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COPY No 1

AVRO CANADA - TYPE CF.105

SCHEDULE OF TESTS, MOCK-UPS AND WIND

TUNNEL MODELS

ANALYZED

This schedule is the contractual programme presently proposed for the AVRO CANADA CF.105. It will be modified as found necessary to take account of design changes.

The schedule is grouped under the following sections:-

- (A) Wind Tunnel and special purpose model tests.
- (B) Functional Tests, Rigs and Specimens.
- (C) Structural Tests, Rigs and Specimens.
- (D) Mock-ups.

Flight Test requirements are not listed in this schedule.

This schedule outlines the work involved with explanatory details of the individual tests and the purpose of these tests.



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"A" WIND TUNNEL AND SPECIAL PURPOSE MODELS

(For description of models see Appendix "A")

No.

- A.1. Model: Low Speed 7/100 Scale Complete Model  
Tunnel: N.A.E. 6'7"x10' Tunnel.  
Test: Aircraft landing configuration, missile jettisoning, canopy jettisoning and ground effects.
- A.2. Model: Subsonic 1/20th Scale Complete Model  
Tunnel: Cornell high speed variable density 8'6"x12" tunnel.  
Test: Armament and dive brake design at low speed with high R.N. Stability and control checks on transonic tunnel results. Canopy and nacelle pressure plots.
- A.3. Model: Spinning 1/24th Scale Complete Model  
Tunnel: N.A.E. 15' diameter spinning tunnel.  
Test: Spinning characteristics.
- A.4. Model: Complete 3/100 Scale Model.  
Tunnel: Cornell transonic 3'x4' Tunnel.  
Test: Camber effects. Stability and control. Canopy and nacelle pressure plots.
- A.5. Model: Partial Model  
Tunnel: N.A.E. intermittent supersonic 10"x10" tunnel.  
Test: Engine intakes.
- A.6. Model: Reflection Plane Model 1/50th Scale  
Tunnel: N.A.E. intermittent supersonic 16"x30" tunnel.  
Test: Hinge moment measurements at M.N. greater than 1.2.
- A.7. Model: Complete 1/80th Scale Model  
Tunnel: N.A.E. intermittent supersonic 16"x30" tunnel.  
Test: Lateral and directional stability and control at M.N. greater than 1.2.
- A.8. Model: Free Flight Rocket Propelled 1/4th Scale Complete Model  
Tunnel: Carde missile range.  
Test: Steady state stability derivatives. Dynamic damping derivatives.

## "B" FUNCTIONAL TEST RIGS AND SPECIMENS

(For description of Rigs and Specimens see Appendix "B")

### No.

- B.1.    Rig:        Mechanical Test Rig  
      Specimen:    Complete set of aircraft mechanical equipment.  
      Test:        Check on functioning, operating times and reliability  
                    of all systems.
- B.2.    Rig:        Fuel Systems Rig  
      Specimen:    Complete set of aircraft fuel system components.  
      Test:        Fuel transfer and flow rates, line losses etc. at all  
                    aircraft attitudes.
- B.3.    Rig:        Pressurization and Air Conditioning Rig  
      Specimen:    Aircraft complete nose and equipment bays and air  
                    conditioning and refrigeration system.  
      Test:        Check on functioning of pressurizing and cooling systems  
                    under all temperature conditions.
- B.4.    Rig:        Engine Installation Rig  
      Specimen:    Engine and afterburner, associated fuel system, fuselage  
                    intake approach surface and cowlings.  
      Test:        Engine installation and operation, engine cooling,  
                    afterburner operation, intake duct performance and  
                    starting.
- B.5.    Rig:        Flying Cockpit Rig  
      Specimen:    Aircraft nose and cockpit mounted on Mk.2 CF.100 air  
                    frame.  
      Test:        Suitability of control and equipment layout, take off  
                    and landing evaluation of cockpit.
- B.6.    Rig:        Airborne Armament  
      Specimen:    Aircraft missile launching devices in Mk.4 CF.100  
                    armament bay.  
      Test:        Airborne evaluation and development of missile launching  
                    means.
- B.7.    Rig:        Fire Control Equipment Installation Rig  
      Specimen:    Aircraft Radar nose and electronic bay.  
      Test:        Check on installation and functioning of fire control  
                    equipment in aircraft.



## "C" STRUCTURAL TEST RIGS AND TEST SPECIMENS

(For description of Rigs and Specimens see Appendix "C")

### No.

- C.1. Rig: Complete Aircraft Structural Test  
Specimen: Complete wing and fuselage structure.  
Test: The contractual requirements of R-1803-9A as called for in ARDCM 80-1 Chapter 3.6.
- C.2. Rig: Control Surface Limit Load and Stiffness Tests  
Specimen: Control surface and trailing edge structure.  
Test: Strength and stiffness of control surfaces and mounting structure under limit loads.
- C.3. Rig: Cockpit Pressurization Proof Tests  
Specimen: Aircraft complete nose structure called for under B.3.  
Test: Strength of pressurized cockpit under proof pressure.
- C.4. Rig: Canopy and Windscreen Pressurization Test  
Specimen: Canopy and windscreen mounted on special pressurizing rig.  
Test: Proof and ultimate load of canopy and windscreen under varying temperature conditions.
- C.5. Rig: Ground Resonance Test  
Specimen: Complete mechanical rig B.1 and first model aeroplane.  
Test: The contractual requirements of ANC.12 as called for in ARDCM 80 Chapter 4.4.
- C.6. Rig: Armament Mounting Strength Test  
Specimen: Missile and rocket pack lowering devices with weighted dummy stores.  
Test: Proof and ultimate load test and stiffness of missile and rocket pack mounting gear.
- C.7. Rig: Undercarriage and Tail Skid Drop Tests  
Specimen: One main U/C gear complete with wheels and tyres.  
One Tail skid and support structure.  
Test: Proof and ultimate load tests.  
Energy absorption of landing units.
- C.8. Rig: Outer Wing Compression Test  
Specimen: 3 spar compression box specimen to represent outer wing construction.  
Test: Compression strength of the outer wing structure.
- C.9. Rig: Inner Wing Panel Tests  
Specimen: Range of representative skin and stringer compression panels.  
Test: Allowable stresses for inner wing panel construction.
- C.10. Rig: Transport Joint Test  
Specimen: Sections of inner and outer wing transport joints.  
Test: Stress distribution in joint details.

"C" STRUCTURAL TEST RIGS AND TEST SPECIMENS (CONT'D.)

No.

- C-11. Rig: Effect of Elevated Temperatures  
Specimen: Representative wing and fuselage sections.  
Material test specimens.  
Test: Determination of heat flow and transient heat conditions  
in aircraft structure.  
Effect of elevated temperatures on material properties.
- C-12. Rig: Fatigue Testing  
Specimen: Details liable to fatigue.  
Test: Determination of fatigue life of details.

"D" MOCK-UPS

(For description of Mock-ups see Appendix "D")

No.

- D.1. Mock-up: Cockpit and adjacent Structure  
Purpose: Contractual requirements of ARDCM 80-1 chapter 0.24 to represent crew stations, inclosure, windshield controls, seats, armament control, instruments including radar and radio.
- D.2. Mock-up: Armament Installation  
Purpose: Space, layout and accessibility check of weapon installations to the contractual requirements of ARDCM 80-1 chapter 0.24.
- D.3. Mock-up: Control Surface and Systems Operation  
Purpose: Space layout and accessibility check of control surface mounting and operation to the contractual requirements of ARDCM 80-1 chapter 0.24.
- D.4. Mock-up: Main Undercarriage Installation  
Purpose: Space layout and accessibility check of undercarriage installation to the contractual requirements of ARDCM 80-1 chapter 0.24.
- D.5. Mock-up: Radar and Fire Control System  
Purpose: Space layout and accessibility check of the radar and fire control system to the contractual requirements of ARDCM 80-1 chapter 0.24.



## "E" MISCELLANEOUS TESTS

(These tests have to be allocated to Section  
"A", "B", "C" or "D" on next revision)

### No.

- E.1. Rig: Integral Fuel Tank Specimen  
Test: Method of construction and sealing of tank.  
Suitability of sealing and construction method under load.  
Specimen: Sample box of wing tank construction and sealing.
- E.2. Rig: Integral Fuel Tank Specimen  
Test: Suitability of sealants under high temperature conditions.  
Specimen: Same as E.1 (2nd specimen)
- E.3. Rig: Simulated Fuel Cell  
Test: Ability of pressure fuel system and valves to pick up  
fuel from shallow wing tanks.  
Specimen: Fibre glass tank with observation windows.
- E.4. Rig: Scale Model Fuel System  
Test: Determination of fuel levels under various fuel loadings  
and aeroplane attitudes.  
Specimen:  $\frac{1}{8}$ th scale plexiglass fuel system.
- E.5. Rig: Bearing Test Rig  
Test: Determination of deterioration of bearings under repeated  
loads at a high level.  
Specimen: Sample bearings from various manufacturers.
- E.6. Rig: Control Surface Hinge Test  
Test: Deterioration of piano hinge under repeated loads at a  
high level.  
Specimen: Sample piano hinge assembly.
- E.7. Rig: Mobile Cockpit Rig  
Test: Cockpit vision up to take off attitude.  
Specimen: Trolley mounted wooden cockpit mock-up.
- E.8. Rig: Non-Flying Prototypes.  
Test: This is a production service requiring further discussion.
- E.9. Rig: Intake Ramp De-Icing.  
Test: Ice accretion and de-icing methods for leading edge of  
intake shock wave ramp.  
Specimen: Sample intake ramp for test in the N.R.C. Low Temperature  
tunnel.
- E.10. Rig: Wing De-Icing Test  
Test: Ice Accretion on very thin highly swept wing.  
Specimen: Section of wing for test in the N.R.C. Low Temperature tunnel.
- E.11. Rig: Antenna Radiation Patterns  
Test: Radiation patterns for communications and navigational  
equipment antenna.  
Specimen: Metal aircraft scale model with required radiators.

## APPENDIX "A"

### A. Wind Tunnel Test and Special Purpose Models

#### A.1. Low Speed 7/100 Scale Complete Model

Model. The model for this test will be a 7/100 scale complete model on a three-point support complete with undercarriage, undercarriage doors, flaps, dive brakes, missile support and jettisonable canopies.

Tunnel. The model will be tested in the N.A.E. Low Speed No.3 tunnel at a R.N. number approximately  $5.6 \times 10^6$ .

Test. The purpose of these tests will be to check miscellaneous items not covered by the Cornell tunnel tests of A.2. These will comprise:-

- (a) Low speed stability and control characteristics with undercarriage down, flaps down, dive brakes extended and combinations of these variables.
- (b) Jettisoning of Falcon missiles and rocket containers.
- (c) Jettisoning of canopies.
- (d) Ground effects.

#### A.2. Subsonic 1/20th Scale Complete Model

Model. This model will be a 1/20th scale sting mounted model with built in balances with attachment points for mounting missiles, missile doors and rocket pods.

Tunnel. Cornell 8'6"x12" high speed variable density tunnel operated at  $2\frac{1}{2}$  atmospheres pressure and achieving a R.N. number of  $7.1 \times 10^6$ .

Test. Tests will be conducted over a range of M.N. up to .95 and by inserting a liner in the tunnel at one specific M.N. of 1.2. The tests will comprise:-

- (a) High R.N. number effects at M.N. of .3 for a range of elevator angles.
- (b) Longitudinal stability and control at M.Ns. between .5 and .95.
- (c) Lateral control M.Ns. between .5 and .95.
- (d) Directional stability and control at M.Ns. between .5 and .95. This test will be conducted with the fin and rudder both on and off.
- (e) Elevator angle effect on directional stability at M.Ns. between .5 and .95.
- (f) Elevator effectiveness in yawed conditions between M.Ns. of .5 and .95 with dive brakes open and shut.
- (g) Rudder effectiveness with dive brakes open.
- (h) Aerodynamics effects on missiles in the firing position, with various combinations of missiles at a M.N. of .95.
- (j) Effects of dive brakes in varying positions at M.N. from .5 to .95.

Tests b to j above will be repeated with a liner in the tunnel to raise the mach # to 1.2.

- (k) Limited pressure plots on canopy and nacelle sides over a range of mach numbers.



A.3. Spinning 1/24th Scale Complete Model.

Model. This model will be a 1/24th scale spinning model.

Tunnel. N.A.E. 15' diameter spin tunnel achieving a R.N. number of  $2 \times 10^6$ .

Test. These tests will be the mandatory spinning tunnel tests as required by ARDCM.80.

A.4. Complete 3/100 Scale Model

Model. 3/100 scale complete model with cambered and uncambered wing.

Tunnel. Cornell 3'x4' tunnel with transonic throat, achieving a R.N. of  $1.5 \times 10^6$ .

Test. Tests from this tunnel will be in two parts:-

- (1) Preliminary tests to determine the effect of camber on basic longitudinal stability and control. Tests carried out over a mach number range of .5 to 1.25 with full range of elevator deflections on the uncambered wing and elevator neutral for the cambered wing, with measuring forces.
- (2) Final tests will be carried out using the cambered wing to determine:-
  - (a) Longitudinal stability and control over a mach range of .5 to 1.25 with full range of elevator angles.
  - (b) Lateral control over a mach number range of .5 to 1.25.
  - (c) Directional stability and control over a mach number range of .5 to 1.25. This test will be carried out with fin and rudder both on and off.
  - (d) Effects of dive brakes in varying positions at a mach number from .5 to 1.25. The tests of A.2 will provide a check on the accuracy of the results obtained from the tests of this section.

A.5. Partial Model

Model. Engine intake partial model.

Tunnel. N.A.E. intermittent supersonic 10"x10" tunnel.

Test. The purpose of these tests will be to obtain:-

- (a) Pressure recovery data in the intake.
- (b) Investigation of the intake shock pattern by Schlieren interference or other photographic methods.



A.6. Reflection Plane Model

Model. One half complete aircraft reflection plane model 1/50 scale with cambered wing only.

Tunnel. N.A.E. intermittent supersonic 16"x30" tunnel achieving a R.N. of  $1.5 \times 10^6$ .

Test. The purpose of the tests in this tunnel will be to extend the range of results obtained on hinge moment measurements from section A.4 to mach numbers greater than 1.25.

A.7. Complete 1/80 Scale Model

Model. Complete 1/80 scale model with cambered wing only mounted on three-point support.

Tunnel. N.A.E. intermittent supersonic 16"x30" tunnel achieving R.N. of  $1 \times 10^6$ .

Test. The purpose of the tests in this tunnel will be to extend the range of results obtained on stability and control from tests of A.4 to mach numbers greater than 1.25.

A.8. Free Flight Rocket Propelled  $\frac{1}{8}$ th Scale Complete Model

Model. Rocket propelled free flight  $\frac{1}{8}$ th scale complete model, mounted on rocket motor nose.

Tunnel. This model will be tested in free flight at the Carde missile range. A R.N. of  $36 \times 10^6$  will be achieved and data will be telemetered from the model to the ground station.

Test. The purpose of these tests will be to obtain:-

- (a) Steady state values of the stability derivatives
- (b) Values of the dynamic damping derivatives.

## APPENDIX "B"

### B. Functional Tests, Rigs and Specimens

#### B.1. Mechanical Test Rig

Rig. All mechanical components for the aeroplane will be mounted on one co-ordinated test rig. This test rig will approximate the aircraft plan form and will be built up from steel girders. The following subsidiary functional rigs will be mounted on this co-ordinated rig:-

- (1) Landing gear, landing gear doors and associated aeroplane structure.
- (2) Control surfaces with associated aircraft structure and control system.
- (3) Control surfaces hydraulic and mechanical system.
- (4) Pilot's floor, pilot's seat, control column, rudder pedals, control trimming and nose wheel steering.
- (5) Auto-pilot positional and damping stabilisation system with equipment to simulate flight manoeuvre.
- (6) Dive brakes, flaps and associated aircraft structure.
- (7) Dive brakes and flaps control system.
- (8) High pressure pneumatic system and controls.
- (9) Missile launching mechanism with doors and associated aircraft structure.
- (10) Rocket pack, rocket pack lowering mechanism and associated aircraft structure.
- (11) Engine and fuel system aircraft control system.

The complete rig will be achieved by absorbing the individual rigs numbers 1, 2, 6, 9 and 10 into the main rig. The functions covered by 3, 4, 5, 7, 8 and 11 will be built directly into the main rig, so that no separate hydraulic or high pressure pneumatic system rigs would be built.

Purpose. The rigs will check:-

- (1) Undercarriage and associated structure
  - (a) Clearances, deformations and operation under load of the undercarriage and door system.
  - (b) Reliability of the undercarriage system under repeated operations.
  - (c) Retractions and extension times for the undercarriage system.
  - (d) Emergency conditions for the undercarriage.
  - (e) Brake system functioning.
  - (f) Nose wheel steering functioning.
- (2) Control surfaces and associated structure
  - (a) Deformation and operation of the control surfaces under load.
  - (b) Reliability and rate of deterioration of the mechanical control system and jacks under repeated operations.
  - (c) Evaluation of the transfer function for the mechanical part of the control system loop and variations of the lag of this system with repeated operations and temperature variations. This transfer function will include the servo jack conditions for a range of hydraulic fluid properties for a load input at the jack and a load input at the control surface.



B.1. Mechanical Test Rig (Cont'd.)

Purpose: (cont'd.)

- (3) Control hydraulic system, including artificial feel.
  - (a) Repeated functioning of the hydraulic system over a range of fluid pressure and temperature conditions.
  - (b) Evaluation of the emergency conditions for the hydraulic circuit.
  - (c) Susceptibility of the system to air and dirt entrainment.
  - (d) Response and stability of the hydraulic loop and determination of its transfer function value over a full range of duty cycles, fluid flow, fluid pressure and temperature.
  - (e) Direct insertions of the rig into the analogue computer for checking the overall performance of the automatic control system with the automatic control loops represented mathematically.
  - (f) Operational check of the manual control mode in conjunction with automatic damping stabilisation of the aeroplane. Damping stabilisation will be simulated by excitation of the control valves.
  - (g) Stability check of the elevator manual mode in conjunction with the bob weight of the elevator artificial feel system.
  - (h) Functional testing of the artificial feel and trimming system in the manual modes.
- (4) Auto control system with flight manoeuvre simulation.
  - (a) Functional testing of the positional auto pilot's circuits in conjunction with the control hydraulic and mechanical loops. Check of the stability and response characteristics of the systems with duty cycle and auto-pilot commands simulated by rate movements applied to gyros and loads applied to control surfaces.
  - (b) Functional testing of the damping auto-pilot circuits in conjunction with control hydraulic and mechanical loops with auto-pilot automatic or manual monitoring of the positional system. Damping commands simulated by sinusoidal input to the damping system.
  - (c) Functional testing of the artificial feel trimming devices of the automatic control system.
  - (d) Evaluation of the emergency conditions for the automatic control systems.
- (5) Dive Brakes and flap functioning.
  - (a) Clearances, deformations and operation under load of the dive brake and flap system.
  - (b) Reliability of the system under repeated loadings.
  - (c) Operating times for the system.
  - (d) Emergency conditions for the system.



B.1. Mechanical Test Rig (Cont'd.)

Purpose (cont'd.)

- (6) Missile launching mechanism and doors, rocket pack and lowering mechanism.
  - (a) Clearances, deformations and operation under load of the missile launchers, doors and rocket pack.
  - (b) Reliability of the system under repeated operations.
  - (c) Operating times for the system with simulated fire control commands.
  - (d) Emergency conditions for the system.
- (7) High pressure pneumatic system.
  - (a) Repeated functioning of the high pressure pneumatic system over a range of fluid pressure and temperature conditions.
  - (b) Evaluation of the emergency conditions for the system.
  - (c) System capacity check over a range of duty cycles.
- (8) Engine and fuel system control.
  - (a) Clearances, deformation in operation under load of the engine and fuel system controls.
  - (b) Reliability of the system under repeated operations.
  - (c) Emergency conditions for the system.

Equipment. The main rig will consist of the following equipment.

- (1) Subsidiary main undercarriage rig.
- (2) Subsidiary nose undercarriage rig.
- (3) Subsidiary elevator control rig.
- (4) Subsidiary aileron control rig.
- (5) Subsidiary rudder control rig.
- (6) Subsidiary missile launcher rig.
- (7) Subsidiary rocket pack rig.
- (8) Subsidiary dive brakes and flap rig.
- (9) Main rig fram mounting.

The main rig mounting includes:-

- (a) Pilot's seat, control column, rudder pedals, artificial feel system, nose wheel steering control.
- (b) Interconnecting hydraulic and pneumatic system including hydraulic pumps, pneumatic pumps and inter-cooler pump drives, hydraulic and pneumatic accumulators.
- (c) Mechanical control system between cockpit and surface jack valves.
- (d) Automatic control system and flight manoeuvre simulating equipment.
- (e) Cooling system for hydraulic oil to achieve temperature variations.
- (f) Loading devices for undercarriage, undercarriage doors, control surfaces, missile launchers, missile launcher doors, rocket pack, dive brakes and flaps.

B.1. Mechanical Test Rig (Cont'd.)

Equipment (cont'd.)

The subsidiary rigs for attachment to the main frame require:-

Two main undercarriage units complete with retraction jack and recuperators.

Aircraft set of brakes with controls.

One nose undercarriage unit complete with retraction jack, nosewheel steering and retraction brake.

Aircraft set of undercarriage doors and jacks.

Four missile launchers, doors and door mechanism.

One rocket pack and extension jack.

Two elevators and trailing edge structure.

Pair of ailerons and trailing edge structure.

Rudder and trailing edge structure.

Aircraft set of control surface jacks and valves.

B.2. Fuel System

Rig. The aircraft fuel system will be reproduced on a rig which will simulate the aircraft fuselage and fuselage tanks and one wing tank. The rig will be mounted on pivots allowing all flight attitudes to be reproduced. The following items of equipment will be mounted on this rig:-

- (1) Simulated fuselage and wing fuel tanks.
- (2) Pressure and re-fuelling system.
- (3) De-fuelling system.
- (4) Fuel transfer system and tank.
- (5) Fuel pressurization and inert gas system.
- (6) Main engine supply system.
- (7) Afterburner supply system.
- (8) Engine booster pumps and oil coolers.
- (9) Contents gauging system.

Purpose. The rig will check:-

- (a) Fuel transfer rates and pressure losses for all aircraft attitudes and varying quantities of fuel under varying conditions of tank pressurization.
- (b) The reliability under repeated operations of the fuel system and fuel contents gauging system.
- (c) Emergency conditions for the fuel system.
- (d) Functioning of the pressure re-fuelling system and emergency conditions for this system.
- (e) Functioning of the afterburner system.
- (g) Evaluation of the unuseable fuel under varying conditions.



## B.2. Fuel System (Cont'd.)

Equipment. The following equipment will be required for the rig:-

- One aircraft set of fuel contents gauging equipment.
- One aircraft set pressure re-fuelling valves and piping.
- One aircraft set main fuel system transfer valves.
- Pressure regulating valves, pressure relief valves and associated piping.
- One engine set, engine booster pumps and oil coolers with associated piping.
- One aircraft set inert gas generator, valves and piping.
- One set of tanks representing aircraft fuselage and wing tanks.
- Pressurizing equipment for fuel tanks.

## B.3. Pressurization and Air Conditioning

Rig. The rig will consist of an aircraft nose structure complete with windscreen, canopies, electronic compartments, armament bay and simulated miscellaneous equipment cooling systems, a compressor, cold air chamber and infra red heating equipment.

Purpose. The purpose of this rig will be:-

- (a) Check the cabin pressurization and cooling system under extreme temperature and engine operating conditions.
- (b) Check cooling flow rates to electronic compartments, armament bay and other miscellaneous equipment under extremes of temperature and engine operating conditions.
- (c) Functional check of pilot's oxygen system.
- (d) Functional check of canopy jettisoning system.
- (e) Functional check of rain clearing, de-icing and de-misting system for the canopy and windscreen.
- (f) Functional check of miscellaneous cockpit services, for example, anti "g" suit, ventilated suit etc.

### Specimen.

- One aircraft nose structure complete with windscreen canopy, pilot's seat, oxygen system, anti "g" system, anti "g" or pressure suit system, de-misting devices, de-icing devices, rain clearing devices, cockpit air-conditioning, control system, canopy operating and jettison system.
- One aircraft set of air-conditioning, refrigeration and pressurization equipment.
- One compressor with means to control outlet temperature, pressure and humidity.
- Simulation of miscellaneous equipment requiring cooling, for example, alternators, fuel collector tank etc., dummy armament bay and space models of electronic equipment.



#### B.4. Engine Installation.

Rig. The rig will consist of a steel girder framework carrying the approach surface to the engine intake and the engine intake duct structure and to provide a mounting for the engine and afterburner cowlings. This rig will be mounted in an engine test cell and it will be capable of taking the selected engine.

Purpose. The rig will check:-

- (a) Installation clearances of the engine and afterburner in the hot and cold conditions.
- (b) The efficiency of the intake entry, ducts and fuselage approach under a full range of sea level static operation conditions.
- (c) The efficiency of the engine and afterburner cooling system.
- (d) Afterburner and final nozzle control system functioning.
- (e) Functioning of the starting system, wet starts etc.

Equipment. The following equipment will be required for the rig:-

One engine and afterburner combination of the selected type, complete with fuel system and afterburner controls and final nozzle.  
One aircraft set of engine nacelle intake ducts and rear cowlings.  
A set of nose fuselage formers and skins to reproduce intake approach surface.  
One set of intake ramps and operating equipment.  
One test cell rated for 25,000 lbs. thrust load.  
Engine starting equipment.  
One set of aircraft collector tanks and pressurizing equipment.  
Steel frame rig for mounting the engine and cowlings.

#### B.5. Flying Cockpit

Rig. The rig will consist of CF.100 aeroplane fitted with simulated C.105 cockpit.

Purpose. The purpose of this flying rig will be to check:-

- (a) Cockpit layout under flight conditions.
- (b) Cockpit vision under take off and landing conditions.
- (c) Cockpit conditioning, canopy de-misting, windshield de-misting and de-icing under actual flight conditions.
- (d) Canopy jettisoning in flight.

Specimen.

One CF.100 Mk.2 aeroplane less nose.  
One C.105 nose and cockpit structure.  
One transition structure for attaching C.105 nose to C.100 air frame.

B.6: Airborne Armament.

Rig. The rig will consist of a CF.100 Mk.4 aeroplane with a C.105 missile launching device installed in its armament bay.

Purpose. The purpose of this rig will be to:-

- (a) Develop and prove in flight a suitable launching system for Falcon guided missile.
- (b) Develop and prove in flight a suitable substitute 2" rocket container for carriage on the Falcon rails.
- (c) To provide statistical data on missile and rocket firing for use in probability of kill analysis.

B.7: Fire Control System Installation.

Rig. The rig will consist of an aircraft nose structure and electronic compartment.

Purpose. The purpose of this rig will be to check:-

- (a) The installation and wiring of the fire control system.
- (b) The functioning and cooling of the fire control system.

Equipment. The equipment required for this rig will be one aircraft radar nose structure and electronic and missile auxilliary bay.

## APPENDIX "C"

### C. Structural Test Rigs and Specimens

#### C.1. Complete Aircraft Structural Test

Rig. Complete aircraft structural test.

Purpose. The tests on the specimen shall be those required by specification R-1803-9A. These tests are likely to include:-

- |     |  |
|-----|--|
| (a) | Proof and ultimate load tests for wing design cases. |
| (b) | " " " " " " " " fuselage design cases.               |
| (c) | " " " " " " " " landing gear design cases.           |
| (d) | " " " " " " " " assymetric flight cases.             |
| (e) | " " " " " " " " on control surfaces.                 |
| (f) | " " " " " " " " control systems.                     |
| (g) | " " " " " " " " dive brakes.                         |
| (h) | " " " " " " " " flaps.                               |
| (j) | " " " " " " " " engine supports.                     |
| (k) | " " " " " " " " armament support structure.          |

Specimen. Complete wing, fuselage and empennage structure, including control surfaces, flaps, dive brakes, engine mountings, undercarriage supports, armament supports, external doors and fairings, but not including undercarriage units.

Complete mechanical control systems for all surfaces, including control jacks but not pilot's control system.

Not to include hydraulic, electrical or pneumatic systems.

Complete mechanical systems for doors, flaps, dive brakes and armament.

This specimen is the contractual static test article of specification R-1803-9A except for undercarriage and systems.

The undercarriage units will be tested by individual drop tests rather than the drop testing of the whole aeroplane and the systems will be covered by the rig tests of section "B" of this schedule.

#### C.2. Control Surfaces Test

Rig. The rigs for these tests will be the subsidiary rigs as described in Appendix "B" section B.1.

Purpose. The purpose of this rig will be to check the strength and stiffness of the control surfaces and supporting structure under limit loads prior to the availability of the major test component of C.1 and prior to the functional tests of B.1.

Equipment. The subsidiary rigs of Appendix "B" section B.1 will be mounted on a steel framework capable of resisting limit control surface loads.



### C.3. Cockpit Pressurization Test

Rig. The rig for this test will be the subsidiary rig as described in Appendix "B" section B.3.

Purpose. The purpose of this rig will be to check the strength of the cockpit and canopy under proof pressure conditions.

Equipment. The subsidiary rig of Appendix "B" section B.3 will be used for this test at some convenient time during the tests of B.3. and prior to the availability of the major test component of C.1.

### C.4. Canopy and Windscreen Pressure Tests

Rig. The rig for this test will consist of one aircraft set windscreen and canopy mounted on a steel substructure capable of resisting the pressurizing loads and means for pressurizing the specimen and varying the temperature.

Purpose. The purpose of this rig will be to check the proof and ultimate strength of the cockpit glazing over a wide range of temperatures up to 250°F. The ultimate factors for the glazing are much higher than those for the structure and therefore require a separate test.

Specimen. One aircraft set windscreen and canopy.  
One rig for mounting the specimen.  
Pressurizing equipment.  
Infra red heating equipment.

### C.5. Ground Resonance Test

Rig. Complete mechanical rig of B.1 and first model aeroplane.

Purpose. The tests on the specimens shall be those required by A.N.C.12 as called for in ARDCM 80 chapter 4.4. The mechanical rig of B.1 will be used to obtain preliminary information on modes etc. for the control circuits prior to the availability of the first model aeroplane.

Specimen. First model aeroplane.  
Complete mechanical rig of B.1.  
Vibration survey equipment.

### C.6. Armament Mounting Strength.

Rig. The rig will consist of a steel girder structure capable of mounting the rocket and missile lowering mechanism and associated structure.

Purpose. The rig will check the strength under proof and ultimate loads of the missile launching and rocket lowering mechanisms using weighted dummy stores.

- C.6. Specimen. One missile lowering mechanism complete with pneumatic devices.  
One rocket pod lowering mechanism complete with pneumatic devices.  
Aircraft supporting structure and steel rig for mounting specimen.  
Compressed air supply.  
Weighted dummy stores.

C.7. Undercarriage and Tail Skid Strength.

Rig. The rig will be the undercarriage manufacturers' drop test rig.

Purpose. To determine on test the proof strength and energy absorption characteristics of the undercarriage and tail skid assemblies. Energy absorption to ultimate requirements will be carried out on later production units when available.

Specimen. Manufacturers drop test rig.  
Prototype main nose and tail undercarriage.  
Wheels tyres and brakes before installation in first model aeroplane.  
One production set of equipment for destructive testing.

C.8. Outer Wing Compression Strength.

Rig. The rig will consist of a normal compression-tension testing machine of a capacity and at a facility yet to be determined. Panel deflection measuring equipment and strain gauge equipment will also be required.

Purpose. To determine the compressive strength of the outer wing multispar close rib construction by the use of representative box specimens.

Specimen. A number of box type compression panel specimens containing 3 spars and 3 ribs.  
Compression testing machine.  
Measuring equipment.

C.9. Inner Wing Compression Panel Strength.

Rig. The rig will consist of a compression testing machine of a capacity and at a facility yet to be determined. Panel deflection measuring and strain gauging equipment will be required. The fixity coefficient of the machine must also be measured.

Purpose. To determine the compressive strength of representative stringer-skin panels for the inner wing over a range of variables, including panel length and ratio of stringer to skin area.

Specimen. A number of skin-stringer panels, 3 stringer pitch or more wide of varying lengths and construction.  
Compression testing machine.  
Measuring equipment.



C.10. Wing Transport Joint Strength.

Rig. Compression-tension testing machine of a capacity and at a facility yet to be determined.

Purpose. To determine detail strength values for the type of construction used for the wing transport joints.

Specimen. Representative sections of the wing transport joints.  
Compression and tension testing machine.

C.11. Effect of Elevated Temperatures.

Rig. Compression and tension testing machine with facilities for surface heating of the specimens.  
Temperature and load measuring equipment.

Purpose. To determine heat flow, transient heat conditions and strength under and after subjection to elevated temperatures of representative portions of the air frame.

Specimen. Representative types of construction of the air frame at locations yet to be established.  
Surface heating equipment.  
Material test specimens.  
Compression-tension testing machine.  
Temperature and load measuring equipment.

C.12. Fatigue Strength.

Rig. Equipment for mounting and testing under repeated load and at elevated temperatures of aircraft sub-assemblies suspected of liability to low fatigue life.

Purpose. To determine fatigue life and type of failure of points of detail design suspected liable to this trouble. The scope of these tests has not yet been determined.

Specimen. Sub-assemblies as later determined.  
Repeated loading rigs.



