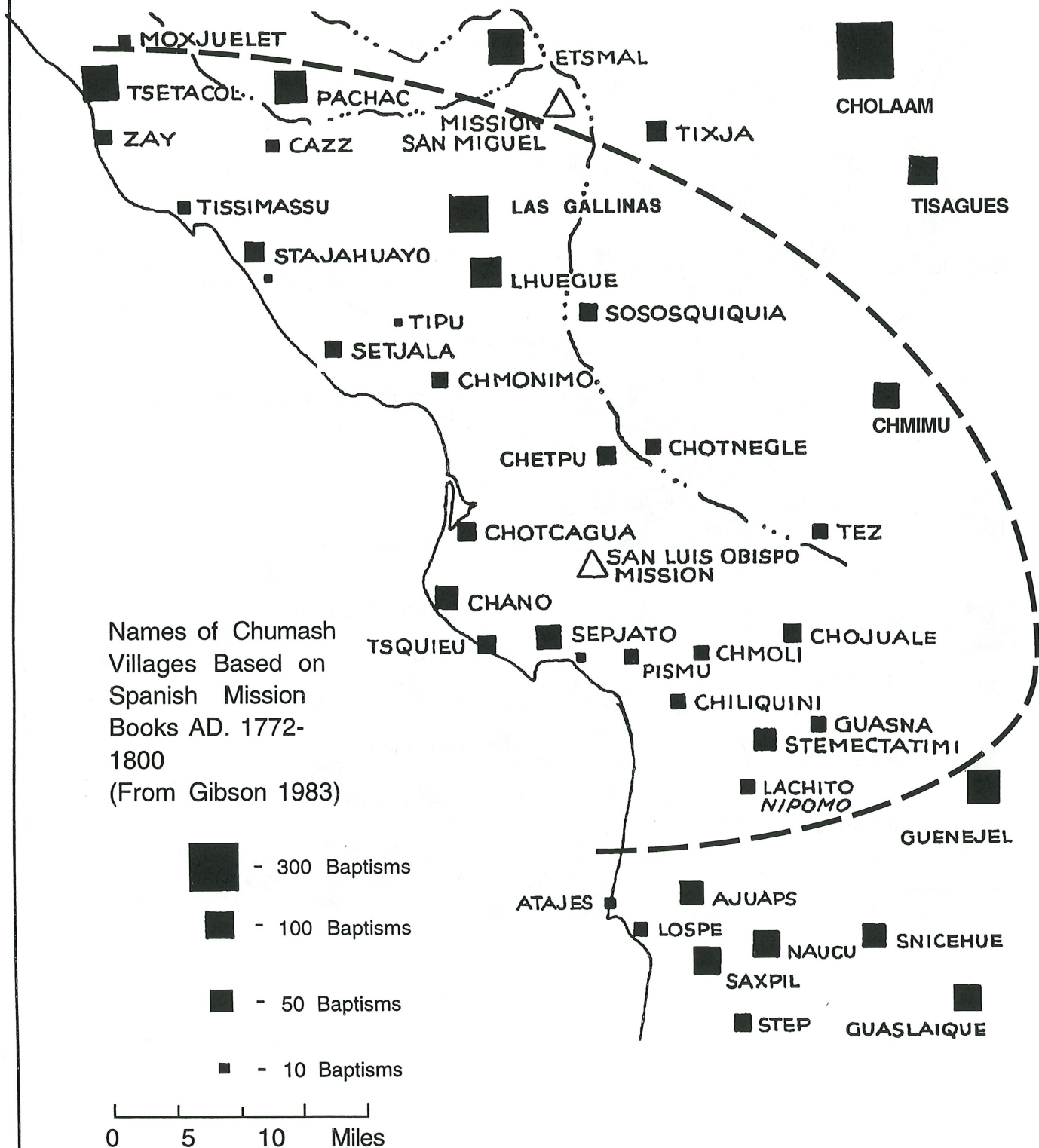


Figure 1. Obispeno Chumash Territory in A.D. 1770, San Luis Obispo County, CA



Map 5. Social Network of Chumash Village of Ajuaps (Guadalupe Lake), Santa Barbara County, CA
(After C. King 1984).

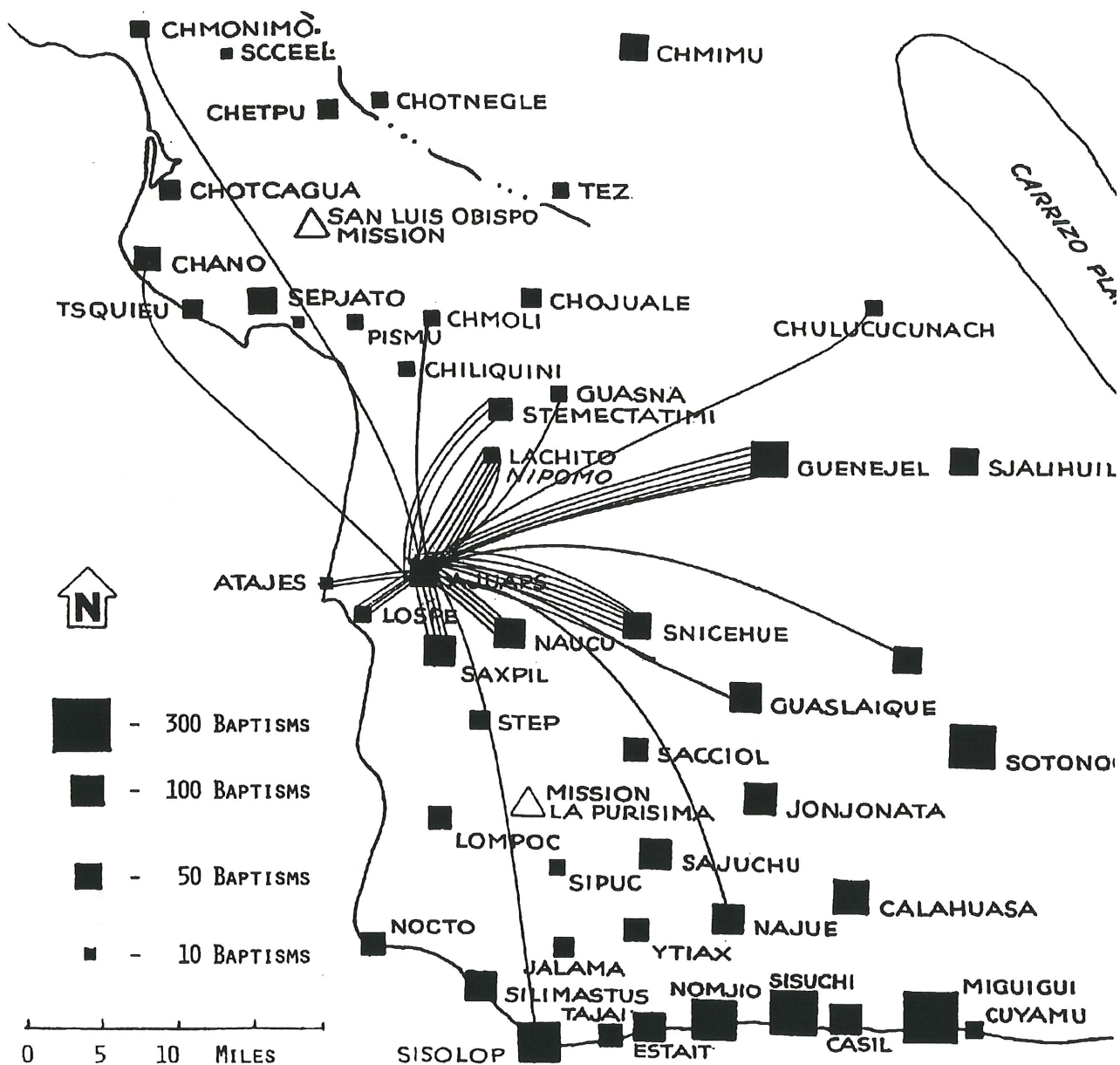
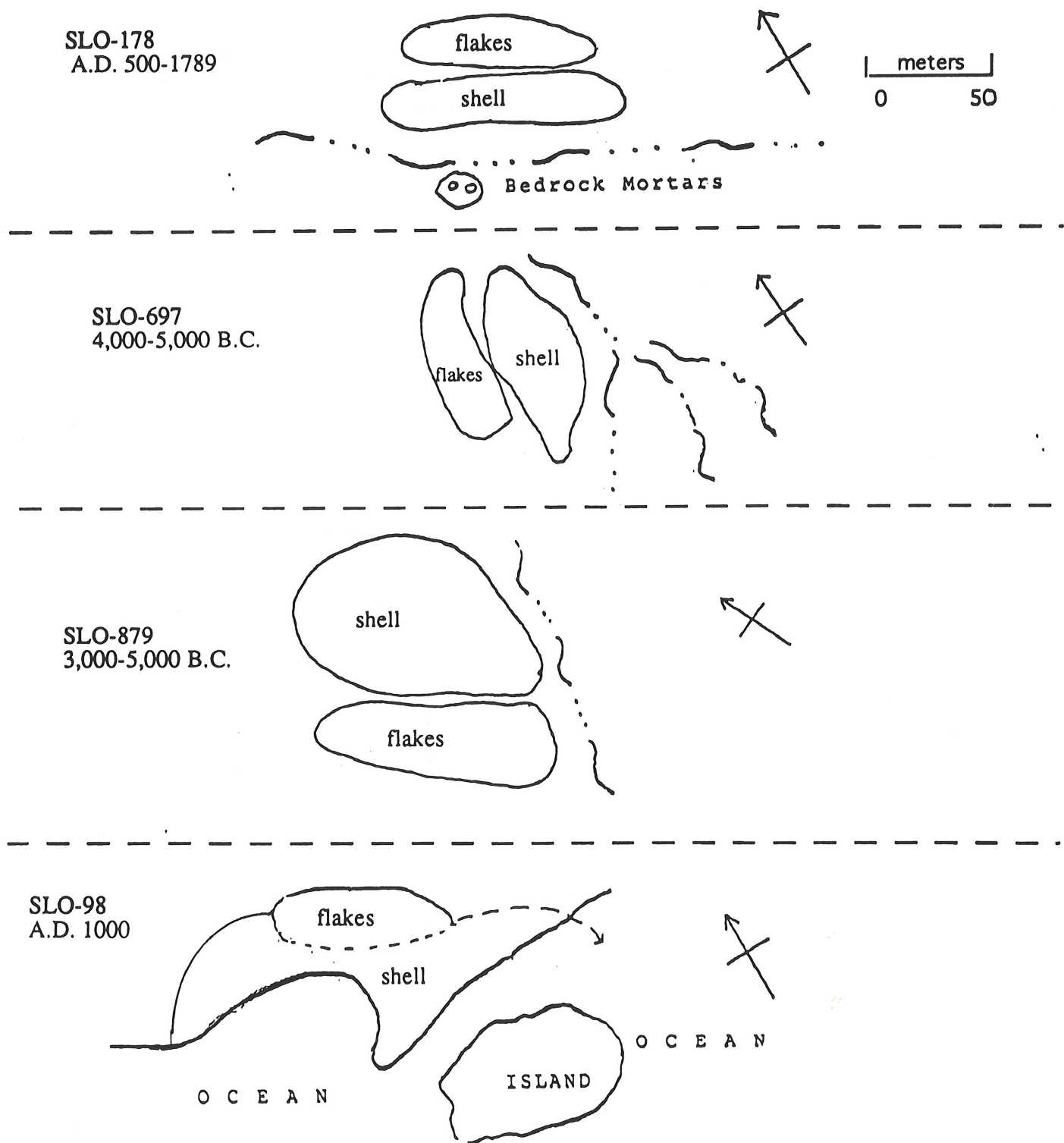


Figure 1. Comparison of Chumash Cultural Sequences From South-Central California

C-14 Years Before Present	KING (1990)	BENNYHOFF & HUGHES (1987)	WALLACE (1955)	ROGERS (1929)	SELECTED DEVELOPMENTS
170	L3	Historic	Historic	Chumash	glassbeads
	L2b	Phase 2B			
400	L2a	Phase 2A	Horizon IV Late Prehistoric		O. Lip beads
	Late period Phase 1	Late Period			
800		Phase 1			O. Cup beads
	M5	Middle/Late Transition		Canalino	
	M4			People	"flower pot" mortars
1450	M3	Middle Period	Horizon III Intermediate		bow and arrow
	M2b				
1950	M2a				O. Saucer beads
	Middle period Phase 1	Early/ Middle Transition			shell fishhooks
2450					globular mortars
	Ez				
3450					
	Eyb				O. Barrel beads
4250				Hunting People	deep basin metates
	Eya				
5350		Early Period			
	Ex		Horizon II	Oak Grove	
7000			Millingstone	People	
	Early period Phase W				
8000			Horizon 1		small slab metates

Figure 3. General Patterns of Shell and Flake Areas in Chumash Sites in San Luis Obispo County, CA



Shell areas contain shell, bone, burnt rock, carbon, some flakes and tools.
 Flake areas contain only flakes and tools (often hammerstones and bifaces)