QC Auro Misc-26

FILE IN VAULT NRC-CISTI J.H. PARKIN BRANCH

MAY 29 1995

ANNEXE J. H. PARKIN CNRC-ICIST

June 10, 1957.

M.A. Pesando, Chief Project Research Engineer.

W. Kuzyk, Senior Project Research Engineer.

Merewith attached is Reconnaissance Arrow Drag and Power Summary.

W. Kuzyk.

cc: R.F. Yarshall.

RECOMMAISSANCE ARROW DRAG AND POWER SUMMARY

by W. Kuzyk

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The design target of the reconnaissance version of the Avro Arrow Mk. 3 fighter was chosen as M = 2.5 at 90,000 ft. altitude. This choice requires a considerable reduction in both trim and induced drag as well as doubling of power at altitude. This greatly improved performance capability provides the reconnaissance airplane with a very useful "dash" for (1) evading potential enemies and (2) for positioning prior to the observance and photographing of target areas.

The configuration proposed for a reconnaissance version is shown on figure 9, and the pertinent data are as follows:

Geometry

Wing Area $Sw = 1410 \text{ ft.}^2$ Canard Area $Sc = 32 \text{ ft.}^2$ Aspect Ratio AR = 2.65Side Fins $S_{SF} = 90 \text{ ft.}^2 \text{ (total)}$ Fin $S_F = 170 \text{ ft.}^2$ Rudder $S_R = 50 \text{ ft.}^2$ Ailerons $S_A = 100 \text{ ft.}^2 \text{ (total)}$



Weight Estimate

Mk. II O.W.E. (incl.arm.&cameres)44,214 lb.

Wing Tip Ramjets 3,600 lb.

Camard (32 ft.²) 200 lb.

Additional Wing Area

(155 ft.²) 750 lb.

Side Fins (90 ft.²) 400 lb.

Additional Rudder

(12 ft.²) 50 lb.

Reconnaissance Arrow - O.W.E. 49,214 lb.

Internal Fuel 19,438 lb.

Lus Outer Wing 6,000 lb.

25,438 lb.

Arrow - Full Internal Fuel 74,652 lb.

Long Range Reconnaissance Arrow

Undercarriage Development

From the foregoing it is felt that the probable high T.O. weight will warrant some development of the undercarriage. In this regard it is highly recommended that a design stress analysis be carried out on two design proposals.

- (a) increasing capacity of present U/C design (Mk. II)
- (b) Check the feasibility of the addition of outriggers at the wing tips

to cater for an increased normal T.O. weight of the order of 90,000 lb.

Location of Canard

The csnard has been tentatively positioned so that there is minimum interference to the pilot's vision and to the intake. (Note that at altitude the fuselage angle of attack is around 10°.) However further study is required.

2.0 THAT SUMMER

drag and 1781s of the Avro Arrow Mk. II showed that at M = 2.5, 50,000 ft. altitude and a W/P = 250,000 in. 2 the drag components to be

en discontinui ensisti anno	D/P in. ²	D 1b.	% of Total
Profile Drag Induced Drag Trim Drag	16,600 45,200 28,200	4,080 11,080 6,960	18.5 50 31.5
	90,000	22,120	

The profile drag is a "fixed item" and any improvement of it was unlikely. Therefore the reduction is more probable in induced and trim drags. Increasing the wing area from 1225 ft. 2 to 1410 ft. 2 and the addition of the canard resulted in the following:

	D/P in. ²	D 1b.	% Total	%Change
Profile Drag Induced Drag Trim Drag	19,900 28,250 _5,600	4,900 6,950 1,230	37.5 5 3. 0 9.5	+20% -37% -82%
	53,750	13,080		-41%

The separate effects of increasing the wing area, and addition of a canard is clearly shown in fig. 7. It follows then that modification of the Avro Arrow for increased speed and altitude should include a canard. The trim effect of the canard elevator combination is shown in fig. 6. Point "A" shows the trim drag to be 28,800 x .246 psi = 7,100 lb. for zero canard effect and a required -26° elevator angle, however utilization of the canard (see point "B") to the extent of its buffet limit results in a trim drag of $5600 \times .246 \text{ psi} = 1230 \text{ lb. for } \ll c$ canard = +23° and δ_e elevator = -8° - a reduction of 5,870 at M = 2.5, 90,000 ft. W/P = 250,000.

It is not worthy that total drag of this version at M = .92, W/P 22,000 is 7,000 lb. as compared to 6,660 lb. the Avre Art. k. II at the same speed, altitude, and weight and the lie not total transfer in drag during a subsonic "cruise"

weight of 61,400 lb. requires a total of 13,000 lb. thrust, with 7,000 lb. being contributed by the Iroquois engines with after-burning, and the balance of 6,000 lb. by some other power source. Recommended on fig. 9 are wing tip ramjet pods.

3.0 PORT MAIN ATMAN

The additional 6000 lb. thrust may be obtained by several different combinations of power plant and fuels, some of which are listed below:

	Powerplant	Fuel			
		Turbojet	A/B	Ramjet	Rocket
1	(Turbojet + A/B) + Ramjet	JP4	JP4	JP4	
2	(Turbojet + A/B) + Pamjet	JP4	JP4	Pentaborane	
3	(Turbojet + A/B) + Ramjet	JP4 + H ₂ O	JP4	JP4	
4	(Turbojet + A/B) + Ramjet	JP4 + H ₂ O	JP4	Pentaborane	
5	(Turbojet + A/B) + Rocket	JP4	JP4		

Some of the characteristics of each combination are tabul Table 1 following.

The fuel consumed during a dash of M 2.5, 90,000' alt. ar for a Reconnaissance Arrow shows that combinations (1) and (2 best (see fig. 10). Since combination (2) involves the use of fuels and that the gains afforded by the use of High Energy fuels are not great it is felt that combination (1) is the most suitable for the Reconnaissance Arrow, and this combination is shown in fig. 9.

The use of high energy fuels such as pentaborane results in a decrease of ramjet frontal area from 14.1 ft. to 11.9 ft. (4.25 to 3.9' dia.) and a reduction of specific fuel consumption from 3.15 to 2.57. Somewhat lesser gains are to be realized from the use of a Boron Slurry.

Water injection is an easy way of "souping up" existing power plant and intake combinations. However, this feature is somewhat curtailed by the large increase in specific fuel consumption, e.g. the recommended power plant combination would use at least 2½ times weight) when water is injected into the turbojet intakes to the analysis at least 200 intakes to the analysis and a second consumption.

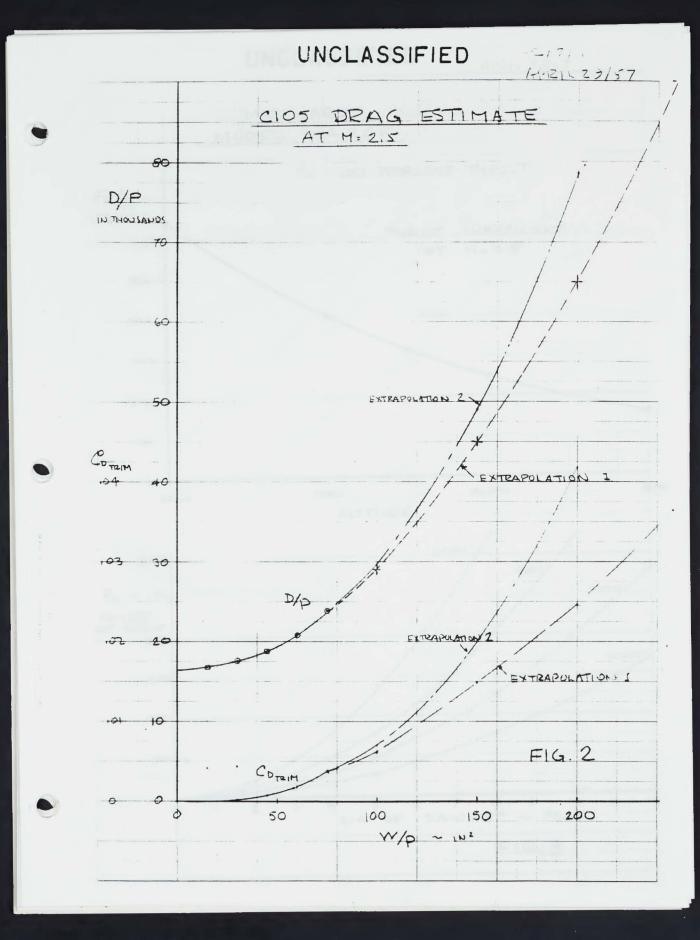
TRTHER INVESTIGATIONS

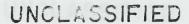
of this note are that a M = 2.5, 90,000° altitude is feasible within the present state of art. Howmmediately established whether there is a need for a recommensance or tactical bomber version of the Arrow via Market
Research. Further, power investigations are also recommended with an effort to improving the range potential of the Arrow.

With respect to the Reconnaissance Arrow two plausible locations for reconnaissance equipment are:

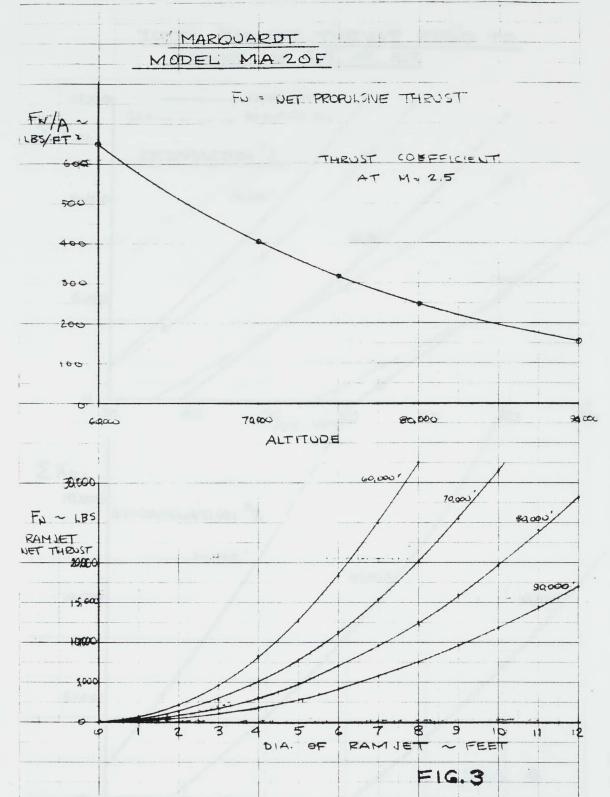
- (a) In the two inner stalls of the armament bay, thus removing $\frac{1}{2}$ of the armament.
- (b) In an extended portion of the nose section aft of the radar, thus maintaining full armament.

Further investigations are required to substantiate this Some of the more important items to be looked into more full lined in table 2.





AMEIL ZALIT

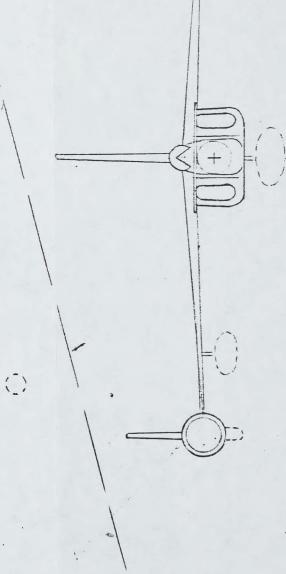


UNCLASSIFIED PR/7/1 wknik RI SIZE FOR AVRO ARROW AVEO ARROW R.J. AT ALT. ALT. gopou HOOIFIED. 70,000 69000 U MARQUAROT MAZOF REQ'D SCALED DATA . F14.5

UNCLASSIFIED MAY 17/57 REDUCTION = 2501000 M = 25 20,000 15,000 TOTAL FIG.

			5000 m (A)			
1.						
				a security and the second seconds		
1						
	22+,2017					
The second second					(%)	
	4-					
-						
				.127		
- 63				12		
, - 5						
20		The second		-		
			ال ال	.10		
				. 8		
		•	1.5 *			
.025	÷ 2 4					
.025	\$ Th	+				
.025		+ .				
025	÷ ? v	+				
.025						
		•				
.025		•				
	÷					
	÷	•				
		•				
	4					
.02	4					
.02	4					
.02	A					
.02	4					
.02	4	•				
. p 2	A	1, 4	2.0			
.02	4	1, 4	2.0	2, 4		
. p 2	4	1, 4				
. p 2	4	1, 4	2.0			

UNCLASSIFIED



UNCLASSIFIED JONE 7/57 WKm FUEL CONSUMPTION AT M= 2.5 DASH DURING A 90000 FT ALT + W/D: 250,000 IN' SEE TABLE 1 FOR CODE FUEL IN POUNDS 60000 COMBINATIONS 50,000 40,000 30000 0000 COMBINATION 10.000 20 15 25 30 PASH DURATION FIG. 10

Power Plant Summary 3 M 2.5, 90

		1			3	
Power Plant Combination	Turboj	et	Panjet	Turboj:	<u>et</u>	Pam
	A/B			4/B		
Fuel	JP4		JP4	JP4 + 1	H ₂ 0	J:
3FC	2.8		3.15	€.42		3
Fuel Consumption 16./hr.	19,600)	12,900	81,700		10
Propulsive Thrust 1b.	7,000		5,000	9,700		3
Max. Dia ft.			4.25			3.
Max. Frontal /rea - ft.2			14.1			7.
Length + ft.			3 0			22
Fuel Consumed in Founds - 5 min.	1635	(3210)	1575	6310	(7670)	86
- 10 min.	3270	(6420)	3150	13620	(15340)	17
- 15 min.	4900	(9520)	4720	20450	(23030)	2
- 20 min.	6550	(12850)	6300	27200	(30640)	34
- 25 min.	8170	(15050)	7880	34100	(38400)	43
- 30 min.	9810	(19260)	9450	40800	(45%0)	5

(3.2

MCTE: "Saturation" water injection considered in this tab

UNCLASSIFIED

TABLE 1

Summary 3 M 2.5, 90,000' Alt., W/P = 250,000 in.²

Turboje	<u>t</u> 3	Ramjet	Turboj	et 2	Pamjet	Turboje	<u>et</u> (4)	Pamjet	Turboj	<u>et</u> (5)	Pocket
<u>a∕B</u>			A/B			A/B			A/B) } \$ 8 8
JP4 + H	20	JP4	JP4	Fer	ntaborane	JP4 + 1	H ₂ 0 Pe	entaborane	JP4		85% H ₂ O ₂ 15% JP4
€.42		3.15	2.8		2.57	8.42		2-57	2.8		17
81,700		10,300	19,600		15,430	81,70	9	€,500	19,600		102,000
9,700		3,300	7,000		6,000	9,700	0	3,300	7,000		5,000
		3.14			3.9			2.9			
		7.25			11.9			6.55			
		22			27.5			20.5	agreement and a second positions of the second positio		
6310	(7670)	860	1635	(2923)	1288	6810	₹ + ₹ (7520)	710	1635	(10135)	8500
13620	(15340)	1720	3270	(5845)	2575	13620	(15040)	1420	3270	(20270)	17000
20450	(23030)	2580	4900	(8040)	3860	20450	(22580)	2130	4900	(30400)	25500
27200	(30640)	3440	6550	(11700)	5150	27,200	(30040)	2840	6550	(40550)	34000
34100	(38400)	4300	8170	(14610)	6440	34100	(37650)	3550	8170	(50670)	42500
40800	(45%0)	5160	9810	(17540)	7730	40900	(45160)	4250	9810	(60310)	51000
										,	

sidered in this table.

TABLE 2

FURTHER INVESTIGATIONS OF RECONNAISSANCE ARROW

Market Research	Possible Uses	Power Plant & Fuels	Fange & Performance
Is there a need for	Reconnaissance	Turkojet + A/B	Exact Range &
(1) Feconnaissance version with M 2.5	Tactical Bomber	Ramjet Rocket Hybrid	Mission Analysis
90,000' dash	Advanced Fighter	Mixed High Energy Fuels	
(2) Tactical Fomber with M 2.5 90,000' dash			
Suggest that Project	Suggest that Project	The state of art	Suggest this aspect
Fesearch and Sales & Service investigate this together, and an	Research conduct an operational research study into the usefullness of such	presently being investigated by Froject Research Group	be looked into by John Lucas of the Technical Office
effort be made to pro- duce a specification.	vehicles in the western air forces.	dioup	

CONNAISSANCE ARPOW

ze & Performance	Stability & Control	Flutter & Vibration	Undercarriage	Structure & Weight Est.
ot Range & sion Analysis	Trim control of Canard, and effect of canard and incr- eased wing area on C.G. limits	Flutter &	Undercarriage Development 90,000 lb. T.O. Weight and 65,000 lb. landing weight	Weight estimate of Arrow
gest this aspect looked into by m Lucas of the chnical Office	Suggest this aspect be looked into by Stan Kwiatkowski of the Technical Office	Suggest this aspect be looked into by John McKillop	W. Alford of the 5tress Office indi- cated an interest in this problem.	Suggest this aspect be looked into by Al Sentance of the Initial Project Office.