

## Youthful Evening Frock In Rayon



New York-Paris Fashions

IMPORTANT in the high style picture for fall and winter are rayon fabrics, which are featured in frocks and suits for every occasion. An example of the latest mode is the youthful evening gown shown above, of a new taffeta made with uneven rayon thick and thin yarn. The bouffant skirt allows the lovely draping qualities of the material to express themselves, and the little puff cap sleeves, together with the flower accented neckline, broaden the appearance of the shoulders. This gown is effective in the favored black, or in any of the smart fall and winter shades.



FACT FINDER

This photo of J. K. MacAndrews, whose drawings appear in Strange & Interesting Facts, was taken in the mountains, above the clouds, on his recent visit to Southern Mexico, where new materials on an ancient civilization was found, which will appear in future issues of the Harrodsburg Herald.

The data which Mr. MacAndrews secured on Aztec life of the 16th Century and earlier periods will prove most interesting to our readers.

An excerpt from the artist's letter states, "Mexico is a country of colorful contrasts in people as well as geography — steep mountains rise abruptly from broad, coastal plains, a cactus ridden desert changes quickly to a delightful tropical garden, a torrential rainfall at night is followed by a morning of brilliant sunshine. Natives live as they have for centuries, following the same customs, eating the same foods, living in the same type of dwellings, and using the same implements in their work."

The land of the tortilla and frijoles is a country of music and laughter. In my scratch pad are many drawings which will interest readers of the Harrodsburg Herald."

These sketches will appear soon in Strange & Interesting Facts.

## Washington's Escape Cited

History tells how Washington, a colonel under General Braddock in the French and Indian war of 1755, was one of the few survivors in the ill-fated ambuscade of July 9, but there is a sequel which records the wonder of his escape. Years afterward an aged Indian chief came from a long journey to meet him, saying he had a great wish to see the man who was protected by the Great Spirit, and could not be slain in battle, how in that ambuscade, he had specially singled out Washington, bidding the others to do so also, without any effect, until they were convinced he could not be shot and ceased to aim at him.



## Hazelwood Sanatorium

For the Treatment of  
Tuberculosis

Maintained by the Lexington

Anti-Tuberculosis Association for

the adequate treatment of tuber-

culosis in all its stages at less than

cost. Rates \$15.00 per week, in-

cluding board, medical attention,

laundry, etc. High ground com-

manding extensive view. Delight-

ful surroundings. Special rates for

ex-soldiers, free treatment if necessary.

Write for descriptive

bulletin. Physician in Charge, Hazelwood

Sanatorium, Station B, Lexington, Ky.

## HOW TO PLANT BULBS

With bulb planting time just ahead, flower lovers will be interested in the following suggestions by L. A. Niven in The Progressive Farmer:

Bulbs may be planted without much preparation of the soil but best results are secured by thorough preparation. A good method is to dig or spade up the ground where they are to be planted, to a depth of seven to ten inches. If available, cover with an inch or two of woodmold, mixing it thoroughly with the soil. Do not use stable manure, unless thoroughly rotted. Also scatter on top of the prepared bed or row two or three pounds of high-grade commercial fertilizer for each 100 square feet of space and dig in. Rake off all trash of any size and leave the ground in fine seedbed condition.

In setting, dig a hole for each individual-bulb and do not push it into the ground. Such planting would result in packed soil directly under the bulb and hinder growth somewhat. Set the bulb to a depth equal to about three times their diameter. Place them six to eight inches apart, depending on size. If planted in the borders, irregular placing of the bulbs gives a better appearance than when placed in straight rows. Where round beds are used, I prefer planting in perfect circles, and in straight rows if square or oblong beds are prepared.

## COURTESY OF STUDENT WINS BIG BEQUEST TO W. &amp; L.

It is an interesting story coming from Virginia that Washington & Lee University will receive a bequest of \$1,500,000 because at one time in the past an unknown student on the campus was very courteous and friendly to a visitor who at the time was unknown.

The visitor turned out to be a millionaire who was considering giving to some college the desirable sum of \$1,500,000. To help decide which one would be the fortunate recipient the millionaire decided to pay an unannounced visit to each of several institutions. He was impressed by the courtesy of the undergraduate he met on the W. & L. campus and when he died he left the money to that institution.

Courtesy doesn't cost much, but it can pay big dividends. Even if the reward is not material, as in the above case, being thoughtful and considerate is worthwhile in other ways. It enriches the life of the man or woman who practices such courtesies in everyday life.

## ART FOR SCHOOL BUILDINGS

With re-opening of schools, all lovers of beauty are urging the importance of wise planting outdoors and proper beautification indoors. In this connection The Progressive Farmer says:

"There should also be on the walls of every school building reproductions in color of some of the world's most beautiful master-pieces of painting and at least one or two casts of reproductions of famous pieces of sculpture or statuary. If there is no other way to raise the money for these paintings and sculpture let the teachers, pupils and P.T.A. leaders raise the funds by entertainments, suppers, etc. There is no substitute for good art in the schoolroom. As someone has well said: 'We count a person uneducated who has no acquaintance with Shakespeare, Scott, Dickens, Emerson, and Mark Twain; yet artists like Raphael, Murillo, Dan Dyck, Millet, Breton and Thayer should be equally familiar to him.'

## BOURBON CO. BREWED CALF WINS AT INDIANA FAIR

A Short Horn calf bred by May Goff, North Middletown, Ky., and sold to John Milton Evans, a twelve-year-old calf club boy and fed and exhibited by him was — 1st in his class at Greensburg, Indiana; 1st in his class, Indiana State Fair — 40 head in the class; Champion Short Horn steer, Indiana State Fair — 100 head entered; Reserve Champion all breeds — 400 head entered.

## Peanut Declared Member of Bean Family; Not Nut

The peanut is not really a nut. It is a vegetable, belonging to the bean family. In the South it goes under the lowly name of goober or pindar, states a writer in the Detroit Free Press.

The peanut has an interesting personality. It is often called the burrowing bean, because after the flower fades the plant stems bend over from a height of about eighteen inches and, like an ostrich hiding its head, bury the pods in the ground to mature. In the late summer and autumn the nuts are thrown out of the ground with a digger, and then dried in piles or stacks for four to six weeks.

The peanut plant originally came from Brazil, was carried to Africa during our colonial times, and thence arrived in the United States on slave ships. Before the Civil war the peanut was little known outside of Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee; but when the Union troops went back to their homes they took along with them a liking for peanuts.

United States production is still less than one-tenth of world production, some 70 per cent of which comes from Asia and about 20 per cent from Africa. The peanut is essentially a tropical plant and grows only in our southern and southwestern states. About half the domestic production comes from the three states of Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee. The other half, almost, comes from South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Mississippi.

## Copperhead Snakes Have Hour-Glass Shaped Spots

The distinguishing features of the copperhead snake are its two tones of copper coloring, with patches of dark coloring in the shape of an hour-glass being imposed on the lighter copper, or almost tan, coloring of the snake. The patches of dark coloring run at right angles to the snake, with the narrow part of the hour-glass being on top of the snake's back and the broad portions spreading down the sides. The copperhead never gets to be more than three feet in length and its fangs are on an average of one-quarter of an inch long. Like all of the venomous snakes, writes Otto Fuerbringer in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, it is a pit viper and has a distinguishing pit mark on the side of the head between the eye and the nostril. This, however, can be seen only at a close distance.

The banded, or timber, rattlesnake is the largest and most poisonous one in this area. It will attain a length of six feet and its fangs get to be three-quarters of an inch long. It has a geometric arrangement of black chevrons on a gray background and its tail is all black. For this reason it is sometimes called the velvet-tailed rattlesnake.

## Monument to a Leg

A monument is to be found in a corner of the battlefield of Saratoga, N. Y., where it was erected in 1877 by Brevet Major-General John W. de Peyster, second vice-president of the Saratoga Monument Association, in memory of the "most brilliant soldier of the Continental Army, who was desperately wounded on this spot, the sally port of Burgoyne's Great Western Redoubt, 7th October, 1777, winning for his countrymen the Decisive Battle of the American Revolution and for himself the rank of Major-General." Arnold's name is not mentioned on the monument. One side of the marble slab carries in relief a column carved like a Revolutionary cannon, over which are a boot, an epaulet and a wreath, with no inscription. The other side has the inscription quoted above.

## The Fine Pearl

The outstanding characteristics of a fine pearl are its perfect shape, its subdued luster, and its iridescent loveliness. While there are many kinds of pearl-bearing mollusks and many classes of pearls, the finest and most valuable are the best among the oriental pearls, fresh water pearls, conch pearls, and abalone pearls. Some other classes have a certain amount of beauty but are considered to be of less value.

## First Iron Works

The first iron works were erected at Falling Creek, Va., near Richmond, in 1619, by the Virginia Co., but Indian troubles and the revocation of the charter of the company in 1624, caused the foundry to close. The first successful iron works were located on the Saugus river, near Lynn, Mass. There works were built in 1643 by John Winthrop, Jr., and ten other Englishmen, forming the "Company of Undertakers for the Iron Works."

## A True Prophecy

The fate of the kingdom of the Rajas of Gonda, India, was said to be bound up with a Chibil tree which, like many of the sacred trees of India, had sprouted from the tooth-twigs of a saint. The kingdom was to last till the day a monkey was to be seen sitting in one of the trees. This occurred on the day the Indian mutiny broke out which ended in the ruin of the dynasty.



## STATE COPS MUST NOT ACCEPT TIPS

A strict order against Kentucky state police and highway patrolmen accepting fees for performance of peace officers' duties was issued to take effect Oct. 2, by Adj't Gen. G. L. McClain, director of the department of safety.

McClain stated the officers would be paid on a straight salary basis, and could not accept money from other sources.

Lustrous Black Steel  
By a hot chemical bath, common iron or steel can be given a lustrous black finish said not to chip, peel, or discolor.

## LIVES RUN IN SIMILAR GROOVES

When A. P. Dalton, principal of Mt. Zion High School, and Miss Mary Noka Hood received their M. A. Degree from Western State Teachers College last Thursday evening it made the fifth time these two teachers have graduated together. They graduated from the eighth grade High School, Life Certificate, A. B. and M. A. Degree together.—Allen County News.

## Bird Feathers

Scientists have determined by actual count that birds wear more feathers in cold weather than in the summer time.

## Hunting Is Taboo In National Park

Mammoth Cave Area Under Strict Regulations; No Fires Can Be Built.

Strict regulations prohibiting hunting, the possession of fire-arms, explosives, nets, traps, or seine; throwing lighted cigars, cigarette, matches or other burning material from motor cars; keeping dogs and cats except on written permission, and the destruction, disturbance or defacement of any rocks, trees, flowers, or other public property within the Mammoth Cave National Park area have been issued here by Robert F. Holland, Acting Representative-in-Charge for the National Park Service.

Since the Department of the Interior has taken over the park area, the National Park rules have been promulgated, not only for the guidance of tourists, but the residents in and near the park area.

Smoking or the building of fires within the park area may be prohibited in extremely dry weather, such as prevailed in July and August, and no fires may be built outdoors without permission of the park authorities. This is to protect the wooded areas and wild life. Fishing must be in conformity with the State laws, but no seining, trapping, or dynamiting is permitted at any time.

## HEAVY POSTMASTER DIES NEAR PIKEVILLE

Isaac L. Andrews, believed to be Uncle Sam's biggest postmaster, who until recently tipped the scales at 400 pounds, died at his home at McAndrews, Ky., Sunday night after a brief illness.

He is survived by his wife and two daughters, Miss Clara B. Andrews, a law student at Louisville, and Mrs. Viola Ferrell Andrews.

Apples, Pears, on Spurs  
Most apples and pears are borne on spurs. Spurs are merely shoots which have slowed down in growth. They may grow a very small fraction of an inch year after year, producing only a few small leaves and forming leaf buds each year.

## GEM STORE DRUGS

OPPOSITE HERALD HARRODSBURG, KY.

Coupon	Coupon	Coupon
5c Smith Bros. <b>Cough Drops</b> <b>2 for 5c</b> With this Coupon	Premier Brand <b>Mouth Antiseptic</b> <b>59c</b> With this Coupon	Chocolate Drops <b>8c</b> With this Coupon
\$1.50 <b>Haley's M.-O.</b> <b>1.19</b>	50c <b>Pabulum Baby Food</b> <b>36c</b>	\$1.20 <b>Syrup Pepsin</b> <b>74c</b>

## FREE RUBBING ALCOHOL

With a Purchase of 75c or more in our Drug Dept. you will receive a pint of Alcohol absolutely FREE. This is Good for Saturday Only.

35c Ponds Cleansing Cream	22c
75c Ovaltine	large 57c
25c Hinkle Cascara Comp. Tablets	100's 14c
50c Listerine Antiseptic	39c
30c Bromo Seltzer for headaches	19c
1.25 Alarm Clocks	79c
50c Hinds Honey & Almond hand lotion	39c
60c Drene Shampoo	49c
35c Genuine Gem Razor Blades	24c
35c Hand Soap for removing grease and dirt	4 lb. can 24c
1.00 Dr. Miles Nervine	84c
35c Smith Bros. Cough Syrup	21c
50c Nature Remedy	60 tablets 39c
20c Super Suds	large 16c
10c Heinz Strained Baby Foods	3 for 25c
Our Advertiser.....8c	HALF & HALF
Grainger Rough Cut.....8c	or PRINCE ALBERT
10c Chewing Tobaccos.....8c	15c tins 11c
25c Pipes.....15c	
Dukes Mixture.....4c	
Bull Durham.....4c	
North State.....4c	
Spark Plug.....4c	
Linseed Oil.....gal. 98c	
Turpentine.....gal. 89c	
Witchhazel.....pint 19c	
60c Fleet's Phospho Soda.....44c	
1.00 Uujol.....pint 49c	
25c Seidlitz Powders.....15c	
10c Woodburys Soap.....7c	
10c Old Dutch Cleanser.....7c	
30c Sal Hepatica.....21c	