

Captions from images in the original article:

Fig. 1. Sawmill of the Saner-Ragley Lumber Company at Carmona. Note the unbroken background of second-growth forest. The margin of the logging railroad grade is seen in the extreme right foreground.

Fig. 2. View in the residential section for white people at Carmona. Note the white sandy soil which shows in the street and the small size of trees about the homes. In places there are no trees about the residences.

Fig. 3. A home in the Negro section of Carmona. The houses are smaller and less well equipped than in the white section.

Fig. 4. The building on the right is the school, and that on the left is the church. Note the rick of firewood between the buildings, the bare sandy soil about them, and the woods in the background.

Fig. 5. Cattle upon the range in an alluvial area near Carmona. The bush grown clearing in the foreground is an electric transmission line right of way.

Fig. 6. A woodland landscape near Carmona. Note the rotting stumps, the thin stand of young pine trees, and the spaces occupied by grass.

Footnotes:

1. Farmers occupied some of the best land in this section of Texas before the rise of the lumber industry, and some of the cut-over land has also been developed for farming.
2. Hogs prevent development of second-growth longleaf pine timber by rooting up and devouring the roots of the young trees.
3. Most land owners in Texas confidently anticipate the discovery of oil upon their property.

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