"It grieves me to give you pain, Mr. Ferguson, but I fear it can never be. Try, try to forget me."

"I'll try, Miss Laura," replied the young man, in a melancholy, hopeless way. "Absorbed in the vortex of business, as I shall be henceforth, I may be able to still the clamor of my aching heart and banish your sweet image from my mind."

"Then you contemplate going into business?"
"I have made arrangements," he said, in a hollow voice, "to open a large retail confectionery store."

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From Dr. W. P. Harrison.

NASHVILLE, TENN. May 2, 1889—I have used Dr. W. P. Harrison's medicine for some time, and believe it to be an excellent remedy for all the diseases of the blood. In my own case, I believe that I have cured a severe attack of rheumatism in the shoulder by a timely resort to this efficient remedy. In all cases where a permanent relief is sought this medicine commands itself for a constitutional treatment that thoroughly eradicates the seeds of disease from the system.
REV. W. P. HARRISON.

WACO, TEXAS, May 9, 1888.

Gentlemen: The wife of one of my customers was terribly afflicted with a loathsome skin disease, that covered her whole body. She was confined to her bed for several years by this affliction, and could not get herself out of it. She could not sleep from a violent itching and stinging of the skin. The disease baffled the skill of the physicians who treated it. Her husband began finally giving her Dr. W. P. Harrison's medicine, and she commenced to improve. She is now a healthy, fine-looking lady, with no trace of the affliction left.
J. E. SEAR.

Wholesale Druggist, Austin Avenue.
Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. The Swyer-Spencer Co., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga. New York, 225 Broadway.

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LINE
NEW YORK

KEY WEST.

SAILING SEMI-MONTHLY

INSURANCE effected under open policy of this line at 1/2 per cent. For Freight Rates and further particulars, apply to

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Mr. Wm. CURRY.

Agent at Key West, Fla.

PROF. A. J. STERN.

Practical and Scientific

OPTICIAN.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Professor will correct all imperfections of the sight by adjusting

Spectacles and Eye Glasses

of every description. Office hours from 2 to 7 p. m. at the Coconut Grove Hotel, No. 50 Front St.

Will call at Private residences if desired. Satisfaction guaranteed.

april-1-1m

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN

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A great success. Each issue contains colored illustrations of country and city residences or public buildings. Numerous engravings and full plans and specifications for the use of such as contemplate building. Price \$2.50 a year, 25 cts. a copy. MUNN & CO., Publishers.

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NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS

Gents Furnishing Goods and Hosiery

a specialty.

56 North St. 76 & 78 Canal St.

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BLANKS! BLANKS!!

THE FOLLOWING BLANKS are kept in stock and can always be found at the EQUATOR OFFICE:

—Permits.

—Passenger Lists.

—Inward Manifests.

—Warehouse Entry.

—Coasting Manifests.

—Auctioneers Reports.

—Reports and Manifests.

—Inward Passenger Lists.

—Inward Foreign Manifest.

—Entry for Immediate Consumption.

—Withdrawal Entry for Consumption.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY.

Being desirous of settling up my business here, I will sell my property on the Garrison Beach, at less than cost, and will throw in the balance of a ten year's lease of a square of land, best place on the island for milk business. For particulars apply JOHN T. ATKINS.

[1-19-t.]

Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. A. L. PENDLETON, June 25-1st.

Auxiliary Sanitary Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the Auxiliary Sanitary Association are now ready to clean out vaults, sinks and closets by the Odorous Excavator system. Leave all orders to Dr. J. Y. Porter, office and they will be given prompt attention. June 25 ft.

Cheap Books.

Handsome bound books, by standard authors, at the Equator Stationery Store for the low price of fifty cents per volume. These books are worth one dollar. These books would make handsome presents. Call and examine them. ft.

Holiday Goods.

Wm. McKillip, the popular and leading jeweler of Key West, has received his holiday goods, consisting in fine jewelry of every description. He can sell you a diamond ring, set of diamond jewelry, diamond charms, and other pretty gifts of rare and precious stones, much cheaper than one would believe they could be sold for. There are more pretty holiday presents in his large and beautiful show-cases than were ever in his house for five years before. "Mack" is Key West's leading jeweler, and we are proud of his enterprise. Call and take a look for yourself. Dec 5-ft.

HIGHLAND BRAND

CONDENSED MILK.

Prepared by Patented Process by the

HELVETIA

Condensed Milk Co.,

HIGHLND, ILL.

Esta es la mejor leche de vaca para su azúcar y libre de toda clase de engrasante, concentrada en una crema espesa, y preservada por un procedimiento perfecto. Se disuelve instantáneamente en agua, fría o caliente, a su estado natural mas ó menos espesa, segun la cantidad de agua en que se disuelva. Sirve para todos los objetos culinarios, es que la leche fresca se usa. Es excelente para los niños, helados etc. Usarla sin agua, ó como vicio es muy esquisita en el café; está exenta de gérmenes que puedan ser perjudicial a la salud, y su gusto esquisito y delicioso se recomienda altamente.

Tengase presente que la leche se ó conserva mejor en su lata bien tapada. Cuidado las imitaciones. De venta en el almacén de O. Reico, calle de Duval. Key West, Jan. 10, 1 year.

SOUTH FLORIDA RAILROAD.

Passenger Department.

Sanford, Fla., Dec. 22nd, 1888.

Commencing Monday, Dec. 24 with the 1st of the notice, Special Passenger trains will be run between Sanford and Tampa, as per schedule below.

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Commencing Monday, Dec. 24 with the 1st of the notice, Special Passenger trains will be run between Sanford and Tampa, as per schedule below.

ANOTHER'S CRIME.

FROM THE DIARY OF INSPECTOR BYRNES.

By JULIAN HAWTHORNE, Author of "The Great Bank Robbery," "An American Penman," Etc.

[Copyright by C. M. Dunham, and published, through special arrangement by the American Press Association with Cassell & Co., New York and London.]

"You don't take any stock in such rubbish yourself, inspector," observed Martin, with a laugh.

The inspector lifted his eyebrows. "I should be very apt to take the same view of the case that the judge and jury do—after I know what it is," he returned, quietly; and that was all that could be got out of him.

They now descended to the basement and were conducted to the imprisoned Percy. He was much more composed than they had expected to find him. In fact, he had experienced such intense and varied emotion during the last few hours that no matter for discomposure was left in him. Martin's presence seemed to gratify him. He asked the judge about his mother and sister, and received his somewhat rose colored account of their condition with apparent indifference.

"But you will be able to judge of them for yourself at dinner," the judge added, kindly.

"You mean when I am out on bail?" "Certainly; that will be in a couple of hours from now."

Are you going to furnish bail, Judge Kettle?

"Undoubtedly I am. Who has a better claim to stand by your father's son?" Percy was silent a moment. "Have you ever believed that I might possibly have committed this crime?" he asked at length.

"No such idea has ever entered my head. I am surprised you should ask me such a question," said the judge, with an emphasis that indicated that he was a little hurt by the insinuation.

Percy took a long breath, and as he looked up his face betrayed signs of a feeling that he had not hitherto betrayed. "You are a good man," he said in a husky voice. "I wish I had had the sense to trust you long ago. I was afraid you would pitch into me, and the fact that I deserved it made it all the more difficult to face it. I don't know whether you have heard that I borrowed a thousand dollars from my mother two months ago. She wanted to consult you, but I wouldn't let her. This morning I went to her again; but she didn't have anything, and there was nothing for it but to apply to you. I was on my way your office when this thing occurred. If I had not happened to see her"—He broke off and altered his phrase—"If he had not taken the turn they did I should long since have received your blowing up and the money, paid my debt, and—just as it turned out otherwise."

"Who is the man to whom you lost the money?" inquired Martin.

"His name is Henry Cotton," answered Percy. "You know him."

"To be sure; and he is a friend of Tunstall's," returned Martin, thoughtfully. "Upon my word, the luck is against you. Will you answer me one question?"

"If I can."

"You can, and we are among friends. Are you cured of a certain lady?"

Percy laughed, and that laugh of bitter resentment and humiliation was a more convincing answer than any words could have framed. It put all doubts to rest.

"Ah!" ejaculated Martin, with an expression of satisfaction, "then it will be all right!"

At that moment an officer came with the information that the court was ready to decide the question of bail, and the whole party proceeded to the court room. The transactions there were brief and not particularly complicated. Mrs. Tunstall's lawyers professed to consider the case an especially grave one, and requested that bail be fixed at the full amount permitted by law. Counsel on the other side maintained that the charge against Mr. Nelson was a preposterous one, and demanded that he be allowed to go on his own recognizance. The court, after due deliberation, declared that the facts against the prisoner, though not conclusive, were sufficient to warrant a prima facie evidence of guilt, and required bail to be furnished to the amount of fifteen hundred dollars. Judge Kettle immediately qualified for that sum, the bonds were signed, and the prisoner left the court with his friends.

"And now," said the judge cheerfully, "the worst is over. Let us go into a hack, Percy, and drive up to the house. Your mother and sister will be anxious to see you."

"I am much obliged to you, judge, for all you have done for me," replied the young man; "I wish I had known you sooner and better. But this affair is not over yet, and it may end differently from what we hope. Until the trial, at all events, I must remain a suspected man, and I can't go to my mother's house with that suspicion hanging over me. When I have been publicly acknowledged to be an honest man I will go to my mother and sister, but not till then."

"My dear boy," said the judge kindly, "you are a little off your balance after all this trouble, and you naturally take a morbid view. I assure you you have no need to feel sore about the matter. I need not tell you that you will find nothing but love and confidence awaiting you at home, and that there can be no other place in the world where you can hope to find them to anything like the same degree. On the other hand, your mother and Pauline could not fail to feel hurt if you did not appear."

"That is all very true, judge," Percy answered, "but there's something else that you haven't considered, and which will be certain to come out, now that the thing is going into the newspapers."

"What is that?"

"My relations with Mrs. Tunstall. My mother will hear of that, and that is a thing I can't deny. I love my mother, and I know she loves me; but she could never make any allowance on such a subject. It would be a useless pain to both of us to attempt to discuss it, and I am not going to put myself in the way of it. No, I can't agree with you, judge, as he added, as the judge seemed about to make a rejoinder: "I have been through as much as I can stand for the present, and any thing more would break me down. Say to mother that I will see her by and by, but not now."

The judge saw that the young man was obstinate, and felt that his sensitiveness was under the circumstances not

discreditability. He further reflected that, in the course of a day or two, he would probably be more disposed to modify his resolution. Accordingly, he relinquished for the present the attempt to persuade him, and having ascertained that he would take up his quarters with Martin pending further movements, he bade him farewell, little thinking how long a time would elapse before they met again.

Percy and Valentine betook themselves to the latter's rooms at once, and, having unceremoniously thrown Martin's poured out some whisky, offered his friend a cigar, and after they had smoked for a while, said:

"How much do you owe here, outside of your gambling debt?"

"Not more than three hundred dollars."

"Thirteen hundred dollars debts, and your bail fifteen hundred. Two thousand clear hundred altogether. I have over seven thousand dollars. What do you say to my settling all your liabilities to-morrow, and taking you with me to Australia?"

CHAPTER X.
PAULINE.

HE question staggered Percy for a moment.

"I didn't know you were going to Australia," he said.

"To Australia, or Mexico, or South America, or the North Pole; it doesn't make much difference where. But I am going, and I'm going to-morrow. And I want you to come with me."

Percy.

"And jump my bail?"

"And jump your bail."

"I can't do that. Judge Kettle is liable."

"Haven't I told you that I will settle all your liabilities? Half an hour before we leave New York, I will post a check to him for the amount. Your friend Henry Cotton will receive his ones this evening; everything shall be paid. And we will be off together and make a fortune, if you like."

"If I went off in that way," said Percy, after a little thought, "everybody would come to the conclusion that I was guilty and feared conviction."

"You are not guilty, are you?"

"No."

"But you do fear conviction, and all the more if you're not guilty than if you are. That stands to reason."

"Of course I hope not to be convicted, but—"

"Exactly; and now do you know what I think? I think there is a strong probability—a deuced strong one—that you will be convicted. You can see for yourself that your defense doesn't amount to a row of pins. And if once you get into jail, my boy, you are done for. Innocent or guilty makes no difference; you will have a stigma on you that all the years of your life will never obliterate. If I were in your place, I wouldn't risk it. You have an opportunity to escape now, and you had better take advantage of it."

"But if I escape judgment will go against me by default, and I shall have the stigma just the same."

"Listen to reason, Percy. To have the stigma of being adjudged guilty is bad enough; but what is it compared to being adjudged guilty and sent to jail into the bargain? If you were actually guilty, or if I thought you were, the situation would be different; but you are innocent, though you can't prove it; and, being innocent, why should you spend two or three years in Sing Sing just to gratify the spite of Catherine Tunstall and her wife? It would be more sensible to take that razor and cut your throat. You are innocent, and you have a perfect right to avoid being imprisoned if you can. No one will suffer by it, and there is no telling how much you may gain. The robbery of which you are accused was committed by somebody, and probably by a professional thief. Professional thieves—pickpockets especially—are always practicing their trade; and sooner or later they are certain to get caught. When the thief who stole Mrs. Tunstall's money is caught, it is more than likely that the truth about the robbery may come out; you will be vindicated, and then you may come home with flying colors. But if your vindication came after you had served your time in jail it wouldn't do you much good—not to mention the positive harm that jail life might have done you in the meanwhile; people would never forget that you had worn the stripes, though they might easily forget whether or not you had deserved to wear them. But come back with a fortune—come back after having made a respectable name for yourself in another part of the world—after having simply lived in freedom instead of in bondage and in the society of thieves—and, trust me, you will never regret it! This is not a matter to be treated on sentimental grounds; it is a serious thing—quite as serious as a question of life and death to you. You are innocent, and you have a right to your freedom; that's the case in a nutshell. Don't throw away your whole career for a figure of speech!"

This was a powerful appeal, and it lost nothing by Martin's delivery. It produced an evident impression on Percy.

"If I were certain that I should be convicted," he muttered, half to himself.

"You may fairly take that for granted," said Martin. "When there has been a crime, there must be provided a criminal; that is the legal maxim, and in default of a better you will have to bear the brunt."

"It is not myself, only, that is to be considered, Val; my mother and sister are quite as important."

"I don't deny it; it's a part of my argument. You said this afternoon that you did not intend to see them again until after you were vindicated. Did you mean what you said?"

"Certainly I did."

"I think you were right in your decision, for more reasons than one. But if you remain in New York you will not be able to keep your resolution. If you don't go to them they will come to you. But if you are a thousand or two thousand miles away you will have no such embarrassment. And that isn't all, my boy. If you were put in jail it would be a bad thing for you, but it would simply kill your mother outright and ruin your sister's prospects as effectually as your own. Whereas, if you go off with me, you and I can keep up a correspondence with them and explain exactly how the case stands. They can watch your career step by step, and the knowledge that they are doing so will give you the strongest stimulus to succeed that you could have."

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have. Meanwhile they will be watching the progress of affairs here, and as soon as anything turns up in your favor they can let you know and you can act accordingly. If there were no other reason for jumping your bail, consideration for your mother and sister would be enough."

This suggestion practically decided Percy. "I believe you are right," said he; "but I don't see what right I have to let you pay all my liabilities. You and I have been friends, Val, but I have never done anything for you, and I have no prospect of repaying you for what you propose to do for me."

"You will owe me less than you suppose," Valentine replied. "In the first place, my money is no use to me; if I didn't spend it for you, it would go into the pockets of the tradesmen and bums of New York. In the second place, I want your company; we suit each other, and that is not a thing that happens every day. But the real truth is—I have never spoken to you about it, although you may have guessed something for aught I know—the truth is that I am a good deal influenced in what I am doing by the fact that you are Pauline Nolen's brother."

"Ah! You care for her, then?"

"Yes, I care for her. She is the dearest friend I have in the world, and for her sake I would do most things. But she can never be more than my friend, and I can do very little."

"If you want to marry her, I am sure she will."

Valentine interrupted him with a gesture. "It can never come to a question of that," said he; "I am married already."

"You are a married man! Does Pauline know it?"

"I told her this morning. It's a long story, and you shall hear it another time if you want to. I married in haste, and I am likely to have plenty of leisure to repent. Well, you can imagine that nothing could please me so much as serving her in any way I can, and I know that no better way is open to me than to give a helping hand to you. So, if you agree to join me, you will be doing me the best kindness that one man can do another—it is not to be measured in time, or money, or anything else. My prospects, as you may suppose, are not especially cheerful at the best; but whatever good comes to me will be from the thought that I am of some good to Pauline's brother. I can't live with her, or see her any longer; but I can live with you, and that's the next best thing, not to mention that you are tolerably good company on your own account." He ended with a laugh.

"It's very kind of you to put it in that way, old fellow," said Percy, in a somewhat unsteady tone. "Well, I'll go with you. I have been a drug in the market so far, and I won't make any promises; but I don't think you'll find me a voluntary drag on you, at all events. Have you any definite plans?"

"I have a thousand; we have only to pick and choose," Valentine replied. "My intention this morning was to go direct to Australia by way of San Francisco, but I think I shall change that, for one reason, because I mentioned it to Judge Kettle, and, in any case, it will be well to get outside the country as soon as possible. We might go to Mexico by steamer, to begin with. I have some good letters to people there, so that we shan't be strangers. If anything good turns up we can stay there; if not we can go to Colon and Panama, and get aboard some vessel bound westward. You may find an opportunity to make a practical acquaintance with mining before you are done."

It was then about 4 o'clock in the afternoon. On consulting a newspaper they learned that one of the United States and Brazil Mail Steamship company's vessels sailed on the following day, Wednesday, at 2 o'clock. This vessel stopped at St. Thomas, where, if they saw fit, they might disembark and take passage to Havana, and thence to Vera Cruz and Mexico, thus throwing possible pursuers off the scent. This seemed to be the best route open to them; and, as there was no time to be lost, Martin left at once for Broad street to secure their passage. Percy was left alone to meditate on his position.

Martin's rooms were in a bachelor apartment house, not far from the junction of Fifth Avenue and Broadway. The roar of the streets was audible as a continuous sound; and to Percy, sitting in an easy chair before the fire, and wearied by the emotions and vicissitudes of the day, it had the soporific influence of the wind among pines, or the noise of surf on a shore. The sun had set, and the room became dusky. Percy's eyes closed, and he was just on the point of falling asleep.

[To be Continued.]

PEERLESS DYES. Son Jas. Mejores. VICTA, DUMMELT.

Notice.
The Key West Board of Trade meets on the first Tuesday in each month, at 7.30 o'clock, P. M., at the rooms of the Board, over the bank of Key West.

G. BOWNE PATTERSON, Secretary.

BEEF MARKET.
The public is notified that I will open a market for the sale of Cuban Beef, on the corner of William and South streets, opposite Wm. H. Albany's, to-morrow evening. I guarantee satisfaction. A share of the public patronage is solicited.

(Mr. 22-Im.) ALFRED LOWE.

Notice.
The Merchant's Protective Association meets the first Thursday in every month at 8 o'clock p. m., in their Hall over the store of J. A. Larkins & Co.

Nov. 19th ft.

Masonic Notice.
A regular convocation of Aaron's chapter No. 18, Royal Arch Masons, will convene on the 1st Thursday of each month and every month at the Masonic Hall, Thomas street. ALEX. V. FLEMING, FRANCISCO CAMELON, Secy. High Priest.G. W. ALLEN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC.
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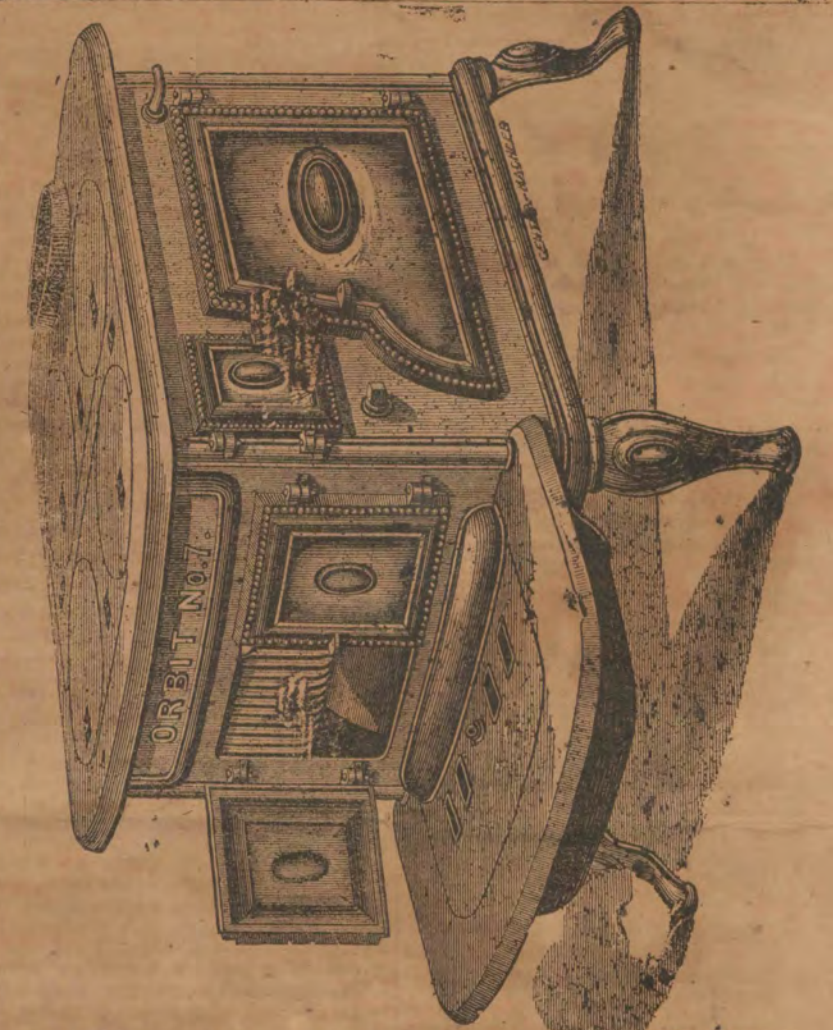
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Resp'y, Chas. S. B. Moffatt.



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