

The Herald's Weekly Page of Kentucky Farm News

Man Fined For Bad Corn Haul

Brings Load From Corn Borer Infected Indiana Without Permit And Lands In Jail.

(Shelby News)
Because Morris Yates, of Edinburg, Ind., didn't seem to understand that the Kentucky Department of Agriculture has a pet aversion against starting a new family of corn borers in this State, he paid the sum of \$5 and costs Tuesday morning in Shelby County Court.

The specific charge against Yates was breach of the peace, but as usual, it covered a multitude of sins, police said.

Yates, police say, has been engaged in hauling corn from Edinburg to Lawrenceburg, Ky. There's nothing wrong in hauling corn, to be sure, but there is a law that prohibits the transportation of corn from borer-infested sections. If a farmer is certain his corn does not have borers in it, he may have it tested. Then he is eligible to haul that corn but no other. Yates had his first brush with the

law several weeks ago, when he was stopped and investigated by Agricultural Inspector William McAllister, Finchville. He had no permit. He was told to take the load of "bad corn" to Indiana. McAllister followed him most of the way to the State line after Yates allegedly turned off the highway and tried to "backtrack."

The second time Yates produced not only one permit, but several. The lates didn't "jibe" to the satisfaction of McAllister and police. Back went Yates again.

Friday night Yates tried to go through Shelbyville again. Unfortunately his truck broke down and was laid up for repairs at a garage. This time Yates went to jail.

EMERGENCY ROAD CREWS WILL WORK UNTIL MAY 30

An order was entered Wednesday by the state highway commission extending through May 31 employment of emergency crews to work on state-maintained roads which were damaged by the winter freezes and thaws. After June 1 it is the plan of the commission to enlarge maintenance crews and do away with the emergency crews.

"Pachyderm" From Greek
Pachyderm is derived from Greek words meaning thick skin.

Small Loans Aid Farmer's Budget

Debt-Burdened Farmer, If Worthy, Given Liff By Federal Resettlement Administration.

The rehabilitation of farmers is accomplished by individual loans, the size and use of which is determined by the farm management plan. These plans take into consideration all possible sources of income and all possible expenditures of the farm family, and, in order for the farmer to be truly rehabilitated, these two must balance, according to L. H. Jones, Mercer's representative on the Resettlement Board.

But the Resettlement heads know that sometimes a farmer cannot liquidate even a small loan because he is already burdened with such a heavy debt. On the other hand there are farmers who can liquidate a small loan but a loan large enough to supply certain things which they need cannot be justified in the light of their anticipated income.

Knowing that many a needy farmer's budget could not be balanced because of one or both of these conditions, the Resettlement Administration is carrying on two services which are available to low income farm families regardless of whether they are rehabilitation clients.

The first of these is the farm debt adjustment service which is designed to relieve the condition of overburdening debt. Voluntary farm debt adjustment committees throughout the country are ready to assist any needy farm debtor who applies to them for aid. These committees arrange for meetings between farm debtors and creditors. They try to work out an equitable adjustment of debts that will permit the debtor to retain his possessions and furnish a basis for his financial rehabilitation and at the same time be fair to his creditors.

The second of these is the community and cooperative service which is designed to supplement the farmer's income and at the same time supply those needs which he cannot afford by himself. Through a study of farm plans we can discover wherein there is a lack of certain services and facilities to assist in balancing the individual budget. The Resettlement Administration tries to supply this lack by providing facilities for cooperative use which will bring quick results. With our rehabilitation families this is done by making individuals loans for participation in the needed cooperative services, or by a group loan to a cooperative agency made up principally of rehabilitation families.

The old notion that land held in fee simple could be used by the owner exactly as he pleased caused the ruin of many farmers and blinded them to the fact that only through raise their standard of living, cooperation could they appreciably

PLOW PLEASED WEBSTER MORE THAN PUBLIC LIFE

Daniel Webster was a firm believer in deep tillage. A century ago, convinced that plowing was too shallow, Webster developed a plow 12 feet long from the tips of the handles to the tip of the beam, with a share 15 inches wide, according to records in the Bureau of Agricultural Engineering. The plow was designed to turn a furrow 12 to 14 inches deep. Eight oxen pulled it.

Webster was delighted with his plow, and wrote: "When I have hold of my big plow. . . in a brush covered pasture and hear the roots crack see the stumps go under the furrow but of sight, and observe the clean, mellow surface of the land, I feel more enthusiasm than comes from my encounters in public life in Washington."

Thomas Jefferson, too, was interested in plows. His proposal to have all plow moldboards made on the same pattern has been called "an era in agriculture and the root of all real progress" in the annals of the plow. Prior to this a farmer usually bought the wooden parts of his plow from a plowwright and had the iron parts put on by a blacksmith, neither of him seemed to know what the other had in mind.

HORSE-MULE CENSUS

The final figures on horses and mules, census of January 1, 1935, are just issued. Total number of horses 11,857,850, mules 4,811,860. The last estimate of the United States Department of Agriculture reports on January 1, 1936, a decrease of about 2% in horses and 3% in mules. The value per head of all horses and colts on January 1, 1936, was \$96.79 compared with \$77.05 on January 1, 1935. This was the highest January 1 value since 1921. The total value of horses for this year is estimated at \$1,126,400,000 compared with \$913,870,000 a year ago. The horse production is reported as definitely on the up-grade, as horse colts under two years of age showed an increase of 140,670, or more than 12% over colts of the same age reported by the census of 1930. The decrease in mule colts has been 30% less than mule colts of the same age reported by the census of 1930.—EX.

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\$490,300 Paid To Kentucky Farmers

Government Indemnity For 18,858 Cattle Killed Because Infected With Bangs Disease.

A total of 18,858 head of cattle infected with Bang's disease, source of Malta fever in humans, has been eliminated from Kentucky herds since July 1, 1934, under a program carried on by the federal government in co-operation with the state veterinarian for eradication of the disease. It is shown by records of the bureau of animal industry of the U. S. department of agriculture. The infected animals were found among 236,030 cattle tested in 21,984 herds in the state, an average of 8 per cent.

Of 6,410 cattle tested in 299 Fayette county herds, government representatives discovered 1,001 reactors, an average of 16 per cent, or twice the average for the state at large.

Under provisions of the government program, which is strictly voluntary on the part of cattle breeders, the federal government pays indemnities up to \$50 each for purebred and up to \$25 for each grade cattle which are found to be infected and condemned. In addition, the owners are allowed whatever prices the animals will bring at sales for slaughter. However, one of the requirements is that the animals condemned must be slaughtered and cannot be sold except for that immediate purpose.

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largest percentage of infected cattle found in the county, however, was 79 per cent in a herd of 38 where 30 animals were found to have the disease. Other large percentages of reactors in Fayette county herds included: 24 out of 37, or 65 per cent; 15 out of 23, or 65 per cent; 12 out of 16, or 75 per cent; 22 out of 40, or 55 per cent; 21 out of 38, or 55 per cent, and 25 out of 43, or 58 per cent.

In the national program, including all states up to March 31, a total of 725,085 infected cattle were found among 4,179,649 tested in 172,406 herds. In addition, 444,965 cattle were on the waiting list to be tested. Kentucky is listed as one of 13 states in which no cattle are on the waiting list to be tested.

TAKES 30 TO 40 LEAVES TO PRODUCE GOOD PEACH

How many leaves are required to produce enough food to develop a good peach? Experiments by the United States Department of Agriculture indicate at least 30 to 40 leaves are necessary. Forty to fifty leaves are required to develop a good-sized apple, and about 50 for an orange.

Producers of large peaches provide larger leaf areas—more than 40 leaves per peach—by thinning the fruit closely. This permits the peaches left on the tree to get more food from the leaves. When the fruit set is light for the entire tree—but perhaps heavy on certain branches and the leaves plentiful—the fruit may be left unthinned.

After a damaging freeze fruit may set only at the base of the shoots. When this occurs the leaves on the bearing and nonbearing shoots will under favorable conditions produce peaches of good size and quality although the fruit may be only a few inches apart. Leaves far away from the fruit and those on the non-bearing shoots also help to manufacture food.

A Modern Home
A modern home is a place in which the switch controls everything but the children.

RED'S PLACE

NEW FILLING STATION

On Route 35, 13 Miles From Harrodsburg
EATS DRINKS BEER
You have not seen Anderson county until you have seen Red's new place. Everything new but Red.
J. CARL-ISON, PROP.

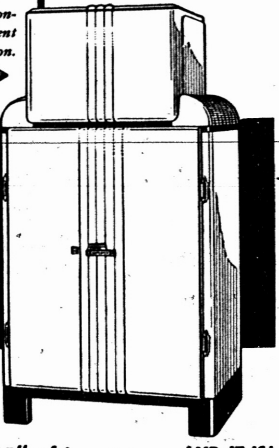
BIG CUT On FOY'S PAINT

	In Colors	5 Gal.	1 Gal.
Foy's Best Bodied		\$2.35	\$2.45
Foy's Special Builder		\$1.40	\$1.50

1 gallon Foy's White weighs 18 lbs.
Foy's Paint Guaranteed
Foy's Paint 100% Pure.

OIL—TURPENTINE
FARMERS SUPPLY COMPANY
Broadway & Chiles Streets Phone 61

This exclusive Super Condenser Top means efficient and economical operation.



NO ELECTRICITY
NO RUNNING WATER
NO MOVING PARTS
OPERATES ON KEROSENE

SUPERFEX

has been called the "MIRACLE" refrigerator . . . AND IT IS!

THE simplicity of Superfex is amazing. All you do is light the burners. You don't even have to turn them off. They go out automatically in about two hours. And one lighting of the burners gives you twenty-four hours or more of refrigeration. You can keep meats fresh for days—save trips to the spring house or cellar—freeze a plentiful supply of ice cubes—make delicious frozen desserts. Superfex brings you modern refrigeration in its most economical form.

No matter what type of kitchen you may have or how it may be decorated, you'll find that the new Superfex just seems to belong in it. Telephone or write for free demonstration in your own home. And ask about our easy payment plan.

FARMERS STORE
Phone 92 Harrodsburg, Ky. Chiles & Broadway
The Mark of Quality
SUPERFEX THE OIL BURNING REFRIGERATOR
A PRODUCT OF PERFECTION STOVE COMPANY

KENTUCKY WHEAT CROP ABOVE THAT LAST YEAR

Kentucky's wheat crop this season promises to be larger than in 1935 and materially larger than the State's five-year average, while prospects for rye indicate a crop larger than last year but smaller than the average, according to the May report for Kentucky issued by the Louisville office of the United States Division of Crop and Livestock Estimates.

Condition of the Kentucky wheat crop May 1 indicates a probable production of about 3,862,000 bushels this season, compared to 3,097,000 harvested last year and a five-year average harvest of 3,002,000 bushels 1928-32, inclusive. Kentucky's probable rye production this season is estimated at 132,000 bushels, compared to 106,000 last year and a five-year average of 180,000 bushels, 1925-32.

JESSAMINE COUNTY FARM BRING \$100-ACRE

George Montgomery purchased the 118-acre tract of land belonging to Robert Etherington at \$100 an acre. The farm is located on the Woods road near Keene.

Try an ad in our Classified column

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS



The paint that really covers. Less expensive. Less exertion. Goes farther. Why not try Sherwin-Williams Paint for interior and exterior decoration.

CORNER DRUG

PUBLIC SALE AT AUCTION

IN THE TOWN OF BURGIN, KY.
ON
Saturday, June 6th, 1936
AT 9 O'CLOCK A. M.

HOME PLACE—Consists of a frame dwelling of 8 rooms, 2 halls, 1 enclosed porch and 1 open porch in the rear of building. It has running water in house, also a fine cistern at door. The lot has a frontage of 102-feet on West Main street and a depth of 262-feet. This is also a corner lot, and beautiful home. The out buildings consist of a barn 20 x 30 with 16 x 34 shed attached, a garage that will hold two automobiles, and other necessary out-buildings, and within a block of three churches, and located in the best residential part of Burgin, and would make an ideal apartment house. Plenty of shade.

2nd—House and lot on High street, corner lot, frame dwelling of 6 rooms, and it is a new modern bungalow, closed porch and 2 open porches, has a small basement, cistern at door, coal and hen house, meat house, and cow barn. The lot is 100-feet by 210-feet, plenty of shade, garage that will hold two cars. A nice home! Don't miss this sale!

BUSINESS PROPERTY—Store building, located in the best business section of Burgin, adjoining the CITIZENS BANK, and now occupied and doing a fine business. The building is frame structure, 1st floor is used as a store room and second floor is used for residence and has 4 rooms and hall upstairs. This building has always had a fine business, as it is in the center of all business in Burgin.

NOW, after the sale of the above property, we will sell to the highest bidder, quite a lot of household goods, consisting of beds, bedding, chairs, tables, bedsteads, carpets, rugs, stoves, cooking range, and lot of articles not mentioned here.

All of the above property is located in the good town of Burgin, Ky., and we must say that there is no town in Kentucky that has better schools, and churches and in 3 1/2 miles of Dix Dam, and in the best farming part of Mercer county, and no better community to live in and to raise your children under good influences, and in four miles of Harrodsburg.

A word! The Executor has to settle up this estate and he means to sell, no take down. If you are in the market for property be on hand at this SALE—RAIN OR SHINE, THE SALE WILL GO AHEAD. All of above property is in fine condition. The furniture is also good.

TERMS—One-half cash when deed is made and balance 12 months with six per cent interest until paid, on all of the REAL ESTATE, and all personal property will be sold for cash in hand. Any one desiring to inspect property before day of SALE, call URIAH DUNN, at Burgin, Ky., or the John I. VanArsdale Realty Co., at Harrodsburg, Ky.—281-44 or 407. Possession of the property given in 30 days. John I. VanArsdale Realty Co., Auctioneers and Clerk.

URIAH DUNN, Executor
of Mrs. John Dunn, Burgin, Mercer County, Kentucky.