

Book 1st

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The countries to the north of the Mediter-
ranean, Spain, Gaul, Italy, Greece, Persia,
Thrace, Asia Minor, Division of
the Mediterranean, Dispersion

III. Five empires African, Persian, Macedonian,
Roman, comprising the known
world.

IV. Settled Asia
Philistines, Egyptians

the promised land of Canaan in the year
2000. The people merely sojourned in the
land they were not possessors of it. Abra-
ham had a son Isaac. Haran had 3 chil-
dren Sarah, Lot, & Milcah. Nahor had one
son Bethuel. Abraham married Sarah the
daughter of Haran. Isaac Abraham's son
had a son Jacob. Bethuel had 2 children
Laban & Rebecca. Isaac married Rebecca.
Laban the brother of Rebecca had two
daughters Rachel & Leah. Jacob served 7
years for Rachel & he married Leah
& he served yet other seven years & they
gave him Rachel. Jacob had twelve
children. Joseph, Benjamin, Levi, Judah,
Dan, Naphtali, Gad, Asher, Reuben,
Simeon, Zebulun, Issachar. Joseph was
sold into Egypt. He persuaded his
father to come & live there in the
year 2295. Egypt had peace until Joseph's
death after which time it was called
the Egyptian Bondage. The Egyptians
were 215 years in bondage.

Joseph had two sons in Egypt, Ephraim
& Manasseh. They were distinguished be-
cause they made two half tribes.
It is not known who Joseph married.
The descendants of Levi were called Le-
vites. The three sons of Levi were Gus-
hon, Merari & Gohath. The two other
brothers were Asher & Shimon. Shimon
had two sons Moses & Aaron. Moses
married Gethse's daughter. Zipporah.
Moses had two sons Gershon & Eleazar.
The descendants of Aaron were all
priests. Aaron was chief ruler. He
had two sons Elbier & Eleazar. Moses
had no children after he left Egypt.
The children of Israel dwelt in the
wilderness 40 years until they were
led by the hand of Moses to the pro-
mised land. Judah was remarkable
because our Saviour descended from
that line. They reached the promised
land in the year 2550. They were gov-
erned by judges 350 years. This land
God called Israel & they were therefore

called Israelites. Joshua was the first
& most remarkable of the judges.

The 2^d was Deborah, 3^d Gideon, 4th Jephthah which brings it down to Eli one
of the priests. The Lord sold the children
of Israel into the hands of Jabin king
of Canaan the captain of whose
host was Sisera. Deborah was a
prophetess who judged Israel at that
time & the spirit of the Lord was
upon Barack & Deborah delivered
Sisera into his hand. When Barack
pursued Sisera he fled to Jael & when
he had fallen asleep she killed him
by driving a nail into his temple.
So God rebuked on that day Jabin
king of Canaan. The Lord delivered
the children of Israel into the
hands of Midian & they cried unto
the Lord & he sent them a prophet
Gideon & the spirit of the Lord was
upon him & the Lord delivered the
children of Israel into his hands.
Jephthah was a mighty man of

valour he fled from his brethren
& dwelt in the land of Gilead. The
children of Ammon made war
against Israel & they wanted Jephthah
to come & be their captain.
& Jephthah said unto the elders of
Gilead did ye not hate me & expel
me out of my father's house & why
are ye come to me now when
ye are in distress? but they persuaded
him to go with them & they made
him their captain over them. So
Jephthah made a vow unto the
Lord saying "if thou shalt without
fail deliver the children of Ammon
into mine hands then it shall
be that whoever comes out to
meet me I will offer up for a
burnt offering." And as he passed over
unto the children of Ammon
to fight against them the Lord
delivered them into his hands. And
Jephthah came unto his house &
behold his daughter came out
to meet him with timbrels &

with a lance. She was his only child
when he saw her he rent his clothy
& said alas my daughter thou hast
brought me very low with thou art one
of them that trouble me for I have
opened my mouth unto the Lord
& I cannot go back. And it came
to pass at the end of two months
that she returned & her father
did with her according to his vow.
The eleven sons of Heth were the
original possessors of Canaan.
Abraham had two sons beside
Isaac who was the child of promise
Ishmael from whom descended the
Ishmaelites & Midian from whom
descended the Midianites. Lot the
brother of Sarah had two sons Moab
& Benjamin. The descendants of
Moab were called Moabites & the
descendants of Benjamin Ammi-
nites Isaac had two sons. Esau was the
child of promise but he sold his
birth right to Jacob. Esau's descen-
dants were called Edomites.

Esau had a grandson whose name
was Eliphaz & his descendants
were called Eliphazites & when
Jacob's family went into Egypt
these descendants of Abraham
remained in Canaan but when
the Israelites took possession of
the land God commanded them
to destroy the Canaanites but to
leave the children of Abraham
alone unless they molested them
but they disobeyed so God punished
them & raised up the Moabites
against them but he permitted
them to remain that he might
try them whether they would worship
him or turn from him & they did
evil & the Lord sold them into the
hands of the King of Mesopotamia
& they cried unto the Lord & he raised
them up a deliverer & the land had
rest 80 years & they did evil in the
sight of the Lord & he sold them
into the hands of Moab & they cried
unto the Lord & he raised them

up a deliverer. Moses led the children
of Israel out of Egypt. He went
down between the two forks of the
red sea to avoid the eternal kites. He
went to mount Sinai & there the law
was promulgated, the people were
numbered & the Levites set apart for
the priest hood. They sent spies to
spy out the land & they all reported
badly except Joshua & Caleb for
this reason God was displeased & de-
termined that no one over 20 years
except Joshua & Caleb should enter
the land & they wandered in the
wilderness 40 years. They took a com-
pass round the south border of
Canaan round to the east of the
river Jordan they went to mount
Nebo where they met two kings
Sihon & Heshbon King of Bashan
& Moses defeated them. Before he
died he portioned the east of the
river Jordan to Reuben Gad & Ma-
nasseh half tribe. He died an

mount Nebo. Joshua led the other
tribes over the river Jordan into Ca-
naan. The eternal kites were settled
in the south east corner of Canaan.
The Phillistines in the south west
corner. Judah Benjamin Simeon
Dan were in the south of Canaan
which was afterwards called Judea.
Ephraim & Manasseh half tribe
in the middle which was called
Samaria. Issachar, Zebulun, Naphtali
& Asher in the north which
was called Galilee. The book of
Genesis contains an account of
the generations of man kind. Com-
prehends a period of 2250 years. The
book of Exodus comprehends the
bondage & departure of the Israel-
ites out of Egypt. The book of
Numbers the numbering of the
people. Leviticus the setting apart
the Levites for the priest hood & the
keeping of the law. Deuteronomy a re-
iteration of the laws. Joshua battles

after Joshua. Judges called after
the judges. The two books of Samuel
are so called after him who was the
principal person at that time.
Kings took its name from their
being governed by kings at that
time. Chronicles is a ~~repetition~~ ^{repetition} of
the account of Kings. At this time
the people were taken captive by
the Persians. The servitudes com-
prehend a period of 360 years 120 of
which they were in slavery. They
rested 240 years. They were first in
slavery to the King of Mesopotamia
30 years & were delivered by Abimelech.
They were in slavery to Cylon King of
Moab 20 years & were delivered by
Ehud. They were in slavery to Jabin
King of Canaan 22 years & were
set at liberty by Deborah & Barack.
They were in slavery to the Midian-
ites 30 years & were delivered by Gideon.
They were in slavery to the Ammon-

ites & Philistines 20 years & were de-
livered by Jephthah. They were in
slavery to the Philistines 40 years
& were delivered by Samson & partly
by King Saul. This period com-
prehends six servitudes. Their first
rest was 30 years. 2^d 60 3^d 20 4th 30
5th 40 6th 30 years. Samuel anointed
Saul in 2900. Saul reigned 10 years
he offended God & David was placed on
the throne by the tribe of Judah.
He descended from that tribe. He
reigned over all the 12 tribes of Is-
rael & conquered all the neighboring
nations. David was so great a conquer-
or that his son Solomon ascended
the throne in peace. Solomon built
a temple to the Lord. When Solomon
died he left his son Rehoboam
on the throne. Jeroboam a servant
of Rehoboam rebelled & took ten
of the tribes of Israel. Those that
were left were called Judah. Israel
lasted 50 years & was then conquered

[illegible][illegible]

of Solon is called the fabulous
age. Danans and Danae Inachus & took
possession of the country. The Greeks
were governed by two Oracles, the oracle
of Delphi in honor of Apollo & Dodona
in honor of Jupiter. The first altar
was built by Cecrops to Jupiter.
Athens remained desolate more than
two centuries. Erichon was the
third king of Athens. Erichon was
introduced the Erichonians coun-
cil. Sparta was called after his wife
Lacedaemon great grand daughter of
Lelax. Erichon was the son of
Jupiter his mother's name was Leto.
Jupiter seduced his wife & married Dione
Erichon fled to Arcadia Lacedaemon
to avoid the resentment of Dione
Erichon had a great passion
for poetry & music. He is supposed
to have invented the art of music &
to have formed the walls of Thebes.

Mercury by the sound of his lyre taught
him music & he was the first
who raised an altar to Mercury. Erichon
not liking music obliged his brother
to give it up. The obscure age was
250 years from Cadmus to the Egyptian
expedition. The Colians were
of Grecian origin they are supposed
to have come from the Grecian
islands & to have settled on the shores
of Greece. They derived their name
from Colus son of Iphicles. They migrated
from Greece 80 years before the Trojan
War. Thely was formerly called Ionia a
name originally given to the subjects
of Ion who dwelt in Ithaca. In the
age of Ion the Athenians made
war against the people of Eleusis
& they asked the aid of Ion. The Athenians
threw they were so thankful for
this that they invited Ion to come
& settle in Athens & they called them-
selves Ionians. The first migration

more from Greenham made by
for the Greenham were accordingly
at Greenham. They were originally
born at the Polesham. Greenham
brought the Polesham to the
the occurrence of Kings of Kings &
Greenham's occurrence in an order of
for the Greenham had been first
to be removed to the other Greenham
and from first that he was to be
of his brother that he was to be
roy him. After Greenham's death
Greenham was equally interested in his
circumstances & was obliged to the
to the court of the King of Kings
they were afraid of Greenham's & Kings
before he leaves them he has left
although the others had been made
their positions & Kings Greenham's
but the Greenham again in his
of the Polesham that they had been
in his position of at that time

He had a great many Dorians in his
train. The Argonautic expedition
took place in the year 2956. Nephele
was the first wife of Atreus
King of Thebes she had two children
Phryxus & Helle. after the death of
Nephele he married Ino she became
jealous of his children because they
were to ascend the throne in preference
to hers she attempted to destroy them
but they made their escape on a
golden ram. They went to Chelchis
on their way where Helle fell off
the ram up to the Hellespont it
took its name from this. After
Phryxus had buried his sister he per-
sued his journey the King of Chel-
chis received them with great
kindness & gave him his daughter
in marriage he offered his golden
ram on the altar of the God Apollo
& placed the fleece in the

temple. His father in law murdered
him in order to gain possession
of it his wife to save her children
from the same unhappy fate
sent them to Boetia where their
father came from Ino was dead
so they had nothing to fear from
her their arrival there incited
the Boetians to go & revenge the
death of Phryxus & regain the
golden fleece. This was the cause
of the Argonautic expedition
It was led by Jason the son of Pelias
made, he ought to have been
King of Iolchis but his throne
was usurped by Pelias Jason & his
father were driven out of the
country Jason's education was
entrusted to the care of the centaur
Chiron. He was accused from
the presence of Pelias because he
left the centaur & by his advice
went to consult the oracle
which ordered him to go to his

native country dressed in the
skins of a leopard & garments of
Magnaesia on his way there he
was stopped by the inundation
of a river over which he was
carried by an old woman who was
supposed to be Juno in crossing the
stream he lost one of his sandals
when he arrived there the singu-
larity of his dress drew a crowd
around him In the market place
amongst the crowd the usurper
came to see him & he was alarmed
because the oracle had said that he
should see a man with one foot
bare Jason went to the palace
& demanded the crown. Pelias being
greatly alarmed & not wanting to resign
the crown persuaded him that the
only way to go & revenge the death
of Phryxus & Colchis he returned he
would give up the crown.

Jason accepted this proposal & they
embarked in a ship called Argo
from this the Argonautic took
its name. The King of the country
promised to set forth the golden
fleece but on certain conditions
these were, he was to tame bulls
which breathe flames & their
feet were made of brass which
he was to plough with, & to sow
the teeth of a serpent & arm
men were to spring up, & he was
placed under the tree to kill the
serpent on which the golden
fleece was hung. Medea helped
him to do all this on condition
that he would marry her & he obtained
the golden fleece & finally set sail
with Medea. Their return was
celebrated with great festivity his
father was too old to attend & Medea
restored him to youth the King

Pelias wished to be restored to youth
also Medea on pretence that she
would restore him cut him in
pieces & put him in boiling
water where she suffered him
to die. Jason & Medea fled to Corinth
Medea became jealous of Jason
& destroyed her children in his
presence & left him. This being
separated from her caused him so
much grief that he led a very
solitary life & one day as he was
reposing beside the ship story
in which he embarked a beam
fell upon & crushed him to ~~death~~
death

Caledonian shade Calisto was a
city of Cholia. During the reign of
one of its kings Diana sent a wild
boar to ravage the country. All the
princes assembled to chase this boar
& Melicorac killed it with his own
hands. The spoils were given to the
king & the tusks were said to have
been preserved & carried to Rome in
the time of the emperor Augustus.
& in the time of Diocian 2950. —
First Theban war. Oedipus was the
son of Laos king of Thebes his
mother's name was Jocasta. The
father of Oedipus was informed that
as soon as he married Jocasta he
should perish by the hand of his
own son as soon as the child was
born he ordered his wife to destroy
it. The mother had not courage
to do this & she gave it to her
servant & told him to leave it
on the mountain thinking

it would perish. The servant
pitied him but he felt himself
bound to obey his orders & he made
holes in his feet & tied him by a
twine to a tree on mount Citheron
between Boeotia & Attica he was
found on this mountain by a
shepherd of Polybus King of Corinth.
The shepherd carried him home &
Periboe the wife of Polybus edu-
cated him & when he grew up he
was remarkable for his accomplish-
ments his companions envied
him & they told him that Polybus
was not his real father he asked
Periboe the truth of this she told
him that his suspicions were
ill founded not being satisfied
he went to consult Apollo the
oracle at Delphi & the oracle told
him not to return home for if
he did he would be the murderer
of his father & the husband

of his mother etc he knew of no
home but that of Corinth he
determined not to go there he
travelled towards Thebes & in his
journey he met Laos & his armor
bearer not knowing him Laos
ordered him to make way for
him a contest ensued & Laos &
his armor bearer were both killed
Edipus thought he had only killed
some robber & pursued his journey
to Thebes he was attracted thither
by the fame of the Sphinx it
was a monster which gave riddles
& when they were not able to
solve the riddle she devoured them
& if they were able she was to
die herself. It was soon known
that Laos was killed but it was
not known who killed him.
Jocasta's brother Creon ascended
the throne but he said whoever
should solve the riddles of this

think should ascend the throne
& marry Jocasta. The Sphinx
proposed a riddle to Oedipus which
if he solved he should ascend
the throne & if he did not he should
be swallowed up. "What animal
in the morning walks upon
four at noon upon two & in
the evening upon three? In the
morning off of a man creeps
at noon he walks upon his two
legs & in the evening he carries a
staff. The Sphinx was so morti-
fied when he guessed this that
she dashed her head against the
stone & died. Oedipus ascended the
throne & married Jocasta & had
four children two sons & two daugh-
ters. Polynices & Eteocles were the
sons Ismene & Antigone were
the daughters. After Oedipus had
reigned some years it was infer-
red with a plague

& the oracle determined it should
remain there till the murderer
of Laius was expelled from Beotia.
This murder had never been en-
quired into & Oedipus found that
he himself was the murderer
& he at last found that he was
not the son of Polybus & that he
had murdered his father & married
his mother. This melancholy
discovery rendered him a miserable
man & he banished himself from
Thebes & put out his own eyes as not
being worthy to see the light of day.
He went towards Colonus & waited
by a thicket one to Colonus. At Colonus
there was a grove sacred to Furies.
The oracle told Oedipus that he was
to die there. The King who reigned
in Colonus at that time was
Theseus. Oedipus sent for Theseus
to tell him that he was to die
& that this was inspiration he

went to the spot without being
ted. After the death of Egeus it
was agreed between the two sons
that they should ascend the throne
every year in turn. The oldest ascen-
ded the throne first & when the
year expired he refused to let his
brother reign. His brother was so
enraged at this that he went to
starabes king of egeos & asked his
aid. starabes gave him his daughter
in marriage & an immense army
to accompany him. There were
seven gates to Thebes & they placed
an army at each gate. starabes
& his army both fell & they at
last determined on single com-
bat. they both expired. Creon as-
cended the throne until Oedipus
son should be old enough. Creon
said that these bodies were to
remain unburied because they
had been the cause of

so much bloodshed & whoever
buried any of them should be
buried alive & when Antigone
returned to Thebes she buried the
body of her brother & she was
buried alive. Heron the son of
Creon loved Antigone & when
his father refused to grant her
pardon he killed himself on her
grave. starabes king of egeos
asked the aid of Theseus & went
to attack Creon & murdered him.

Heracles was the son of Jupiter.
Before he was eight months old
Juno sent two snakes to devour
his mother; he seized them & crush-
ed them to death. He was a pupil
of the Centaur in his eighteenth
year he slew a huge lion. He was
subject to Eurystheus king of egeos
& Mycene. Juno being jealous of
his mother Leto made Jupiter
swear by the sticks that the

youngest of these two should be
subject to the other. Eurythene was
born first & consequently Hercules
was subject to him. Eurythene ordered
Hercules to appear at Mycene & when
he refused (unto to punish) him
made him delirious so that he
killed his children when he recovered
his senses he was so melancholy that
he shut himself up & consulted the
oracle of Apollo it told him that
he must be subservient to Eurythene
twelve years. He then went to Mycene
Eurythene imposed twelve labors on
him called the twelve labors of
Hercules. He was armed by the Gods
& he had a club made by himself in
the forest of Menes. 1st labor, to kill
the Nemean Lion which ravaged
the country near Mycene he carried
it then on his shoulder & clothed
himself with its skin Eurythene
was so afraid of him that he commanded
him to stand without the walls
& wait for his commands.

2^d labor, to destroy a monster with
a number of heads as soon as one
head was beaten he prised two spring
up he was assisted by his friend Iphitus
who burnt the roots of the head with
hot Iron he dipped his arrow in the
blood of the animal 3^d was to bring
alive & unhurt into the presence
of Eurythene a stag famous for its
incredible swiftness & golden horns
& braced feet. 4th to bring alive a
wild boar which ravaged the coun-
try 5th to clean the stables of Augeas
where 3000 oxen had been confined.
6th to kill the carnivorous bird
which infested the lake in Lerna
7th to bring alive into Peloponne-
sus a wild bull which lay in the
the island of Crete. 8th to kill the
minotaur of Diomedes. 9th to obtain the
girdle of the queen of Ethiopia who
lived on the black sea. 10th to kill
a monster which fed upon human
flesh. 11th to obtain apples from the
garden of the Hesperides golden

apples given by Juno to Jupiter the
garden was near mount Ethna. The
Hesperides were daughters of Hesperus
there was a dragon guarding the keep
12th to bring the three headed dog back
not with the assistance of Pluto.

Before he delivered himself to Eurystheus
he went to Greece in the story; after
his labors were performed he was sold
as slave to Omphale queen of Lydia
she restored him to liberty & married him
He afterwards married Dejanira a
beautiful princess of Ethiopia the
Centaur Nessus gave Dejanira a tunic
which he said would recall Hercules
if he should forget her he became
attached to Iole who accompanied
him to mount Ethna where he was
going to raise an altar to offer a
sacrifice to Jupiter as he had no
proper vessel with him he sent
his servant to Dejanira for a tunic
She sent him the one that

Nessus had given her as soon as he put
it on he fell in by agonies it was
poison robe & it penetrated into
his veins finding he must die
he gave his bow & arrow to his friend

Demetrius
Demetrius King of Sparta was mur-
dered by his father Tantalus he cooked
his body & placed it on the table all
refused to eat of it but Ceres goddess
of agriculture who was melancholy
an account of the loss of Proserpine
her daughter. He was restored to life
Demetrius was King of Athens & father
of Theseus who was a celebrated
hero of antiquity he cleared Athens
of the robbers & pirates who infested
it. The Athenians paid a yearly
tribute to the island of Crete of
seven youths who were to be devoured
by the Minotaur a monster which
was kept in the celebrated laby-
rinth of Crete & devoured every thing

which came in its way Theseus
went at one of the youths in
hopes to deliver his country. Striada
the daughter of Minos King of Crete
gave him a clue by which he could
escape. He destroyed it he went back
to Greece with the young men &
seven maidens who had been in
the labyrinth & Striada he was
driven to the island of Naxos where he
deserted her. When he left Athens
he told his father if he was success-
ful he would hoist white sails he
forgot to do this & his father was watch-
ing the vessel & not seeing the sails
concluded he was dead & threw him-
self into the sea from him it
is called the Cyprian sea. Theseus
ascended the throne he made the
government democratical while
he returned to himself the armies
His alliance was courted & Perithous
King of Liphthea wished to gain
his friendship by seeking him
on the fields of battle.