Avro Aircraft Limited

INTER-DEPARTMENTAL MEMORANDUM

Ref 6549/02A/J. Date March 29, 1957.

To Mr. S.E. Harper - Chief Experimental Engineer From J.D. Hodge - Technical Flight Test Co-ordinator

Subject ARROW I INSTRUMENTATION - PART 6 - ISSUE 8

Herewith Issue 8 of Part 6 of "CF-105 Instrumentation" covering the air conditioning system. It will be noted that in most cases this amounts to a re-location of the instruments as a result of ground-rig tests.

This replaces Issue 7 of Part 6, November 27th, 1956.

JDH/h

Technical Flight Test Co-ordinator

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CF-105 - INSTRUMENTATION - ISSUE 8

AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM

Items underlined are changed from Issue 7, Ref. 4028/024/J, November 27, 1956.

1. LIST OF INSTRUMENTATION

Number indicates location in system, see sketch.

T - instrument to measure temperature.

P - instrument to measure static pressure.

Pt - instrument to measure total head pressure.

 $\Delta P - P_t - P_s$.

Location See Sketch		Instruments Required	Description		
1	T	P_{gg}	As close to Port engine bleed as possible.		
2		Ps	Downstream from the reducing valve on Port engine line at such a distance that the valve does not affect the measurement.		
3	T	$P_{\mathbf{g}} \triangle P$	Mass flow for fuel pressurization system.		
4	T	$P_{\mathbf{t}}$	Turbine inlet conditions.		
5	T	(rake)	Turbine outlet conditions. The temperature probe should be located downstream from the turbine outlet at the junction point.		
6	T	RPM	Fore and aft bearing temperatures and shaft $\ensuremath{\mathtt{R}}_*\ensuremath{\mathtt{P}}_*\ensuremath{\mathtt{M}}_*$		
<u>7</u> ▲	T		Cabin inlet (at temperature sensor).		
<u>78</u>	T	P _S △P	Mass flow from cabin. Measure temperature at sensor and pressure downstream from this.		
8	T	$P_{\mathbf{S}}$	Cabin conditions. Temperature to be measured at six points.		
9	T	Ps or Pt (rake)	As closed as possible to fan inlet. (Static or total may be measured)		
10	T	Pa or Pt (rake)	As close as possible to fan outlet. (Static or total may be measured)		
11	T		Ram air exit.		
12	T		In equipment duct.		

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2. SUMMARY

2.1 Temperature

Instrument	Rai (°)	nge F)		Accurac (F°)) y		curacy Range)	ecording requency
Tl	+100	+1000		<u>±</u> 10			1%	1/sec
Т3	-20	+400		<u>±</u> 5			1%	5/min
T4	-20	+250	¥	±5			2%	5/min
T 5	-30	+100		<u>+</u> 4			25	5/min
т6	0	+500	(to be	built	into	turbine	unit)	2/min
T7A&B	-20	+130		<u>+</u> 5			3%	5/min
T8 (6 off	2) 0	+200		<u>+</u> 2			1%	
19	0	+500		<u>+</u> 10			25	5/min
T 10	0	+600		<u>±</u> 10			25	5/min
Tll	0	+500		<u>±</u> 10			25	5/min
T12	0	+140		±5			3%	5/min

2.2 Static Pressure

2

Instrument	Range (psia)	Accuracy (psi)	Accuracy (% of Range)	Recording Frequency	
Psl	0-360	<u>±</u> 10	2\$	1/sec	
P _s 2	0-100	<u>+</u> 1	1%	1/sec	
P _s 3	0-100	<u>+</u> 1	1%	5/min	
P ₅ 5 (<u>rake</u>)	0-20	<u>+</u> 0.2	1%	5/min	
P ₅ 7	0+20	<u>+</u> 0.2	1%	5/min	
P ₈ 8	0-20	±0.1	0.5%	1/sec	
Pg9 (rake)	0-20	<u>+</u> 0.2	1%	5/min *	
P _s 10(<u>rake</u>)	0-20	<u>+</u> 0.2	1%	5/min *	

^{*} Note: Either static or total may be measured.

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2.3 Total Head Pressure

Ir	nstrument	Range	Accuracy (psi)	Accuracy (% of Range)	Recording Frequency
	△P3	0-5 psi	±0.25	5%	5/min
	Pt4	0-100 psia	<u>±</u> 1	1,%	5/min
	∆ P 7	0-1 psi	±0.05	5%	5/min
	Pt9 rake	0-30 psia	±0.3	1%	5/min *
	Pt10 rake	0-30 psia	±0.3	1%	5/min *

^{*} See note Page 23.

2.4 Miscellaneous

In addition, it is required to measure turbine R.P.M., see location 6 in sketch. As in the case of bearing temperature, transducers will be built into the unit by AIResearch.

The sampling rate required for turbine R.P.M. is 5/sec.

