SECREE

September 5th, 1958.

MEMORANIAM FOR THE PRIME MINISTER:

Re: The 105 problem

You asked me yesterday what I thought should be done about the "105" and related matters in the light of what I have heard and seen of it in recent weeks. While I feel some of the perplemities you yourself express about the matter, in the light of the changes in military advice and the inevitable difficulties in forming judgments on such important yet uncertain information, I have tried to come to a reasoned conclusion.

In brief, for reasons noted below,

- (a) Cancelling forthwith the contracts for the Arrow airframe, the Iroquois engine, the Astra control system and the Sparrow 2 missile.
- (b) Sharing with the United States the establishment of the 2 Bowler balteries already proposed for the Worth Bay and Ottawa areas, and urging on the United States the re-location northwards into Canada of others of their Bowler bases in Northern United States, if necessary bearing some of the cost of such re-location.
- (c) Ordering forthwith, at the lowest prices possible and with the best possible cancellation rights, about \$0 or 50 Plo60 aircraft from U.S. production, as used by the U.S.A.r. for air defence.
- (d) Formally requesting the United States to commence to negotiate arrangements

to make available to the R.C.A.P., under arrangements similar to those in the United Kingdom, nuclear warheads for use on the Bonards and air-to-air weapons to be used on the F106C's.

- (e) Initiating immediately negotiations with the United States to share in an integrated defence production programme with them in the field of air force and missile weapons systems.
- (f) Instructing the appropriate senior military and civilian officers to consider urgently the whole Canadian defence and defence production programme in the light of these decisions and report on it later in the Autumn.
- (g) Announcing formulth that because of the improvement in missiles (both defensive and offensive) in recent years, and the changes in the sire and nature of the Russian bomber threat, we are introducing the Bonard missile and proposing to introduce atomic warheads 4nto Capattan air derence, and will require very much fewer supersonic interceptor aircraft - only a rew dozen) consequently to is quite uneconomical to try to complete the de elopment and undertake production of the 105 and its engines, control system and special missile - and therefore it is being terminated despite the fact that it has shown promise of being a good aircraft, probably better in some respects than any alternative but not enough better to justify the huge extra cost.

As to the reasoning, again in brief, I would argue the following:

- l. The changes in the missile possibilities and the Russian threat are substantial enough to revise our air defence requirements for aircraft in terms of numbers, but they are not, I would suggest, sufficiently sure or complete as yet to justify even appearing to give up manned interceptors completely.
- 2. Despite my earlier willingness to support the Chiefs of Staff on the apparent advantages of the 105 and its special systems, I am now convinced it is so expensive that its advantages are not worth the extra costs.
- J. The economic disadvantages of cancellation are offset by economic and financial disadvantages of continuing thedevelopment and production; our borrowing problem is very formidable already and it is vitally important to keep the confidence of both the Canadian and U.S. financial community. The action proposed will help to do this.
- and socially unpleasant and util probably give us a modest see back in general employment during the utility, but show other hand there is some of idence of recovery in our own general situation and in the United States. In any case, if this aircraft expenditure is so wasteful as it now appears, it is a very poor and unfair means of promoting employment because it is located so largely in one or two areas, and in a high mage group. This aircraft production and employment must be reduced at some time during the next four years; it is a question of timing.

- 5. I appreciate the reasons thy Mr. Pearket would play for time and defer ordering 71060's non, the tatter there are counter inguments of real importance: we are not sure enough to justify the risk of having no supersonic fighter on the way; we have entered into NORAD with much fanfare and should appear to be doing our part, with the United States, on what most peple will continue to think is the main job; we won't really reduce our total defence expenditures because, in the end, we have to keep up to a reasonable level in relation Moreover, it helps greatly to the United States. I think in presenting our case to our public to make it in terms of quantities (as suggested in (g) above) and also it gives us a very good basis on which to argue production sharing with the United States if we are going to buy some aircraft produced in the United States instead of our own.
- 6. I have considered Mr. Golden's argument that use of the U.S. alworaft Instead of our own would be a slap in the race to the sanadian industry, but I think that can be abserved test if the numbers to be bought are so cast that the soul of the Canadian planes are obviously out of all proportion to the U.S. planes, e en if the U.S. a somewhat better plane.
- 7. This suggested programme could be undertaken I would estimate within a total for defence expenditures (cash discursements) of about \$1900 pillion dollars for new year, the detailed figure depending on the cost sharing arrangement with the United States on Eccarr and Sage. This would be less than En more than the estimated defence disturaments this year and, of course, far less than the cost of dontinuing with the 10% system, which

would be some \$125 or \$200 million more (depending on whether or not the Astra-Sparrow contracts were cancelled.)

8. I think it should help in putting across this difficult decision to the public and perhaps help somewhat in deterring the Russians, if we could announce at the same time our decision to make arrangements to use nuclear defensive weapons in Canada, though not to produce them.

Note: There will be a real problem in the timing of any announcement on this issue. It seems too late to make it in Parliament even if a decision is reached Priday, though it would be worth great efforts tonight to get it ready for the House Saturday. You are to be away nearly all of next week and I think you rather than Mr. Pearkes should do it. May we aim at Monday morning? It will leak immediately action is taken and delay is very expensive.

LBB.

R.B. BRYCE CLERK OF THE PRIVY COUNCIL Sept 5 1958