SUBJECT: Greenbank, Local History

INTERVIEWEE: Mickey Clark

INTERVIEW No. 4

NUMBER OF TAPES: 3

DATE OF INTERVIEW: 11-09-95

LOCATION: Clark Home, 105 NE 3rd, Coupeville, WA

INTERVIEW CONDUCTED BY:

Theresa Trebon, Rob Harbour

TAPE INDEXED BY:

Theresa Trebon 1062 Sterling Rd. Sedro Woolley, WA 98284

Tape indexed on: Marantz Recorder, PMD 220

95.1.11: SIDE A

INDEX# SUMMARY

000-025 Information about *Ray Scougale* who ran Greenbank Farm for a time after his father died. Mickey went to school with Ray in Coupeville. Ray drove the school bus from Greenbank. Greenbank Farm was owned by *Calvin Phillips*.

Mickey's Mail Route. Greenbank was part of Mickey's mail route and he went as far south as Honeymoon Bay. His route began each morning in Coupeville and he headed out on Madrona Way to San de Fuca. Originally there was a route in San de Fuca based out of Oak Harbor but Oak Harbor gave it up. The route was then split between Mickey and the Oak Harbor carrier. Mickey delivered to Scenic Heights and went as far north as Cackle Corner. [Mickey locates Cackle Corner on map, just south of Oak Harbor where Ft. Nugent Rd. joins Highway 20. He also locates Watsons Corner on Highway 20 and Monroe Landing Rd.] Then Mickey went back to Monroe's landing, out Boon Rd., Fort Nugent Rd., Zylstra Rd., and then out Highway 20 to Arnold Rd. From Arnold

Rd. he then went out Hastie Lake Rd. and then Van Damn Rd. From here Mickey went out to Highway 20 at Kennedy's Lagoon.

Ft. Nugent. Mickey discusses origins of how Ft. Nugent Rd. was named. [He looks for a letter about this from *Lillian Huffstettler* and eventually located it on side B of this tape at stop 067.]

Appendix Page 1

Letter from *Lillian Huffstettler*. *Mamie Monroe* wrote that Ft. Nugent was built during the Indian uprising. Mickey's friend *Marsh Hartley* lived on thirty acres that his father had owned and apparently the remains of a building that constituted Ft. Nugent was on his property.

[Note: Mickey attributes this fort to the conflict between American and England over territorial claims. This contradicts the explanation of Mamie Monroe who attributed it to Indian uprisings.]

130-249 Mail Route. Mickey came down Highway 20 to Sherman Rd., up towards the cemetery, out to Ebey's Landing, up Hill Rd. and back in to Prairie Center. Then out the Ft. Casey Rd. to the Fort, then Keystone Spit, then out Wanamaker Rd. to Highway 20/525 and south to Greenbank. Mickey discusses Morris Rd. which used to only go to the current site of the bed and breakfast. [Note: Morris Rd. is also discussed at 95.1.8A, stop 000.]

Mickey continued on to Dines Pt. and Honeymoon Bay. Then back up Highway 525 to Race Rd., and out to Long and Snakelum Point, down Parker Rd. and back into Coupeville. 87 miles, 680 boxes. \$1680.00 worth of money orders one time at Ft. Casey and never moved his car. His shift was close to 10 hours. When Mickey retired he received extra pay for heavy duty overtime route.

- 250-305 Mickey was in Greenbank six days per week as he was the only carrier.

 Muget [SP?] was the postmaster when Mickey worked there and Mickey was the assistant postmaster. He transferred to rural carrier when it opened as it was a better job: better pay, mileage, and he had a car. Mickey had to buy the car and keep it up but it was his. He would trade it in each year. Mickey discusses the cars he had. He had a Chevrolet, tried a Ford, and then returned to Chevies. Mickey picked up his car in Detroit. Discusses his trip.
- Mickey discusses what he hauled on his route. Distributing catalogues was a major job: Sears, Montgomery Ward, National Bellis Hess. He hauled baby chicks, honeybees, horses harness, strawberry and onion plants, 5 or 10 gallon cream cans, tops for a car. He had to tie the car top on top of his delivery car.

95.1.11

Tells story about delivering a car top to *Garret Hulse* [SP?] over at Monroes Landing: it was addressed to him but he didn't order it so Mickey had to retie the car top back on his delivery car and take it with him on his route back to Coupeville. Everything that now goes by United Parcel Service used to go via the Post Office. Mickey talks about delivering mail to the farms. He would do a special delivery route for the catalogues. He was stuck in the mud and snow at times, and faced washed out roads. When he got stuck he would call his brother who was on the road crew to come pull him out.

- We discuss the route for Highway 20 that *Thomas Clark*, proposed from Cackle Corner that came out where the Federal Credit Building was and locate it on the map. [Note: See story at 95.1.8B, stop 326.] Mentions *John Vanderzicht's* role in positioning road near his beer parlor The Kennel.
- 457-516 Greenbank. Greenbank was sparsely populated. Greenbank and Baker's Corner were the two centers of activity between Coupeville and Freeland.

 Baker's Corner was originally known as Lins Corner and is located on the Mutiny Bay Rd. near the garbage dump. Mickey mentions a letter from his sister-in-law that tells about going to the Mutiny Bay School.

END OF SIDE A: TAPE 95.1.11

SIDE B: TAPE 95.1.11

INDEX# SUMMARY

000-014 [Continuation of story from Side A.]

Appendix Page 2

Letter from Mickey's sister-in-law, Gladys Dahlman Peterson.

Peterson lived in Freeland and wrote her recollections of walking thorough woods on Indian trails to get to the Mutiny Bay School. There was a cabin for the teacher at the school. There was not a teachers cabin at the Smith Prairie School. Mickey recalled *Deloris Robb* used to teach at Smith Prairie and lived in Coupeville.

95.1.11

015-066 Appendix Page 3

Photo Lions Club Banquet

The Lions Club used to give banquets for athletes and scholars.

[Note: For additional information on Projects of the Coupeville Lions Club, see project description sheets located in EBLA Information Binder No. 1: Section on Lions Club.]

Appendix Page 4 Photo 1932 Senior Class at the Pratt Home

Photo of Mickey with his high school class at *Frank Pratt's* house on Cemetery Hill. *Mrs. Pratt* hosted the senior class at an afternoon dinner. Mickey mentions two schoolmates that died in an avalanche on Mt. Baker while they were students at Western Washington University: *Julius Dornblut* and *Vene Fisher*. *Robert Pratt* was behind Mickey in school.

Appendix Pages 5-7 Photos Lions Club Members

Mickey looks through photo album and starts discussing pictures at random. Photo of charter members at Lions Club. *John Vanderzicht*.

Mickey graduated in 1932. This was later than he should have because he quit school and went to Alaska. When he came back *Mrs. Margaret Smith* talked he and *Hobe Race* into completing their education.

067-155 **Appendix Page 8-11**

The story of Greenbank Farm by Ray Scougle.

[Note: for reference to Scougale see 95.1.11A, stop 000.]

The cows at Greenbank were put down in 1914 because of tuberculosis. Greenbank Farm had just purchased a \$5000.00 bull that they had competed for against San Francisco and Spokane. They got home and had orders to destroy the herd. The farm was not resumed because the land was not suitable nor was the rainfall.

Appendix Page 12

Letter from *Calvin Phillips* who was a dealer in land and investments and who started the Greenbank Farm.

Mickey finds letter about Ft. Nugent. [See also: 95.1.11A, stop 076.]

015-066 Appendix Page 3

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Left-Right: John Leetola, Tom Whalen, George Bratsberg [Art's Bratsberg brother] Fred Reuble, [Gussie's brother], Wilma Morris [Elmer Morris' daughter], Joe Arnold [owned farm that Wilbur Sherman bought-Mickey roomed with him at Western and also Vene Fisher], Hobe Race, Mickey Clark, Melba Magnuson, Donald Jackson, Walter Jenne [Wally Jenne's son], Don Nichols, Alice Gookins, Buster McKay, Elsie Scougale [From Greenbank], Vene Fisher.

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The cows at Greenbank were on the area where the current berry farm is now at Greenbank.

We begin looking at Mickey's photos of Greenbank Farm:

Appendix Pages 13-17

Page 13 Photo 1: Interior of Milking Barn

Engle's Dairy in Coupeville got most of stanchions.

Photo 2: Holsteins in Milking Barn

Page 14 Holsteins During Milking

Page 15 Photo 1: Milk House and Milk Barn

Milk and cream were separated, and butter was produced in the Milk House. Cows were milked in the milk barn.

Photo 2: Loafing Barn: Ladies Rest Room

Page 16 Photo 1: Nursery [Calf Barn]

Cows gave birth to calves here.

Photo 2: West End of Milking Barn

Silo blew down in windstorm, 1955.

Page 17 Barns at Greenbank

Left to right: Blink House, Blacksmith Shop, Nursery, Milking Barn

[Note: The following photographs may contain handwritten text notes. These are from Dean Jackson Bratsberg who apparently gave the photos and notes to Mickey. Her notes are underlined and her initials, **D. J. B.**, proceed the text.]

Appendix Page 18

Photo 1 Jackson Family

H. Haysworth, Mr. Jackson, Paul Jackson, Mrs. Bertha Jackson, Dean Jackson Bratsberg. [D. J. B.: Haysworth was a carpenter who lived with the Jacksons and built the house and much of the furniture and put in the garden.],

Photo 2 Jackson Home with Dean Jackson Bratsberg

Taken during the big snow of 1916. House was at the foot of Greenbank Hill. *Margaret Clark*, Mickey's wife, lived in this house with her sister and brother-in-law when she started teaching at the Greenbank school.

Appendix Page 19

Photo 1, 2 Greenbank School

Appendix Page 20

Photo 1, 2 James Jackson, blacksmith at Greenbank Farm, 1915

Mickey knew Mr. Jackson as well as the whole Jackson family.

203-247 Appendix Page 21

Photo Frozen Salt Water at Greenbank.

[Note: Additional commentary on this picture is found at stop 248. This photo taken in front of Greenbank Farm. Mickey believed that *Mr*. and *Mrs. Engstrom* are pictured in the photo with children.]

Appendix Page 22

Photo "Bush Larsons and Beach Larsons."

The "Bush" *Larsons* lived on the hill and the "Beach" *Larsons* lived on the beach. Party near Dines Pt. c. 1916-17. Mickey knew many of these children.

Appendix Page 23

Photo 1 Greenbank Store.

Run by *Art* and *Dean Jackson Bratsberg*. *Art Bratsberg* protested the purchase of Ft. Casey grounds to S. P. C. at Lions Club meeting.

[D. J. B.: Store built by *Charlie Gartner* and sold to Art *Bratsberg* in 1944. Later sold to *Tom Coupe*. *Godfrey's* old store is also pictured: it was moved from the old road to the new road c. late 1920s and used as a warehouse for the Greenbank Store.]

248-301 Commentary on photo from page 21 of the frozen salt water. [See above.]

Appendix Page 23

Photo 2 Children on Beach

Dean Bratsberg, her brother Paul standing in back, and others.

Appendix Page 24

Photo 1 People on Beach Holding Fish

Mr. and Mrs. Jackson, Dean Jackson Bratsberg being held by Charlie Farmer, Mrs. Farmer.

Photo 2 Dean Jackson Bratsberg Holding Fish

[D. J. B.: <u>Dean</u> is holding fish given her by a fisherman from a trap on the west side of the island.]

302-356 Appendix Page 25

Photo Pratt's Resort in the Early 1930s

This was a fishing resort attempted by *Jim Pratt* after the cows. It wasn't a success because of the cessation of fish traps in 1934 and the institution of fishing limits. Resort was located near North Bluff.

Appendix Page 26

Photo Sweeping View of Area near Greenbank Farm

View shows dock, Greenbank Hotel with the Post Office behind it and North Bluff in the distance at right.

Appendix Page 27

Photo Greenbank Beach House

View shows extreme low tide and North Bluff before the Hotel, Post Office, and Store.

Appendix Page 28

Photo Greenbank Hotel

[D. J. B.: The hotel was run by Alex Engstrom.]

Post Office at Greenbank was originally down at farm. It was later moved up to *Bratsberg's* Greenbank Store.

Appendix Page 29

Photo PTA Meeting in the Bunkhouse of Greenbank Farm

[D. J. B: Mrs. Bertha Jackson seated at table facing crowd. Mrs. Engstrom and Dean Jackson Bratsberg facing her.]

Appendix Page 30

Photo Dock at Greenbank and North Bluff

Boat that went to Langley and Seattle would stop there everyday. If you wanted to go to Camano Island you put up a flag and the boat would stop. Greenbank Farm put in the dock.

401-525 Clarification by Mickey of what happened at Greenbank. First real estate was sold by *Calvin Phillips*, a land dealer who purchased a large piece of land for himself that he named after his childhood hometown in Greenbank, Delaware. Greenbank Farm was established there. Trees were cleared by local men with teams. Some of these men were the father of *Evelyn Fountain* and *Bill Day*. Chinese men then went to work clearing rocks off land.

Appendix Page 31

Article about Greenbank, undated and source unknown.

This article discussed *Calvin Phillips* selling land. He was commissioned after the Spanish-American war to sell 10,000 acres of land on Whidbey Island and he purchased 1500 acres for himself which was the basis of his farm.

We discuss group photo on page 17.

END OF SIDE B, TAPE 95.1.11

@ THERESA L. TREBON, 11-95

95.1.11

Appendix

EBEY'S LANDING NATIONAL HISTORIC RESERVE

From the Secretary's Book of Minutes of Whilbey Island Chapter #6 of "The Daughters of The Proneers of Washington"

Sept. 28, 1951

Mamie Monroe reported that Ft. Nugent was actually established during the Indian uprising. There was an Old log building built There, and part of a Chimney remains, which her brother Bert Arnold has marked appropriately."

Vilian Huffstetler

- Page 1 - 95.1.11A Dallmane arrived in 1916 - We form to got to our farm -tils free went to Meeting Bay School (austin) Grader 1. to8- 2 home-Kido from Freeland went through, trail in woods ax a short Cut. - There was a Tevelor's gattages on the school grounds & I living there when my sector thought there. 3 5 MOW - 1916 very poor or no roads

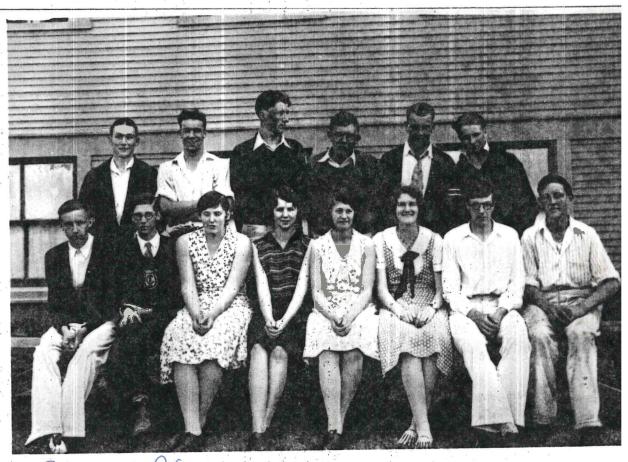
Gladys (Dahlman) Petersen







Micheys Graduating Class - 1932 - Pratt Home



Senior Class

95.1.118



01 ank & M.F.C



michey /

1960

Clark Sherman

95.1.11B

JE ANNOVESERY

1986





Mickey Clark

Clark Sherman

95.1-118



Mickey Terry Bob Pule-Eddy Buchet Bob Barler
Lions Club
Banquet For
- Scholars & Athletes
Banquet

THE GREENBANK FARM

In the early 1900s there existed in Seattle, a company Named Calvin Philips & Company. Calvin Philips was president and chairman of the board; who the other officers were at that time I do not know. The company dealt in real estate and what-ever else I do not know.

At that time it was customary for dertain companys to form a stock holding company for some reason or other, have a big promotion with a lot of tricky advertising in newspapers back East to promote the building of the West, and in fact, that is how a lot of the West was developed.

I am not sure when the "Brain" child was first born, but at any rate Calvin Philips & Company purchased a large parcel of land on Whidby Island at a place which they named Greenbank. They formed a stock holding company which they called The Greenbank Company and proceeded to sell stock to affluent Easterners.

People were brought in to clear land, many of whom were chinese. It was decided to make a big dairy farm of it, so barns & houses were built, a manager hired by the name of Richards, who was also a veternarian. The name Greenbank Farm was registered and for a few years the dairy flourished, shipping out butter, cheese & milk. To this day you can still purchase Greenbank Farm cheese on the market.

Of course to accomodate all this a dock had to be built and a hotel, store and postoffice established with daily boat service to the mainland. A lot of the old settlers in the area were people that at one time or another had been imployed on the farm.

Then came a day of disaster. It was discovered that the herd of milk cows had contacted tuberculosis and had to be disposed of. The young stock was sold at auction.

So the thriving dairy that at one time was considered one of the top in the northwest at last came to a screeching halt. Whether it ever paid any money to the stockholders or not is hard to say, but one can guess.

Then came a reorganization. the company decided to get out of the dairy business altogether and go into general farming. Of the original hired help, a manager, blacksmith and three teamsters were retained and for several years the farm was busy raising grain, berries, sheep, and a few cows.

Then came the depression and things came pretty much to a standstill. a herd of about 125 sheep was retained along with a dozen cows, a bull and some young heifers and the operation simmerd down to a one person operation with extra help hired as and when needed.

By that time most of the surrounding property had been parceled out and sold. At one time a fishing resort was established and more of the waterfront sold. Finally the farm proper was sold to Pomerelle(sp) who planted a lot of logan berrys for their wine business.

Two things were against the farm from the beginning. One was unproductive soil and the lack of rain. Rainfall in that part of the Island is about 15 inches per year and occurs mostly

in the winter

Sorry to be so late with this Mick but it was hard to settle down and get it typed up. It is just a general outline and for your purpose, is probably all you need.

It was so nice meeting with you folks the other day. We enjoyed the conversation and the food and hope to do it again soon.

Par

95.1.116

Bellingham, Washington 98225 934 Highland Drive RAY SCOUGALE



98239 Mr. Mickey Glark Box 246 Coupeville, WA.

The Greenbank,





Mr. Mickey Clark Box 246

Confrontle Na 98239







CALVIN PHILIPS, PRESIDENT.

GALVIN PHILIPS & COMPANY

12

DRODERTY AGENTS. WARRANTS. BONDS. MORTGAGES. FIRE INSURANCE. DEALERS IN

REAL ESTATE AND

SEATTLE 615-16LEARY BUILDING TACOMA 211 CALIFORNIA BUILDING

SEATTLE. WASH.

January 9, 1913.

Mr. A. E. Bailey,

c/o Mr. E. R. Menn,

339 Sansome St.,

San Francisco, Calif.

Dear Mr. Beiley:

Will you write me at my Tacoma office, giving

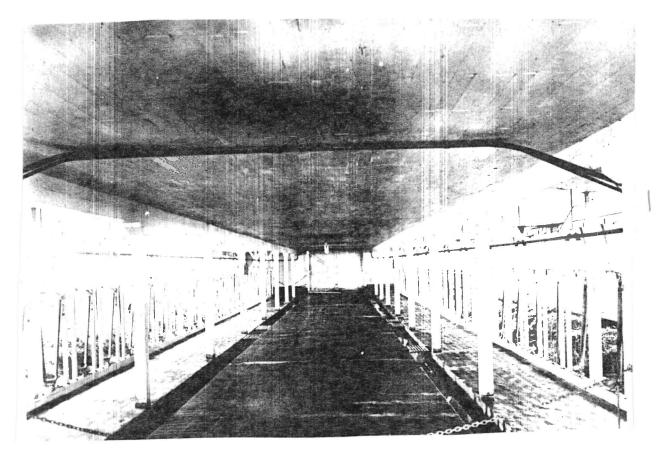
whidby Island land.

It may be of interest to you and to her to know that during the recent heavy storm here the natural dike that has protected the marsh from salt water was forced open and the marsh is now one large lake. The damage to the Hancock land, as well as ours, by this salt water is considerable as the land, if ever reclaimed, must have the salt worked out of it before it can be made to produce the average crops.

Wishing you a happy and prosperous new year, I am,

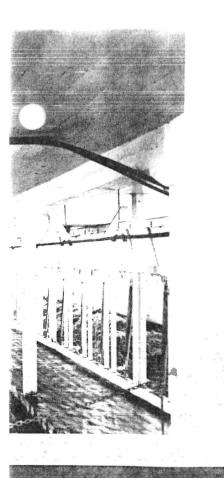
Very truly yours,

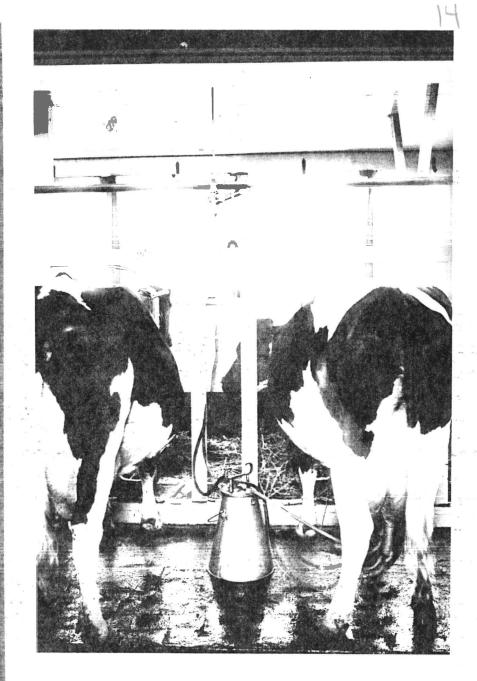
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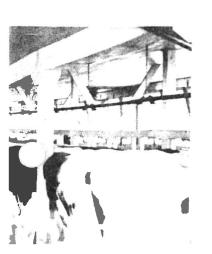


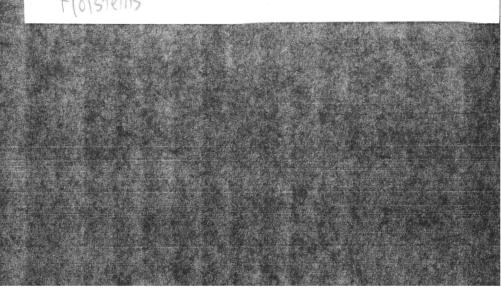
Holsteins

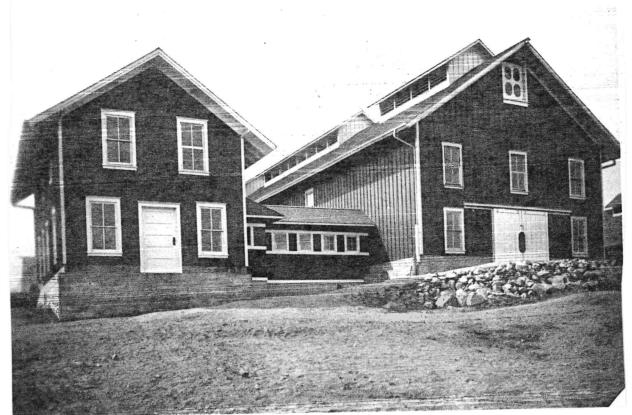




Holsteins

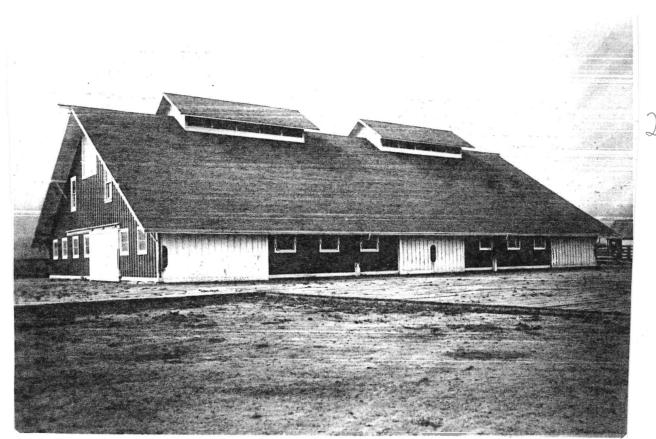




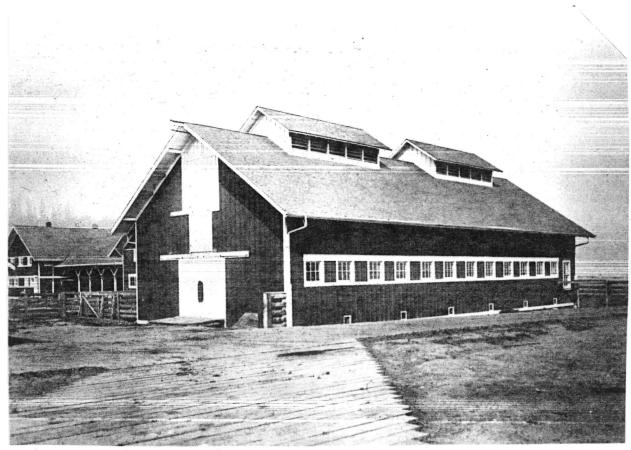


Milk House

Milk BANN



Loafing Barn (Ladies Rest Room)



Nursery (Calf Barn)



West end of milking Baren - Silo blew down in 1955

in the



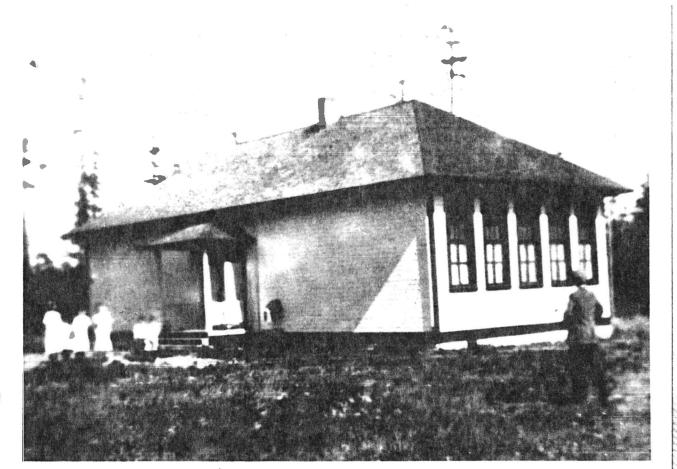
Left to Right: Blink House, Blacksmith Shop, Nursery, Milking Barry



Manuho built Jackson House- Mr. James Jackson, Mrs. Jackson, Dean Jackson Bratsberg



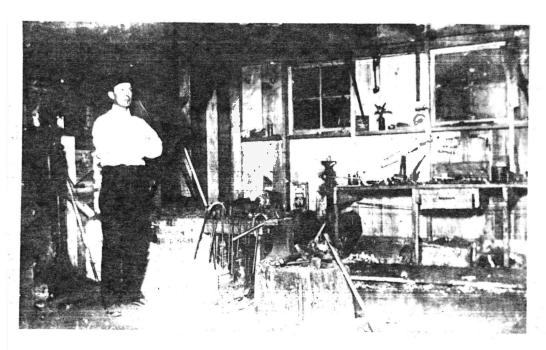




Greenhank School

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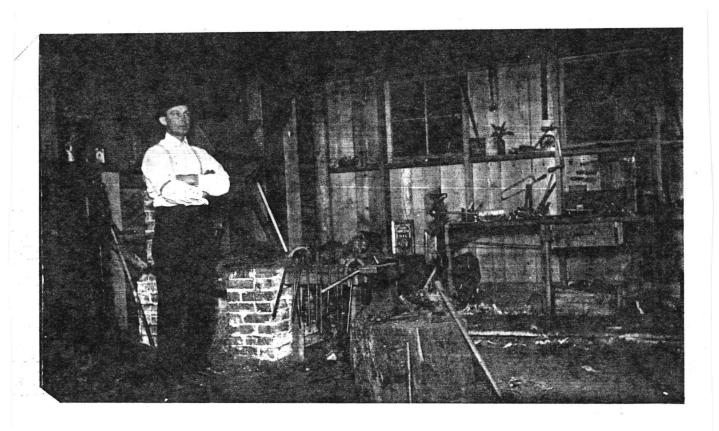
Greenbank Farm Blacksmith Shop - 1915 Mr. James A. Jackson, Blacksmith (Father of Dean Bratsberg)





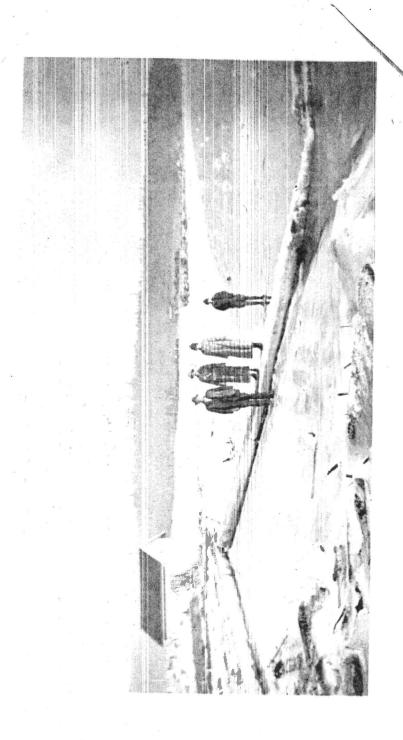


P.O. BOX 92 - GREENBANK, WA 98253 — (206) 321-6688 - (206) 678-5333 One Mile South of Greenbank on Hwy. 525 Member North and South Whidbey Multiple Listing Services



James Jackson - "Flashlight Photo."





FROZEN Salt Water at Greenbank Mr. = Mrs. Engstrom C 1920s 95

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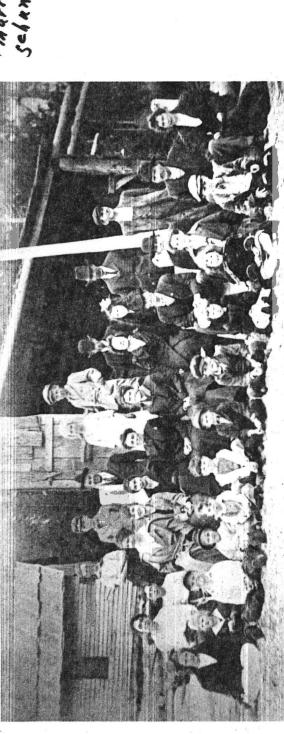
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Clara Larson Mrs & Mrs Larsoy geougele MISS MISS Bowers alson rs Paul Ars jeck Jackson Engstrom

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Elsie Alex Jack Meck Herb Rax Altred Frede Scongole Engstrom Engstrom Rid Mack Scongole Lerson Larson marries



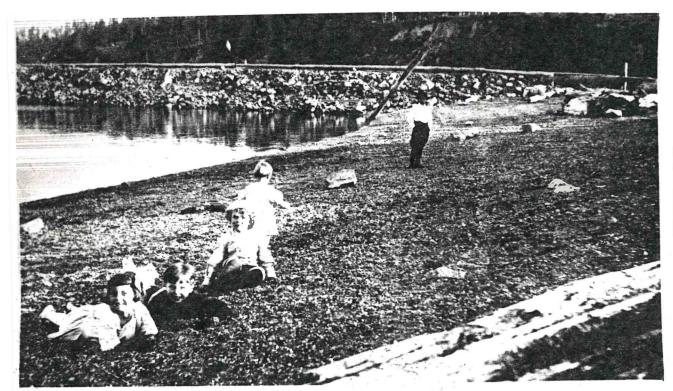
(This photo also discussed)

time on Dines Pt. + Dunlap Beach



Art & Dean (Jackson) Dratsberg Store

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Dean gackson,

Paul Jackson

95.1.11B

2



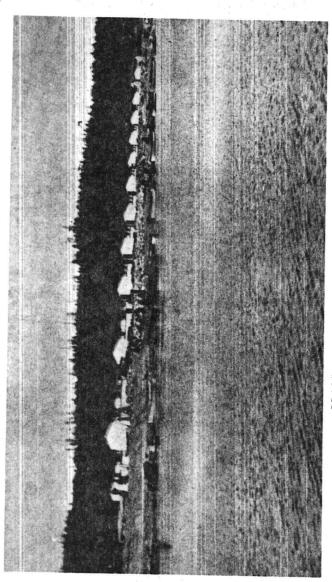
Mrs. Jackson, Mr. Jackson

Dean Jackson



Dean Jackson Bratsberg holding fish from

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PRATT'S RESORT BEACH - EARLY 1930's







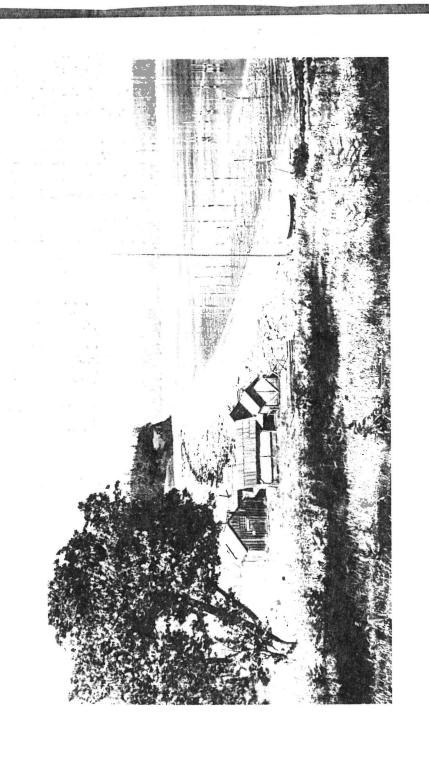


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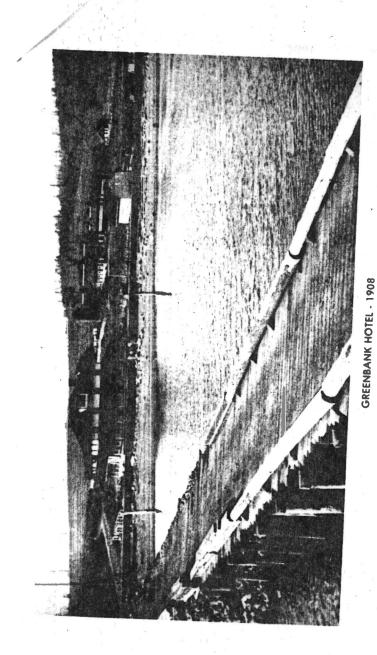
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2. Greenbank beach house - camp-bost-Piling-extrame low tide - North Bluss before-Hotel-P.O. + Store

DS.B.



95.1.11B 302-356 8. Greenbank Hotel-Store + Post Officellys run by Alex Engstrom D.8.B.



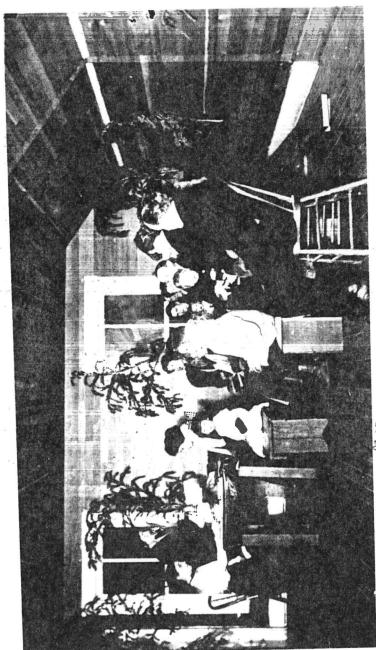
Realty Inc.

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PTA meeting in the Greenbank Farm Bunkhouse.

D.J.B.

R. T.A. At Greensbarden

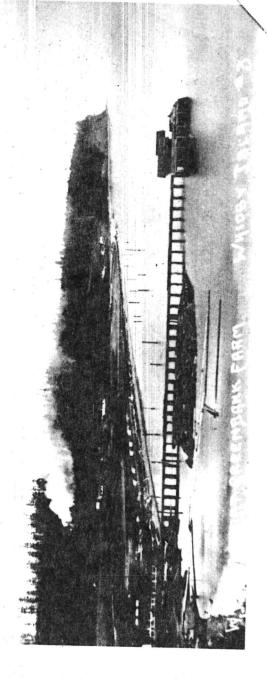


Mrs. Engstrum Deangadoon Bratsberg

Mas

95.1.11B

North Bluff



Greenbank Dock

Circa 1906

Greenbank? It's in Washington VER hear of Greenbank, Wash.?

Mrs. A. W. Bratsberg, wife of the Greenbank store owner, is willing to wager that you haven't, and she thinks it's a shame her home town isn't better known.

"When one is shopping in Seattle and gives our address, the clerks all look blank and wonder if it is in Washington, "Mrs. Bratsberg reports plaintively. "Hope you will find room in your column some day for this."

Well, Mrs. Bratsberg of Greenbank, Wash., your plea has touched The Stroller's heart, so here is not only the requested "mention" of Greenbank, Wash., but also all the information and background that diligent research could turn up.

From the Washington Historical Quarterly: "Greenbank—A Postoffice on the eastern shore of Whidby Island at the entrance to Holmes Harbor, Island County. The name was given in 1906 by Calvin Philips in honor of his boyhood home, Greenbank, Dela."

That leads, of course, to Calvin Philips, Sr., retired Seattle real-estate man.

Philips, now 88, was commissioned soon after the Spanish-American War to sell 10,000 acres on Whidby Island. His organization sold 5,000 acres at the north end of the island in less than a month, at prices ranging from \$15 to \$25 an acre. He also purchased a block of 1,500 acres for himself, stretching completely across the island just above Holmes Harbor.

It was this huge and beautiful sweep of land, mostly forested, that Philips named after his Delaware birthplace. Several years later, he started an experimental farm on the property, stocking it with Holstein-Friesian dairy cattle, one of the finest herds in the Pacific Northwest. It was a big operation, with fine buildings and many employes.

The farm prospered and was a showplace until, during the First World War, the herd became infected with tuberculosis and it was necessary to destroy all the cettle.

it was necessary to destroy all the cattle.

The experimental farm then was leased out for a few years, largely for general farming and for sheep grazing. After that, the cleared portion of the property was sold to a wine company which has enhanced its beauty by planting row on row of berry vines on the rolling hills overlooking the picturesque harbor.

There, Mrs. Bratsberg of Greenbank, Wash., does that satisfy you? Or should it be added that The Stroller's research disclosed that your father was a carpenter and blacksmith employed by Philips on his experimental farm and you spent your girlhood on those pleasant breezy-swept acres of which you still are so proud?

95.1.11B

Appendix

EBEY'S LANDING NATIONAL HISTORIC RESERVE



k the plank sitter. The target in this instance



BONITA ELFSTROM and crew gets the 5 Center Want Ad booth ready for the opening of the 1974 Island County Fair. The booth was visited by thousands.

COUPEVILLE DOCK CHANGES HANDS

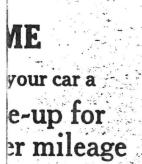
A deal was closed this week by which Albert Calhoun of Ballard, a nephew of J. F. Wanamaker, Ex-Sheriff Rosenfield and County Treasurer H. T. Wanamaker became the owners of the Coupeville dock. The transaction has been under consideration for over a week, but not being closed The Times refrained from giving the news until it was a certainty. The principal stockholders of the Coupeville Wharf Company were: Albert Kineth, his mother, Mrs. Jane Kineth, Sam Hancock and F. A. LeSourd, with J. F. Wanamaker owning a small interest. The dock was built in the summer of 1906 at a cost of about \$8,000, so we understand. The corporation was capitalized for \$14,0:0 which was afterwards raised to \$20,000, but not all of this additional stock was sold. The consideration for the present transaction

The Coupeville wharf is one of the best on the sound; it has done a good business and we believe the young men who have made the purchase have secured a good proposition.

An important real estate transaction was also one of the results of the wharf being sold. Herman Wanamaker, who recently bought the old Rockwell place on Ebeys Prairie of Mrs. Mattie Baker, traded this place to Sam Hancock on the wharf deal. Mr. Hancock then trades the ranch to his brother, Ben Hancsck, for his ranch near the school house. The Rockwell place contained about seven acres and the Hancock place five acres.

E. O. Lovejoy of the Island Manufacturing Company, was a business visitor to Seattle Tuesday.

> (Copied from the Island County Times—November 12, 1915)





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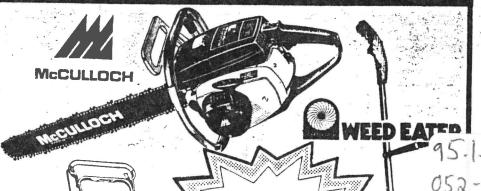
ance Floor Whidbey

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Islanders Donated To Build Academy

(Continued from page 6)

"Upon inquiring, you would have found that it was the Puget Sound Academy, the only institution of higher learning north of Seattle, established by the Congregational Church. This school, which at one time had about 90 students with four or five instructors, drew students from Blaine to McMinnville, Oregon."

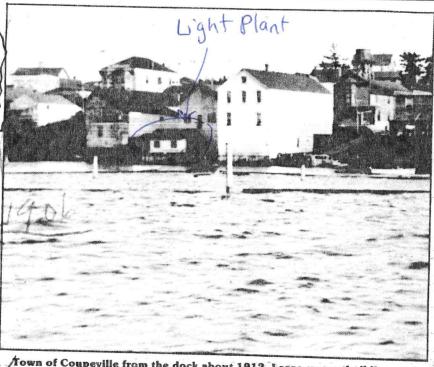
Board and room at the Academy cost \$2.50 per week per student, but the school ran into difficulty. It was moved to Snohomish and Newberry stayed on at "Whidbey Academy" until about 1906, teaching Greek, trigonometry, Latin, geometry, English literature and bookkeeping, while his wife taught French.

Carl Engle recalled that he was downtown when Newberry hollered "Fire in the Academy!" and everyone began running to help. Horace Holbrook was up on a ladder near the kitchen chopping into the siding. There was no hose, and everyone brought buckets and dishpans to carry water. They had time to save all the furniture including the pianos.

COUPEVILLE SCHOOL

The Puget Sound Academy continued for a number of years, until county school districts and schools were established.

In 1900 the Coupeville High School opened with Professor E. A. Bond who taught grades five to eight in the



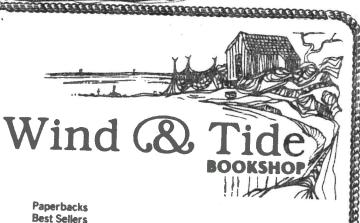
Town of Coupeville from the dock about 1912. Large square building on the hill at left is the old Academy, which later burned,

rammar school as high teacher. Besides instructing the five grades, he taught the high school classes during recess, part of the noon hour and after school!

high school was built, with Miss Lena Kohne as additional instructor, and at the start of the 1903 term the high school had a full four year course with an enrollment of 16 students.

At a cost of \$4,000 a two story frame building to house both grammar and





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Schools Grew from Mrs. Evey's Concern

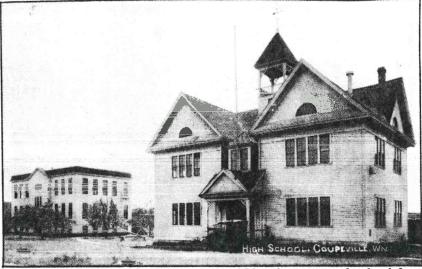
The need for education was recognized by Mrs. Isaac N. Ebey, who noted in her 1850 diary that a school was needed for the few children in the area of Ebey's Landing.

The pioneers brought in teachers and preachers to instruct and counsel, knowing that both academic and spiritual growth was necessary to complement the physical fitness of pioneers who worked the land for survival.

In 1887 the need for a school with preparatory courses for college was felt. Charles C. Terry of Coupeville is credited with originating the idea for such a school when he was a member of the legislature from Island County in 1885-86. Terry talked with the Rev. C. C. Cole, in charge of missionary work for Washington for the Congregational Church, and convinced him that Coupeville was a suitable site for such an institution.

Whidbey Islanders, excited over the prospect of the school, answered the proposition that the people donate land and raise a building and the church promised to raise an endowment of \$10,000. The entire amount was subscribed within two days!

Mrs. Thomas Coupe, widow of the man for whom the town of Coupeville is named, donated 20 acres of land, J. E. Ebey donated 10 acres, and Dr. J.A. Highwarden, who had built a large hospital building, agreed to dispose of the same for college pur-



Coupeville district schools in the early 1920s, elementary school at left, outgrowth of the school needs since 1850, following the Puget Sound Academy era.

poses and to donate \$500 from the price. Other residents donated from \$10 to \$50 and the Puget Sound Academy opened in 1887.

The Rev. George Lindsay was principal, and there were classes in natural sciences, music, drawing, algebra, geometry, rhetoric, and natural philosophy.

The Congregational Church, organized in the meantime, was pastored by the school principal, who, within a year, vacated the Academy post in favor of the church. The Rev. Charles E. Newberry succeeded him.

Newberry is credited with promoting the school to the point where its registraton included

students from Port Townsend, Seattle, Tacoma and as far north as Blaine. Many of Whidbey Island's first families sent their girls and boys to the boarding school.

The late Carl Engle, recalling a busy day in Coupeville during the early 1890s, wrote: "At about 8:30 a.m., had you looked up the hill to the spot now occupied by the house of Captain Vane (just north of the Masonic Hall), you would have seen a number of young people gathering around a building which was the most sightly building ever erected in the town, because of its location and also because it was a good sized two-story building with a full basement, making it look like a three-story building.

(Continued on page 7)



Whidbey Music Center

Pianos — Organs



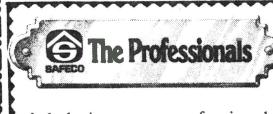
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Islander: Donated To Build Academy

(Continued from page 6)

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