

The Courier-Journal MAGAZINE

MAY 28, 1961

**Defying Death
On The Speedway**

PAGE 30

**Flowers Around
The Kentucky Capitol**

PAGE 17



Courier-Journal Color Photo

HARRODSBURG REMEMBERS THE BATAAN DEATH MARCH. Page 7.

FOREVER FAMOUS

*A plaque will be dedicated at Harrodsburg
to her many World War II heroes of Bataan*

By MARY WATERS

A NEW generation has grown up since the 66 men from the 38th Tank Company of Harrodsburg National Guard landed in the Philippines nearly 20 years ago. But the men who died as a result of the sacrificial campaign on Bataan and Corregidor at the beginning of World War II, and the men who survived the infamous Death March and the hell of prison camps have not been forgotten.

On June 15 a memorial plaque will be dedicated at Harrodsburg in honor of these Mercer County men, who were members of the provisional tank group, the first American force to engage an enemy in tank warfare in World War II.

The dedication will be part of Harrodsburg's observance of its 187th birthday.

Of the original 66 Harrodsburg men who went to the Philippines, only 37 returned. The 29 who died represent nearly a 50 per cent loss, a disaster for a town the size of Harrodsburg.

Many other Kentuckians fought on Bataan and Corregidor as well as units from throughout the nation. This is their story, too. It is a symbolic episode in the long history of gallant Americans who have served the nation in time of peril.

It was a sunny day at Clark Field in the Philippines when the 54 Jap harbingers of death appeared. At first glance, they appeared to be American planes. The men from the Harrodsburg National Guard unit, on their way to noon mess, remarked to one another:

"We sure have a lot of pretty planes."

They didn't know the Japs had bombed Pearl Harbor at dawn, and now were about to blast Clark Field.



BATAAN: where Jap timetable was wrecked

STAFF ARTIST George Joseph's drawing shows one of the many scenes of cruelty that occurred on the infamous Death March to prison that followed the surrender of American and Filipino forces in the mountainous jungle of Bataan. The surrender came in April, 1942, after our troops had held off over-

whelming Jap forces for more than three months. Shortly after the half-starved Bataan forces gave in, the island fortress of Corregidor surrendered—and the Japs had control of the Philippines. But the Bataan campaign had wrecked their time-table, and perhaps was responsible for saving Australia from the Japs.

Cruelty, torture and death . . . all are remembered

Following are excerpts from tape recordings of 14 Bataan survivors who still live in or near Mercer County. The recordings will be placed in a sealed container underneath the memorial plaque at Harrodsburg.

OUR company, due to superior performance during the Louisiana maneuvers, had been designated for overseas duty in the fall of 1941. Sixty-six men of the former 38th Tank Company, Harrodsburg, Ky.'s National Guard unit, shipped out as members of Company D, 192d Tank Battalion, and a headquarters company, under sealed orders. Upon arrival in Manila, on Thanksgiving Day (November 20, 1941), we learned our mission was to defend Clark Field against airborne invasion.

When the attack came, I was in the headquarters building acting as General James R. N. Weaver's personal liaison officer. I could see the fighter planes make the turn at the far end of the runway, strafing.

Edwin "Skip" Rue

I had a pork-chop sandwich in one hand and a cup of coffee in the other when they came over the base. They caught everything we had on the ground, except the tanks, which were off to the side, hidden by bushes. The raid lasted about an hour.

Grover D. Whittinghill

Wounded Were Everywhere

After the bombing, they hauled the dead and wounded on bomb racks and trucks, and anything they could. The hospital was full. They were lying

everywhere, some with arms and legs off. It was a sickening sight. That night, there was one air raid after another. We didn't have any foxholes dug at the time. So, as many as could crawled into an old latrine pit for the night.

Cecil Van Diver

After the Japanese troops landed, our mission was to defend Manila Bay while the allied forces were being built up in the South Pacific, in preparation for the return to the Philippines. General Wainwright was in command of the corps at that time. I was there when the report came in that 80 Jap transports were lying off Lingayen Gulf.

Edwin Rue

The Japs landed on the southern part of Luzon. Our troops from the south and north all went down

Continued on following pages



The Japs would bayonet any man

TO HONOR THE MEN OF MERCER COUNTY, KENTUCKY, WHO WERE MEMBERS OF THE PROVISIONAL TANK GROUP, UNITED STATES ARMY FORCES IN THE FAR EAST. THE FIRST AMERICAN FORCE TO ENGAGE AN ENEMY IN TANK WARFARE IN WORLD WAR II.

THE MEN WHOSE NAMES APPEAR ON THIS MONUMENT SAILED FROM SAN FRANCISCO 27 OCTOBER 1941 UNDER SEALED ORDERS WITH 192ND GHQ TANK BATTALION AND ARRIVED AT MANILA 20 NOVEMBER 1941. THEY FOUGHT TO DEFEND BATAAN AND CORREGIDOR, "ONE OF THE DECISIVE BATTLES OF THE WORLD" IN A LONG PROTRACTED STRUGGLE TO SAVE THE PACIFIC AND AUSTRALIA FROM ENEMY HANDS WHILE THE UNITED NATIONS GATHERED STRENGTH TO RESIST.

THESE HONORED MEN GAVE THEIR LIVES FOR THEIR COUNTRY

HARRY RIKER LAYON, JR. EVERETT ROGERS PRESTON ELZIE ELSWORTH ANNESS JOHNNIE BOTTOMS VERNON HAROLD RUSSELL ROBERT VERNON CLOYD ANCEL EDGAR CRICK JOHN LEWIS CUMMINS OSCAR DEAN WALLACE DENNY BEN DEYNE WILLARD EMAL FOSTER EDWARD THEODORE FRENCH ROY EDWARD GOODPASTER WESLEY DAVIS HUNGATE	ARCH BALL RUE GEORGE ALGER VAN ARSDALL BIRCHELL KEELING FRED LEONARD HUGH JACKSON LEONARD JOE BAXTER MILLION HEZE FRANKLIN SALLEE JAMES WILLIAM SALLEE JENNINGS BRYAN SCANLON HERBERT STEELE YANDELL TERHUNE EDWARD VIVION TRISLER EDGAR GEORGE WILLS WILLARD RUE YEAST
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THESE BRAVE MEN SURVIVED THE "BATAAN DEATH MARCH" AND MORE THAN THREE YEARS AS PRISONERS OF WAR BEFORE RETURNING TO THEIR HOMES IN MERCER COUNTY, KENTUCKY.

WILLIAM GENTRY WILLIAM CLINTON ALFORD JOE RILEY ANNESS WILLIAM ELWOOD BLACKETER GROVER CLEVELAND BRUMMETT GEORGE EVERETT CHUMLEY MORRIS STALARD COLLIER JAMES WILLIAM DURR CARL FOWLER MORGAN FRENCH LONNIE LEE GRAY LYLE COLLINS HARLOW KENNETH MANSON HOURSIGAN STANLEY HARDIN KYLER MARCUS ARNOLD LAWSON LAWRENCE IRA MARTIN ALBERT BLAND MOORE WILLIAM PEAVLER CHARLIE ROBERT GUINN	EDWIN WILSON RUE CHARLES EDMOND REED FIELD MCLEOD REED, JR. GARRATT OILBERT ROYALTY CAMPBELL KING SADLER JOHN ELMORE SADLER ERNEST LOGAN SAMPSON, JR. REID SHEWMAKER CECIL J. SIMS JUDSON DAVID SIMPSON WILLIAM DAVID SPARROW RALPH STINE MARVIN DEXTER TAYLOR CECIL RAYMOND VAN DIVER GROVER DAVID WHITTINGHILL MAURICE EDWARD WILSON LUCIEN F. YANKEY CLAUDE LEN YEAST
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BATAAN MEMORIAL COMMITTEE
EDWIN WILSON RUE
JOHN ELMORE SADLER
MAURICE EDWARD WILSON

MILITARY ROSTER CERTIFIED BY
THE ADJUTANT GENERAL
UNITED STATES ARMY

Staff Photos Above and of Bataan Survivors by Thomas V. Miller, Jr.
THIS PLAQUE, along with a World War II tank, will be dedicated at Harrodsburg June 15 to her heroes of Bataan.

into Bataan. We set up defense lines, but the Japs had us way outnumbered. There were over a million of them on the island. On April 9, 1942, we were ordered to destroy all of our equipment and surrender at dawn.

Grover D. Whittinghill

'Last Communion'

We dumped our ammunition into our last tank, poured gasoline over it and set it off. Then our company commander took us back into the jungle for our last communion, consisting of pineapple juice and light bread. That was the last of our organization. From then on it was every man for himself.

Cecil Van Diver

We marched along a newly made road to join another company of the 192d Tank Battalion, stopping to kill a mule. It was the strongest thing you ever tasted and the toughest to chew! That's where the Japs showed up.

Grover Whittinghill

The Death March

The Japanese officer made his inspection, and then they took our jewelry and everything we had. They made us kneel in the hot sun with our hats off for half a day. Then the Death March started, at a little town called, Mariveles. We marched all night the first night. We marched on for days; it seemed endless. They would tell us food at the next stop, but there wasn't any. My mouth swelled up and my tongue burst open. When we came to water, the Japs would post guards around the water holes and wouldn't let us have it.

Cecil Van Diver

If any man would stop, the Jap guards would bayonet him and roll him over to the side. One boy had dysentery; they stuck a bayonet in his stomach until he was dead.

Lawrence Martin

I fell out one day under a big tree. Bland Moore (from Harrodsburg) and another boy from Oklahoma got me up, half dragged me between them, until the Japs put us up for

the night. It was just plain hell. It was death every day, all around us. Each day, the Japs would take some boys off; we'd hear a rifle shot, and those boys wouldn't come back. One major said, "I can't stand it another step." Before we could stop him, he jumped off a bridge and buried himself in the mud.

Cecil Van Diver

'Died Like Flies'

We marched to San Fernando. My feet had commenced swelling over my shoes. I had beri-beri. They loaded us on boxcars, 50 to 60 men to a car. They died like flies with dysentery and yellow jaundice.

Lawrence Martin

The Filipinos would try to help us. One woman tried to slip us some rice wrapped in a banana leaf. The Japs saw her and knocked her down. She was pregnant. They jumped up and down on top of her until she died. A Filipino man raised his two fingers in the V for Victory sign. The Japs stopped, laid his hand down on the road, and cut off the two fingers with a bayonet.

Cecil Van Diver

I didn't feel quite able to surrender on Bataan. I was weak from malaria and fever. About 18 or 20 of us went down, across the bay from Corregidor, walking along the narrow ledges like mountain climbers, until we found a boat in a water-filled cave. We thought we would go to Australia. We loaded our canned goods, four barrels of gasoline, and planned to travel by night. But the Japs were already shooting at us. Their navy had Manila Bay blocked. Our boys were clinging to gasoline drums, anything that would float, trying to get to Corregidor.

Maurice "Jack" Wilson

Screaming Japs

I waited out in the ocean with the water up around my neck until we could get on a boat. When I finally got across, they put me in the Marine Corps. Over in Bataan, the Japs

Here are some of the Bataan survivors to be honored . . .



JOHN SADLER now receives 100 per cent disability compensation.



CECIL SIMS is principal of a graded school near Danville, Ky.



CHARLES REED now operates a Bluegrass farm near Danville.



EDWIN RUE travels out of Harrodsburg, selling restaurant supplies.

who fell behind

began shooting at us. Then they came across to Corregidor as thick as sardines, screaming like Indians.

Earl Fowler

The Japs came over one night; we gave up the next day. Corregidor was surrendered May 6, 1942.

Claude Yeast

Shot Like Hogs

They took us to Bilibid prison and Cabanatuan in the Philippines. One day four of my buddies told me they were going to escape. I said, "Boys, I don't think you can get through." They went on and escaped that night. They were gone about two days. The Japs brought them back, tied them to fence posts, and left them out in the hot sun for three days without water or food. No one was allowed to talk to them.

The Japs had placed a piece of wood between their ankles just behind their knees and made them stoop down so that all their weight rested on the wood, which cut into them. Finally, they were blindfolded and led over to a big hole which the Japs dug. Their blindfolds were taken off.

The Japanese firing squad backed off and shot them. The boys fell back in the hole. They squealed—like a pig that hadn't had a good job done on the hog. Then the Japs ran up and shot down on them again. Most of our men had gone back into the barracks. But I watched—because those four boys had asked me to escape with them.

Maurice Wilson

After that, they put us in squads of 10. We had to sign a paper agreeing that if one man escaped, the other nine would be killed.

Earl Fowler

The Ace Hole

A fellow named Tyler went off mentally. They caught him under a tree, eating oranges. They brought him back to our camp and put him in the ace hole (the guardhouse). He couldn't lie down; there was just room enough for one man to sit up. After a few days they put him in a larger building. We could hear

Continued on following pages



AMONG the Americans at this prisoner-of-war camp in Japan is Maurice "Jack" Wilson of Harrodsburg. A prisoner bought a camera and made the photo after the first atom bomb fell and Japanese guards ran away.

Two of the survivors moved to Louisville

THE 37 Harrodsburg survivors were all disabled to some degree. Several receive 100 per cent disability compensation. Some of their faces are among those in the prison-camp photo above. All their names appear on the plaque on the opposite page.

Each has received many medals. Several Purple Hearts went automatically to those wounded or injured in prison camps.

Three men are living in Lexington, George Edward Chumley, Lyle C. Harlowe and Morris S. Collier. Living in Louisville are Grover C. Brummett, 2605 Parklawn Drive, and Field M. Reed, Jr.,

3647 Kelly Way. William Gentry, who led the initial tank-vs.-tank encounter, is working for Corning Glass, and lives in Vienna, Va. Va.

Nineteen live in Harrodsburg, Danville and Burgin. The remainder are scattered throughout the United States. Several men remained in service. Joe Anness recently retired after 20 years in the Army. Morgan French is stationed at Fort Knox, an instructor in the Armor School. Campbell K. Sadler is at Fort Benning, Ga., and expects to retire in June. Charlie Quinn is stationed in Germany. Two are hospitalized. Two have died since returning.



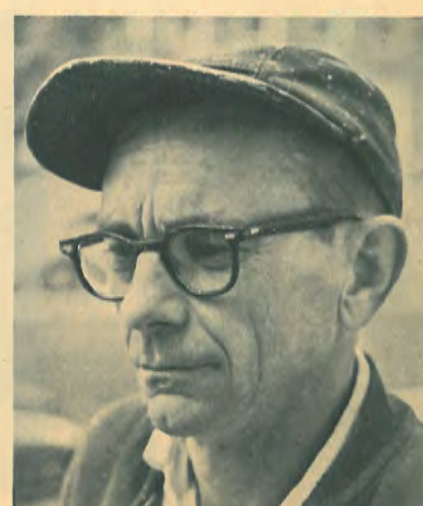
WILLIAM PEAVLER works for Tates Creek Country Club at Lexington.



LAWRENCE MARTIN is still a bachelor. He is living on a farm.



MARCUS LAWSON also gets 100 per cent disability compensation.



CLAUDE YEAST is a painter. His brother was slain by the Japanese.

Betty's BLUE



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Betty's GAY WITH MIDOL



Wild onions and a dog's liver made a feast

him screaming all night. They beat him to death with a wet bath towel soaked in salt water. Then they threw him into a pit.
Marcus A. Lawson

We couldn't even give our buddies a decent burial. They put all the bodies, 50 to 100, in one grave, which the sick prisoners had to dig. I tried to lay Williams, my friend, in a special place. A Jap guard pushed me into the hole, piled other bodies on top of me, and told me if I ever tried that again, he would bury me alive.
Cecil Van Diver

30 Below Zero

They loaded us on prison ships, some bound for Japan, others for Manchuria. I went to Mukden, Manchuria. It took 30 days. We were packed in the hold like sardines, eaten up with lice, and always afraid that American submarines would sink our ship, which was not marked "Prisoner of War." At Mukden, we walked three miles to work and back, picking up rocks, unloading sacks of cement and carloads of coal. It was 30 degrees below zero.
Earl Fowler

We had one bucket of coal a night to heat a barracks with 1,500 men. Many died from exposure in Manchuria. Once a day we were issued rice and pickled grasshoppers. We would steal whatever we could when the guards weren't looking. One night I couldn't believe my nose; I smelled liver and onions cooking. Some of the boys had found a wild onion patch; they cooked a dog's liver.
Cecil Van Diver

Low-Calorie Diet

They gave us fish heads to eat. Sometimes those fish eyes would roll around in your mouth like pebbles of corn. The burrs on the grasshopper's legs scratched your throat like steel wool. An old cat rubbed up against my legs every night for awhile. One day I missed my cat. I found two sailor boys eating it.
Maurice Wilson



MAURICE WILSON is shown in 1943 when a prisoner in Japan.

The Japanese had an ammunition factory near there. When the American planes came in, they bombed the main camp. One bomb fell short, killing 19 American prisoners. The Russians came in one night at 7 o'clock. They lined up all the Japanese, made them lay their rifles with bayonets in a pile, then handed a rifle to each American. We made the Japs fill up the foxholes they'd made us dig and work for their food. The Chinese burned the Japs alive in their straw huts. Then the Americans came in.
Earl Fowler

The Scene Shifts

We were shipped like cattle to Japan. I left September 18, 1943, and arrived October 4th. We were quartered in the

SHE KNOWS THEM

Mary Waters, who wrote for us recently about her Egyptian travels, works for a Harrodsburg radio station. She knows most of Harrodsburg's veterans of Bataan, and had no difficulty in persuading them to record their memories.

hold in bins just 3 feet tall. You couldn't stand up and had only 12 to 14 inches of space to lie down. At first, our only toilets were lard cans. Halfway across, they put one on top deck. Off Formosa, they kept all 1,200 of us in the hold with the hatch closed for 5 hours because American ships were in the area.
Maurice Wilson

In October of '44, our convoy was attacked by American submarines off Hongkong. Three ships were sunk. The rest got through to Formosa. On Formosa, I worked in the sugar mills, then moved to Japan and worked as a stevedore, in the steel mills, drained lakes, and worked a little farm. By the time I got to Japan, we had lost 2,644 soldiers in Philippine prison camps, on prison ships, and then more died in Japan.
Ralph Stine

Beri-Beri Strikes

All suffered from hunger and malnutrition. Dry beri-beri started on the prison ship. It's a painful experience. The attacks begin with a tingling of the toes; the pains move from the instep to the ankles, up the legs, then back down again. First, the only relief was walking. Then we lay, rubbing each other's feet. Finally, we could stand nothing touching us. At that time, it was difficult to live at all.
Edwin Rue

They took me to a steel mill 35 miles south of Osaka. Out of 480 men, only 80 could walk around that winter. The worst beating I got was for giving a boy a light on a cigarette one night. The Jap guards would check us six times a night. They caught us. One little guy flung both fists in my eyes, judoed me, then put me in the guardhouse with the windows wide open, so that the freezing wind would blow in on me. Snow was deep on the ground and lying heavy on the roof tops.
Kenneth Hourigan

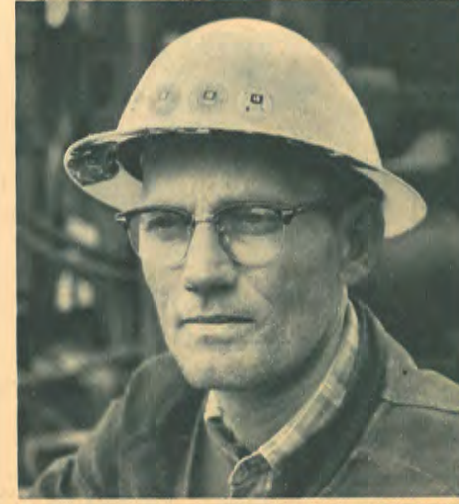
More Bataan survivors who recorded their memories . . .



KENNETH HOURIGAN is a Mercer County deputy sheriff these days.



MAURICE WILSON looks a bit different now than in the photo above.



RALPH STINE gets disability pay but also works for Kentucky Utilities.



HERE'S an over-all view of the Japanese prison camp where Wilson spent two miserable years. He weighed only 115 pounds on his Jap diet, but he's a rather hefty gent now.

Many of the men landed at Moji from the hot Philippines in just a shirt and undershorts or shoes and shorts. I arrived on August 4, 1944, but when the next group arrived on a snowy day in February of '45, I could recognize my friends only by their voices. Their features had altered that much! They were living skeletons. Cecil Sims

As long as you would abide and try to do what they wanted, they weren't too harsh on you.

There were some good Japanese. I remember that when one boy died of dysentery, they buried him in a garden. At the moment they were putting him into the ground, tears came to the eyes of the Japanese doctor who had seen him suffer.

Hob-Nailed Stomp

We had one Nip guard who wore hob-nail shoes. When he'd wake you up, he'd come right down through your face and tear you all to pieces. One morning, as he came across the bay, an American mine blew up, tearing off his arms and legs. Some of the Nips seemed as happy about it as we were. Charles Reed

If it hadn't been for the American Red Cross parcels with quinine, I wouldn't be alive today. Cecil Sims

'Big Block-Buster'

I was in a hospital with a broken cartilage from my shoulder to my breast from carrying 220-pound sacks on my back, when the American planes began bombing. Navy planes dropped a big block-buster right in the middle of a textile mill, killing 127 Japanese women and children. Marcus Lawson

We could tell how the war was going by the way we were treated. If the American forces were doing well, the Japs would put us on an extra heavy work detail and beat us. Cecil Sims

In September of '44, I went to the island of Kyushu to work in the mines. The Japs had a mine god. Every morning we had to bow to that gentleman so that he would hold up the ceiling for us. When we came out at night, we had to bow to that gentleman again, to thank him. One morning, as we were on our way to the mine, the air-raid alert blew. Four Navy fighter planes came over the mountain and started diving. We ran into the mine, which was filled with Japanese civilians. We didn't stop to bow to that gentleman that day. Grover Whittinghill

The Atomic Bomb

The morning they dropped the atomic bomb, we were in the mess hall. It sounded like an earthquake. We saw an awful toadstool across the bay, towering up four or five hundred feet. Continued on following pages



CECIL VAN DIVER now works in a linen room at a hospital in Danville.



EARL FOWLER lives at Burgin. He gardens and often builds bird houses.

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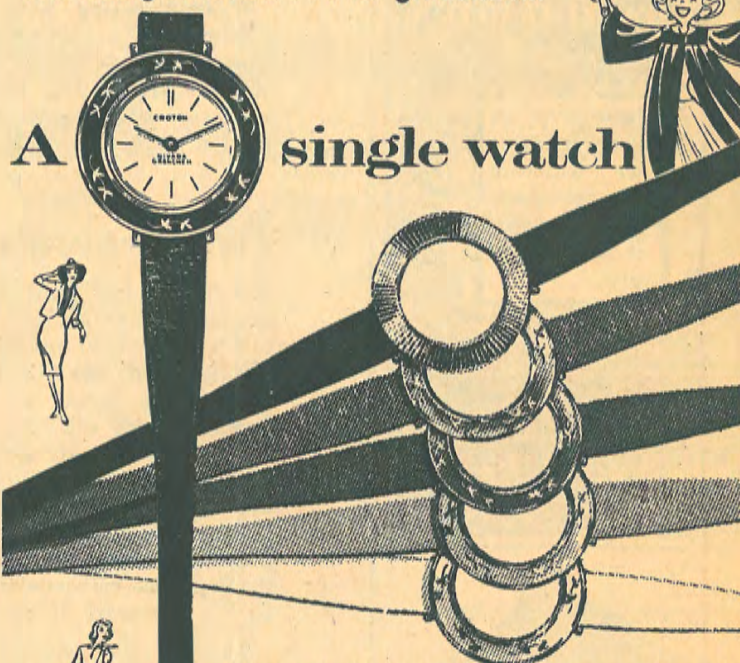
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JAP GUARD Paddle Foot
was sentenced to 30 years
for cruelty to prisoners.



WHISKERS, boss of coal
yard where prisoners
worked, got a 25-year term.



JAP GUARD Brown Eyes
got a 10-year-term at his
War Crime Commission trial.



ALLEY CAT, another
prison guard, got 40 years.
GI's nicknamed all guards.

A-bomb blast turned rocks to powder

FOREVER FAMOUS Continued

feet. An old Jap told me that the Americans had a new weapon and it wouldn't be long before we were going home. The bombed area was off limits, but some of us wanted to see what the bomb had done.

We walked out in our Japanese clothes with our faces browned. Nobody stopped us. We saw railroad cars lying five or six blocks from the tracks. You could pick up iron pipes and break them in two. Rocks would crumble into powder in your hands. Where people had been sitting, without falling over, there were just carcasses with all the meat gone from their bones.

John Sadler

I was working 2,000 feet into the mountain in a lead mine the day the atomic bomb struck and thought nothing of the reverberation. The next day, the Japanese said it was a holiday. The rumors started flying that the war was

over. The Japanese handed over their guns and walked out of the camp. We ate two horses in two weeks. One day I said, "Damned if there's not a sheep in the house," and, sure enough, there was that dude up there cooking away.

Claude Yeast

The Americans had dropped up chow by parachute, but they hadn't liberated us yet. And the Japs were bringing guns up into the mountains just like the war was still going on; so we decided to go to the Americans. We got 62 men together, even though they told us we would be court-martialed, and took off by train for Tokyo. We didn't see any Americans, just civilians.

Finally, we saw a jeep coming around the corner with correspondents for Yank magazine in it. They wanted to know what we were doing there since Tokyo hadn't been taken yet. We told them we'd been over there three and a half years and were waiting to find somebody to turn in to. They jumped out of the jeep, took pictures, and said we were the first American troops to walk down the streets of Tokyo in formation.

Marcus A. Lawson

We were liberated by the 68th Airborne. I wrote my Mom and Dad a letter, caught a plane, flew to Okinawa, then back to Clark Field. In eight days they called out my name. I was going home!

William Lee Peavler

Two generals say:

WITH broken heart and head bowed in sadness but not in shame, I report that today I must arrange terms for the surrender of the fortified islands of Manila Bay. Please say to the nation that my troops and I have accomplished all that is humanly possible, and that we have upheld the best traditions of the United States and its Army. . . . With profound regret and with continued pride in my gallant troops, I go to meet the Japanese commander.

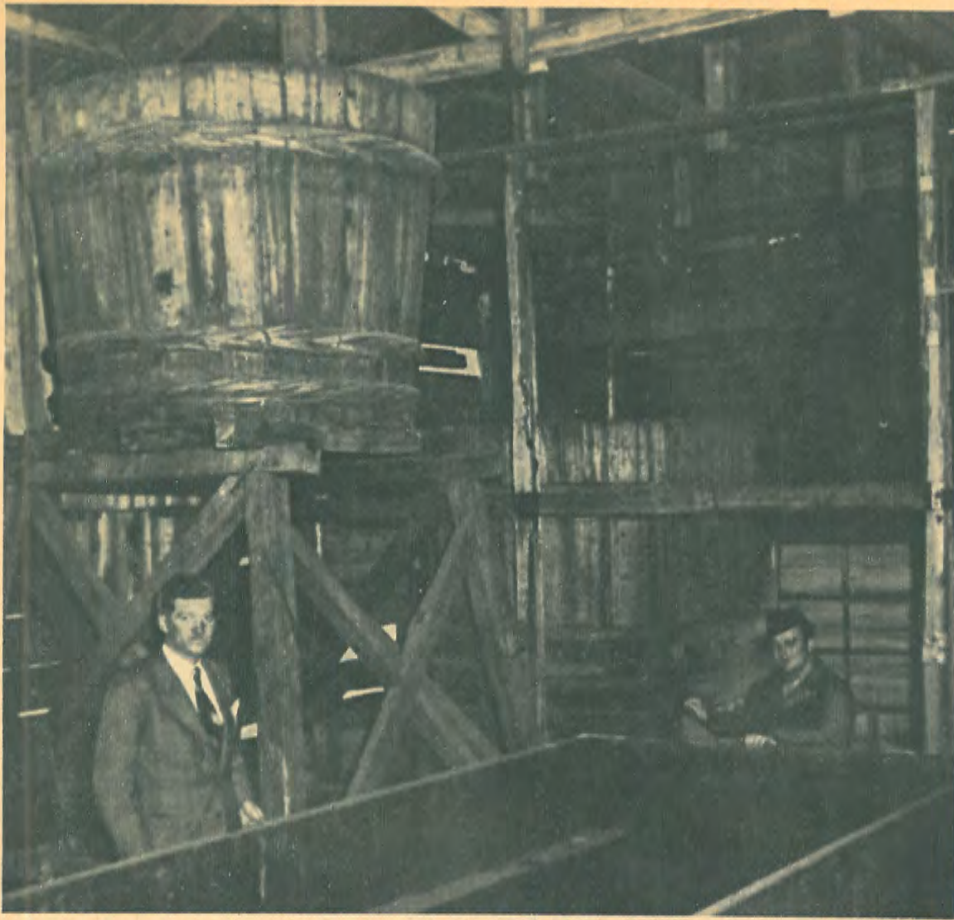
General Jonathan Wainwright

Bataan, with Corregidor the citadel of its integral defense, made possible all that has happened since. History, I am sure, will record it as one of the decisive battles of the world. Its long protracted struggle enabled the United Nations to gather strength to resist in the Pacific. Had it not held out, Australia would have fallen with incalculable disastrous results. Our triumphs of today belong equally to that dead army. The Bataan garrison was destroyed due to its dreadful handicaps. But no army in history more thoroughly accomplished its mission. Let no man henceforth speak of it other than as of magnificent victory.

General Of The Army Douglas MacArthur



Wilson had to shove coal cars like this. He fell from a trestle once and was sent to a hospital, where his bed was space on the bare floor.



As many as 100 Americans, dirtied by coal dust, took baths in the wooden, square tub, at bottom, at one time. Water came from wooden tank at top.

The festival will run for four days

DEDICATION of the plaque is only a high light of the four-day festival planned for Harrodsburg June 14 through 17. There'll be a gay time in the old town—the oldest town in Kentucky—each day and night, with many bearded men and calicoed women on parade.

A pageant, "Cradle Of Kentucky," dramatizing significant historical events will be presented each night at Pioneer Memorial State Park. James Harrod will appear on the scene as he did on June 16, 1774, when he founded Kentucky's first English settlement. There'll be music and dancing to an original Shaker tune. And an episode from the Civil War era will be dramatized.

Each morning, historic tours will be conducted, beginning with a re-enactment of a prayer service held by General Leonidas Polk after the Battle of Perryville. This will take

place at the century-old St. Philips Episcopal church.

An opening-day parade with floats, the Harrodsburg High School band, old carriages, old cars and many other entries will begin at 2 p.m. June 14.

Thursday, June 15, day of the plaque's dedication, has been designated National Guard Day. A military parade will start at 11 a.m. with troops and trucks from Harrodsburg, Danville, and Springfield. The honor guard will come from Lexington, a National Guard band from Ashland.

A World War II tank will be dedicated, along with the plaque, at 2 p.m. in Veterans Park. Principal speaker will be General Jacob L. Devers, retired, commander of Fort Knox at the time Harrodsburg's 38th Tank Company entered active service.



Stolen by a Harrodsburg veteran from files at a Jap prison camp, this photo shows coal being unloaded at a dock, where Americans were forced to labor.

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