

Direct Air Route To Australia Held Necessary

Island Survey Work Finished, Itasca Returns

Data Available to Any Company Planning Service

While the proposed survey route between Honolulu and Australia will at first via New Zealand after stops at Pago Pago and Suva, a direct route from Suva to Brisbane, Australia, will be demanded by the government to shorten their mail service, in the opinion of William Miller of the Bureau of Air Navigation Department of Commerce. He recently returned from the U. S. Coast Guard Cutter *Itasca* yesterday after a two month's expedition to South Sea islands.

A group of Kamehameha youths, who were collecting aerial data and weather information on Jarvis, Baker and Howland Islands, also returned on the *Itasca*. There were 21 in the party.

Miller said that his department has completed its work and "any American always company interested in such a service can now proceed."

DATA COLLECTED

The youths who returned on the *Itasca* have been collecting data on the tiny islands for the past year. The original survey route will remain as it was placed on file at the local U. S. weather bureau and will be available to any South Seas expeditions. Miller said. Copies have been sent to Washington where they will be available at the Bureau of Air Navigation, Department of Commerce. Miller's personal report will also be sent to Washington and a statement from the department may be expected within the next few days, he said, relative to the air route to Australia.

Asked if there would be a landing between here and Samoa, Miller said that the choice would



GATHERED AERO AND WEATHER DATA FOR GOVERNMENT.—The USCG *Itasca* returned from a two months' cruise through the South Seas and brought home these 21 Kamehameha youths who for the past year have been collecting aeronautical data and weather information for the U. S. department of commerce, Bureau of Air Navigation, as well as specimens for the Bishop museum. All were in excellent health and spirits and declared they had thoroughly enjoyed the expedition. (Advertiser Photo)

doubtedly lie between Palmyra island and Kingman's Reef, which is not far from there. They are roughly a thousand miles south of Honolulu.

ENTRANCE LACKING

"If Palmyra is chosen for a depot," he said, "it will be necessary to build an entrance to the island. There also deeper in the lagoon than the *Itasca* will be able to enter to establish a station and a permanent base." Miller said.

MADE OBSERVATIONS

Among those who made the observations on the *Itasca* was Lt. E. W. Stephens, aerologist at the Fleet Air Base, Pearl Harbor. Lt. Stephens made daily upper-air observations during the *Itasca*'s cruise, both north and south bound and for 1,000 miles along the equator. This is the first time in history that the route from the United States to Australia has been made south of the Hawaiian Islands.

After visiting the three islands mentioned, the *Itasca* put into Suva's island on her way to Pago Pago.

There is no port on the route to Pago Pago, which is a well-protected harbor. We visited there for a month this trip and during that time I took occasion to go to the British Samoa, on the USS *Lark*.

"Apia harbor is not well-protected and I could not recommend it as a port," he said.

"Suva, Fiji, would be the next stop and from there to Auckland, N. Z., to complete the year," he said. "To get away, although the direct route to Australia is from Suva to Brisbane over the same route followed by the late Kingsford.

Itasca Lands Food On Isle

Coast Guard Vessel Aids Hurricane Victims

(Continued from Page 1) route from here to New Zealand and Australia.

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BOYS COMPLIMENTED

"I would like to take this opportunity," said Miller, "to compliment the boys for the fine work they did during the past year. They gathered much valuable information. Although isolated for long periods, their morale and spirit were excellent. There was no slackness. In fact, I think they returned in better health than when they left here."

The boys themselves all declared they had enjoyed the experience and were glad to be back home again. Those in the party were:

Henry Ahia, Daniel Toomey, Jacob Halli, Kenneth Bell, Wm. Yonamine, Herman L. J. Carroll, G. Kahuna.

Besides Miller and Lt. Stephens, others who made the *Itasca* trip included Capt. L. Anderson, Wm. H. Kaine, Archie Kauaiakua, H. Hooper, Joseph Kim, L. Waiauole, J. C. Kamakawi, K. Opiopio, Jos. Anakalea, Folina Faufa, Alex Kahapea, Henry T. Kauai, and K. Kalamu, J. Carroll, G. Kahuna.

Miller said he would remain here for about three weeks winding up details of the expedition. He then expects to go to the Orient but will return to Washington in time to attend the opening session of trans-Atlantic conditions "where the next major aero-commercial route will be established."

FLARE CAUSES QUERIES

A red flare in the sky, caused by burning of rubbish by citizens west of the Kapiolani park early last night prompted several persons to call The Advertiser and the police and fire departments to inquire whereabouts of the blaze.

Kamehameha Boys' School Moves To Camp For Week

A new departure in Island education is being carried out by the Kamehameha school for boys, the experiment to end tomorrow.

The students will be taken out to Camp Erdman, the YMCA camp at Mokuleia, half of the student body spending four days at camp last week and the other half this week.

At the camp regular school classes are held each morning, instructors holding their sessions in the craft shop and main hall at the camp.

GO TO CAMP

Transported by school buses, 100 boys went to camp last Saturday under the leadership of Claude Banning and 80 went out Sunday in charge of Charles Parrott, both of the faculty. Donald Mitchell had charge of the camp programs for both sessions.

In addition to routine school work instructors have taken their classes out to the woods and fields for studies in botany and other sciences.

Alfred H. Moore, social science instructor, led his class in a survey of the Waialua Community association program.

FIRST CLASS TAUGHT

After the morning session the day is devoted to instruction in first aid, swimming and sports and in the evening campfire sessions are held.

"So far," said Homer F. Barnes, school principal, "the experiment seems to be a very successful one. The boys, of course, are very energetic and all are in favor of making it an annual affair, but we shall not decide upon that, however, until we have given results of the experiment more careful study."

Dr. Compton To Speak Here On Cosmic Rays

Nobel Prize Winner Talks At Dillingham Hall Tomorrow Night

Although his lecture on "Cosmic Rays" in Dillingham hall tomorrow evening will be for popular consumption by laymen, Dr. Arthur H. Compton is expected to bring to his Honolulu audience much of the information he divulged in his now-famous talk to the American Association for the Advancement of Science in St. Louis last January.

Of his St. Louis lecture the magazine *Time* said that "it marked the end of the 'mystery' of cosmic rays, wrote finds to one of the most reverberating scientific controversies of the century."

The lecture was between Dr. Compton and Dr. Robert A. Millikan of California Institute of Technology. Dr. Millikan contested that cosmic rays, observed by Geissel at the turn of the century and a minor controversy since, were light rays or photons. Dr. Compton said they were electric particles.

STRANGER AT POOL

Dr. Compton's lecture from all over the world indicated that cosmic rays were affected by the magnetic pull of the earth. Near the north and south magnetic poles there were marked changes in the rays.

Millikan's theory that the charged particles were secondary rays dislodged from the air was shaken when Dr. Compton found charged particles with energies of 30 billion volts at what he himself measured rays at the equator with 10 billion volts.

Since then Dr. Millikan has greatly modified his theory of the position until the University of Chicago scientist is being looked to as the foremost authority on the subject.

Both Dr. Compton and Dr. Millikan are Nobel prize winners.

Cosmic rays led to the discovery of the positive electron, help in the study of the earth's magnetic field, and are of great scientific interest and use. Some observers point out that since approximately 30 billion rays pass through the human body every second they may have some effect on life and death.

MEASURED RAYS

Dr. Compton made the first wave-length measurement of hard gamma rays, discovered the change in wave length of X-rays when they were reflected, and discovered the total reflection of X-rays, and is credited with many other scientific firsts. He has won many awards and honors in addition to the Nobel prize.

Dr. Compton is a deacon in the Baptist church, and is actively interested in missions, settlement work and the like.

The lecture tomorrow is under the auspices of the University of Hawaii, the Hawaiian Academy of Science and the Honolulu section of the American Chemical Society. It begins at 8 p. m. and is open to the public. Slides will be shown.

Woman Pleads Guilty To Fraud

Ex-Waiohini Postmistress Faces Charge

Mrs. Juliette Apaki, formerly in charge of the post office at Waiohini, Kauai island of Hawaii, pleaded guilty in the federal court yesterday to an indictment which charged her with having padded her payrolls.

It was understood yesterday that the woman had agreed to the guilty plea in exchange for more lenient treatment than she received illegally. She had been represented by Attorney Earl F. McGhee, former deputy attorney-general of Hawaii.

Judge Walter continued the imposition of sentence to 2 p. m. next Monday.

One liquor and two narcotics cases were disposed of by Judge Hubert C. Kookas of Wilson C. Moore, chief assistant attorney, as follows:

Sun. Hen. Wong, liquor and six narcotics cases were sentenced to the jail. Execution of the jail sentence was suspended, however, and Wong was placed on probation for five years.

Mon. Chas. Sun, narcotics, one year and a day in penitentiary. Lee Kook Sun, similarly charged, a year and a day in the penitentiary.

Costs were remitted in these cases.

NEW LITERATURE CLASS

The first class in children's literature, conducted by Helen C. Twissell, Punauna elementary school teacher, will be held this afternoon at Waialae hall, University of Hawaii campus. Registration may be made through the extension division. Guests are invited to attend the first meeting.

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